

THE JOURNAL OF ELECTRICAL WORKERS AND OPERATORS

OFFICIAL PUBLICATION
INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF ELECTRICAL WORKERS

JUSTICE

UNITY

FRATERNITY

VOLTA

GALVANI

FRANKLIN

EDISON

ROENTGEN

TESLA

AMPERE

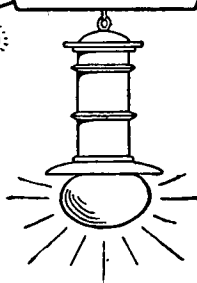
OHM

FARADY

MORSE

BELL

MARCONI



July, 1923

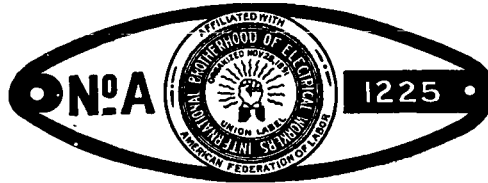
AFFILIATED WITH THE
AMERICAN FEDERATION
OF LABOR IN ALL ITS
DEPARTMENTS

DEVOTED TO THE CAUSE OF
ORGANIZED LABOR

EDUCATION

PRICE LIST of SUPPLIES

Application Blanks, per 100	\$.75	Ledger, Financial Secretary's, 200 pages...	2.50
Arrears, Official Notice of, per 100.....	.50	Ledger Financial Secretary's, 400 pages...	3.75
Account Book, Treasurer's.....	1.00	Labels, Metal, per 100.....	1.25
Buttons, S. G., (medium).....	.75	Labels, Paper, per 100.....	.15
Buttons, S. G. (small).....	.60	Obligation Cards, double, per dozen.....	.25
Buttons, R. G.....	.50	Paper, Official Letter, per 100.....	.75
Buttons, Cuff, S. G., per pair.....	3.75	Permit Card, per 100.....	.75
Buttons, Cuff, R. G., per pair.....	1.50	Pins, Telephone Operator's.....	.35
Books, set of.....	12.00	Pocket Seal.....	5.50
Book, Minute for R. S.....	1.50	Rituals, extra, each.....	.25
Book, Day.....	1.50	Receipt Book (300 receipts).....	2.00
Book, Roll Call.....	1.50	Receipt Book (750 receipts).....	4.00
Charter Fee, for each member.....	1.00	Receipt Book, Treasurer's.....	.35
Charms, Rolled Gold.....	2.00	Receipt Holders, each.....	.25
Constitution, per 100.....	5.00	Seal.....	3.50
Carbon for receipt books.....	.05	Traveling Cards, per dozen.....	.75
Envelopes, Official, per 100.....	1.00	Withdrawal Cards, with Trans. Cds., per dozen.....	.50
Electrical Worker, Subscription per year50	Working Cards, per 100.....	.50
		Warrant Book, for B. S.....	.50



NOTE—The above articles will be supplied when the requisite amount of cash accompanies the order. Otherwise the order will not be recognized. All supplies sent by us have postage or express charges prepaid.

ADDRESS, CHAS. P. FORD, I. S.

ELECTRIC FIXTURES

- Buy Direct from the Manufacturers and -
Save 25 to 60 per cent

Write for our Catalogue No. 6A

THE W. B. ELECTRIC FIXTURE CO.
Box 343, Erie, Penna.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE INTERNATIONAL ELECTRICAL WORKERS AND OPERATORS

PUBLISHED MONTHLY

CHAS. P. FORD, Editor, Machinists' Building, Washington, D. C.

This Journal will not be held responsible for views expressed by correspondents.

The first of each month is the closing date; all copy must be in our hands on or before.

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

International President, J. P. NOONAN
506 Machinists' Bldg., Washington, D. C.
International Secretary, CHAS. P. FORD
506 Machinists' Bldg., Washington, D. C.
International Treasurer, JAS. A. MEADE
1807 Spring Garden St., Phila., Pa.

INTERNATIONAL VICE PRESIDENTS

E. INGLES, 1016 Wellington St., London
Ont., Can.
JOHN J. SMITH, 63 Paul Gore St.,
Jamaica Plains, Mass.
G. M. BUGNAZET, Machinists' Bldg.,
Washington, D. C.
A. M. HULL, 425 2nd St., New Orleans,
La.
H. H. BROACH, Machinists' Bldg., Wash-
ington, D. C.
D. W. TRACY, 120 East Ninth Street,
Houston, Tex.
T. C. VICKERS, 537 Pacific Bldg., San
Francisco Calif.
E. J. EVANS, 127 N. Dearborn St., Room
1505, Chicago, Ill.

INTERNATIONAL EXECUTIVE BOARD

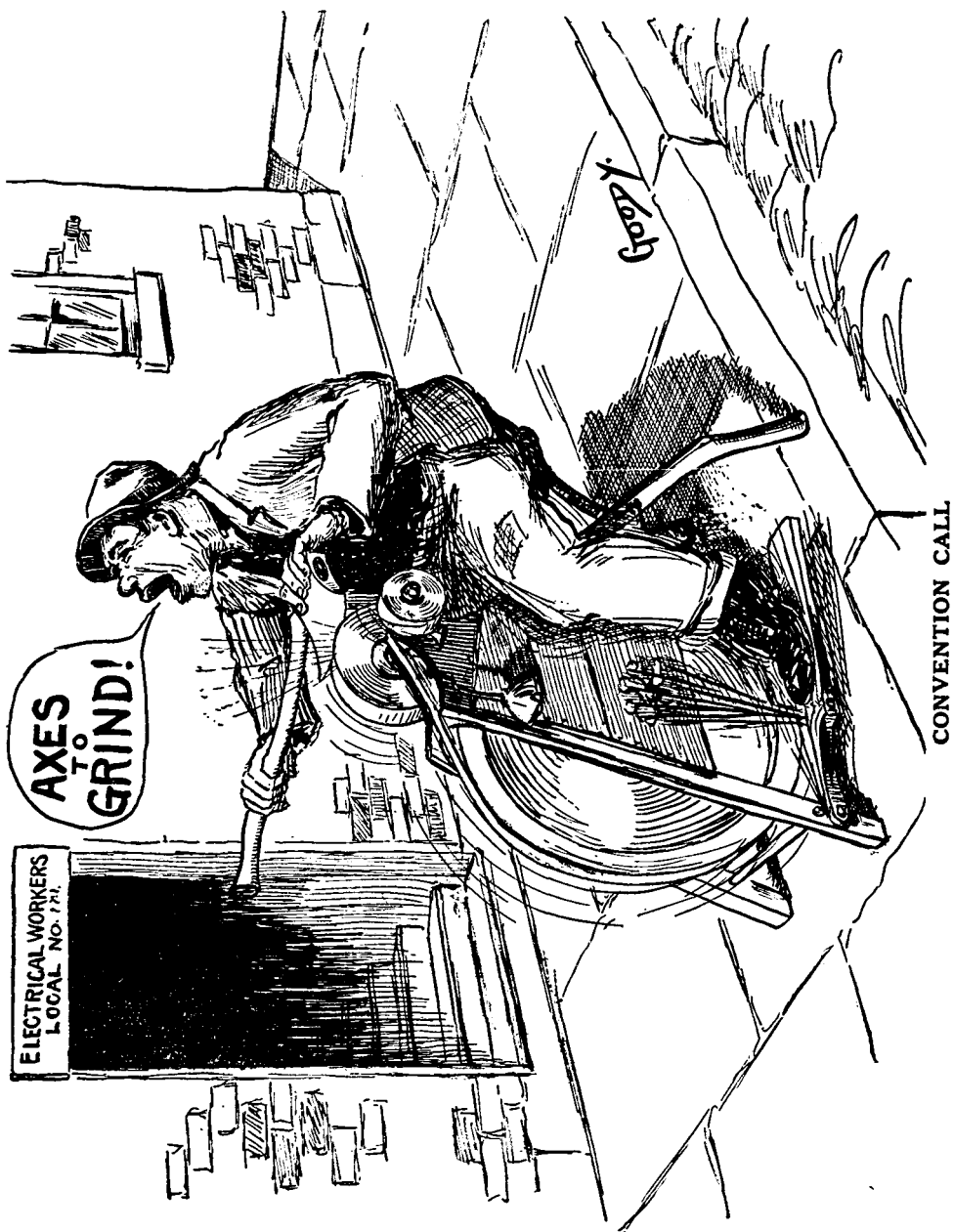
FRANK J. McNULTY, *Chairman*
Machinists' Bldg., Washington, D. C.
First District - G. W. WHITFORD
130 E. 16th St., New York, N. Y.
Second District - F. L. KELLY
95 Beacon St., Hyde Park, Mass.
Third District - M. P. GORDON
3642 Verner Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Fourth District - EDWARD NOTHNAGEL
110 R St., N. E., Washington, D. C.
Fifth District - M. J. BOYLE
4923 Grand Blvd., Chicago, Ill.
Sixth District - FRANK SWOR
2822 Forest Ave., Dallas, Texas
Seventh District - C. F. OLIVER
258 So. Marion St., Denver, Colo.
Eighth District - J. L. McBRIDE
165 James St., Labor Temple,
Winnipeg, Can.

TELEPHONE OPERATORS' DEPARTMENT

President - JULIA O'CONNOR
1108 Tremont Bldg., Boston, Mass.
Secretary - MABLE LESLIE
1108 Tremont Bldg., Boston, Mass.

Contents

	Page
Cartoon	418
The American Revolution of 1923	419
Facts About the Big Business Boom	422
Editorial	425
In Memoriam	431
Cooperative News	433
Decision of United States Railroad Labor Board	436
Notices	437
Correspondence	438
Miscellaneous	447
Local Union Official Receipts	450
Local Union Directory	453
Classified Directory	463



THE JOURNAL OF ELECTRICAL WORKERS AND OPERATORS

Official Publication of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers

Entered at Washington, D. C., as Second Class matter. Acceptance for mailing at special rate of postage provided for in Section 1103, Act of October 3, 1917, authorized March 28, 1922

SINGLE COPIES, 10 CENTS



50 CENTS PER YEAR, IN ADVANCE

VOL. XXII

WASHINGTON, D. C., JULY, 1923

NO. 8

THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION OF 1923

Gas Attack by "General" Dawes Opens Hostilities—Other News From the Front

"BOOM! BOOM!"
A dull thundering sound comes from off Lake Michigan, rolling over the Great Lakes, and thence throughout the country.

"Boom! Boom!"

It comes again, disturbing the quiet of a beautiful spring day.

The harassed American citizen starts with terror. He has just won a "War for Democracy," and received as a reward Injunctions, Culm-Coal, and the Ku Klux Klan. He is a bit nervous, and uncertain of what may be coming next.

Well may his soul be troubled. For, the thunder is nothing less than the doughty "General" Dawes "shouting the Battle Cry of freedom" from his fortress of Evanston. It is an appropriate place for the "General" to be entrenched; Evanston being, as the "New Majority" inform us, "the home of Northwestern University, where the skeleton of Leighton Mount, murdered by hazing less than two years ago, was found last week."

The president of the university, the Chicago paper adds, "is not above stooping to pussy footing and vetoing investigation that might lead to embarrassment for his institution. Even the memory and reputation of an apparently worthy student count for nothing as against permitting the finger of scandal to be pointed at the university"—"particularly when students involved are related to the officials of the big school."

In this "seat of learning" the "General" has chosen to launch the American Revolution of 1923. He began a few weeks ago with a gas attack on Organized Labor, which he denounced as "un-American." Then, he urged his friend Gamaliel to make the "Open Shop" the issue of the next presidential campaign—as if it were necessary to emphasize the "Open Shop" efforts of the present reactionary group in Washington. To achieve the final victory for the "Open Shop," "Dawes is not satisfied with the regular Fascisti that is being or-

ganized in the United States," as the "New Majority" says, but "has organized his own Fascisti movement." It is called the "Minute Men of the Constitution"—or, as the cartoonist-Congressman John M. Baer chooses to name them, "the Minute Men of Money." "He is going to write 'open shop' into the Constitution, and collect a gang to keep it there."

The first meeting of the Minute Men, according to the "Chicago Tribune," enrolled 3,000 in their ranks. A platform, "mostly of camouflage," was announced, full of "the patter of the open shoppers"—to quote again the organ of the Farmer-Labor Party. Item No. 4, for example, reads as follows:

"Endorsing the announced position of the government of the United States maintaining that the right of a citizen to work without unlawful interference is as sacred as the right of a citizen to cease work, irrespective of whether he is or is not a member of a labor or other organization."

This, of course, is merely a high-sounding repetition of what the employers' associations through the country, and their Attorney General, Mr. Daugherty, have been harping on for some time. It means, in effect, the wiping out of labor unionism altogether. A few days after "General" Dawes' meeting at Evanston, the National Association of Manufacturers held their annual convention in New York City. This is that veteran association of Enemies of Labor which has been on the job every day since its organization, to fight Labor with fair means or foul.

"Advance," organ of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, gives us this interesting picture of one incident occurring there:

"A steamship owner, with the interesting name of Robert Dollar, told the convention of his experiences with organized workers. Speaking of his employees he said: 'They got some radical leaders and joined the

American Federation of Labor and went on strike. . . . They were beaten hands down.' Then a Company Union was formed, with this result: 'Once a month they come to a luncheon of the steamship owners—several of them—and they sit there and discuss any trouble that they have. Do you think that it is possible to have a strike under those conditions? It can't be.'

"Of course not," adds "Advance." "Workers who belong to no organization at all may and do strike against oppression, but workers who are kept in the chains of the Company Union never strike, however serious their grievances. There is no relief for them. Except at luncheon once a month."

A birdseye view of the whole gathering is furnished by "Justice," organ of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union:

"The organized manufacturers are as they have been in years past, for the open shop today and for all time; they would have the United States Government keep up enforcing coal mining by scabs and gunmen in West Virginia; they are for a big Army and Navy, ostensibly for patriotic motives—but would not have the Government convert arsenals and navy guards into state-owned manufacturing establishments for fear that it might hurt "private industry"; they, of course, applaud the anti-labor decisions of the Supreme Court and express horror at the impudence of those who would tamper with the sanctity of its pronouncements, or who would even suggest that the court arrive at its decisions by a greater than a five-four majority. It is needless to add that they are lying prostrate at the feet of the goddess, Tariff.

"The manufacturers' attitude towards the trade union movement is particularly enlightening, even if it is amusing. They are not, so it seems, at all opposed to labor unions, but are desperately opposed to the leadership the trade unions have been having. One speaker boasted of how 'San Francisco, formerly the biggest labor union city in America, was converted now into a wide open-shop town.' Still another bestowed praise on the labor organizations of the Orient—including Java, China and Japan—but naturally drew the line on the United States, probably not entirely uninfluenced by the fact that the labor unions in the United States were somewhat nearer home."

It is not surprising that the humane-thinking women of the nation have not been spared from attack by these forces. They gathered together during the past month in Washington, D. C., in the Women's Industrial Conference—to consider what could be done for our woman and child workers, as a result of the Supreme Court decision against the minimum wage and child labor laws. The leader in calling

the conference was the National Women's Trade Union League. We read in the League's organ, "Life and Labor," what happened thereafter:

"Just at the time of the Women's Industrial Conference in Washington, an attack was made, through Industrial Progress, published by Henry Harrison Lewis, and 'O. S. A.,' the organ of the Open Shop Association of Washington, upon the women conducting the conference, accusing them of misdemeanors various and sundry. Especially were they unpatriotic and even under the control of Moscow. Mr. Ralph Easley, of the National Civic Federation, presently joined in the hunt, condemning the women's organizations because of the latter's participation in the world peace movement, and because of their recommending the outlawry of war."

So we see the National Civic Federation aiding and abetting the Enemies of Labor in their attack on the women workers and the women workers' champions. This conference, it must be known, recommended a constitutional amendment allowing minimum wage laws for women, organization of women workers into labor unions, and limitation of the power of the Supreme Court to declare laws unconstitutional. It was this action that brought down on it the wrath of the "Open Shop" forces.

President B. M. Jewell, of the Railway Employees' Department of the A. F. of L., pointed to these attacks on Labor, at the annual convention of the New York Central shopmen, held in Cleveland in May. He referred not only to Dawes' organization, but also to the fact that "in Omaha the American Fascisti has been organized to fight labor, with the mayor as the leader." "I'm not sure," he added, "that Judge Gary didn't mean what he said when in Italy he declared that he endorsed Mussolini and his black-shirted labor baiters 100 per cent." The Judge has just returned from Italy, where he got those fair words out of his system, at a banquet to Mussolini.

In Jewell's opinion, political action is necessary for Labor to meet these attacks and gain economic power. "The time is not far away," he told the shopmen, "when a union which tries to use only the strike weapon in the fight will lose." This statement adds interest to the convention called by the Farmer-Labor Party at Chicago on July 3rd. According to J. G. Brown, national secretary of the party, "invitations to send representatives to this convention have been sent to more than 300 state and national organizations of farmers, industrial workers and political parties and groups. More than 30,000 invitations will go out within the next few days to local bodies of the same organizations. If any local, state or national body has been overlooked in the sending out of invitations, it is because its address was

not known." United political action is the object sought by the convention. "A federation of organizations, a coalition of (labor) parties" is said to be the goal.

In the meantime, the group led by Senator LaFollette is far from inactive. They had their own conference in Chicago on May 25-26—for the purpose of going into the question of Railroad Valuation. Labor, organ of the rail unions, calls it the "first gun in the battle to protect the people from future raids." The call for the conference was signed by seven Progressive Governors, cooperating with the Progressive congressional group.

The Interstate Commerce Commission has been at work for sometime on the valuation of the railroads, under the law providing for that section and is nearing the completion of the task. It is largely to Senator LaFollette that the law is due. But he finds, and other Progressives see, that the Commission is not following out the law in many details in making its valuations. There is grave danger that the railroads, not the people, will win out in the Commission's findings. To understand what this means, it must be known that "the difference between the valuation contended for by the railroads and the basis of valuation which is being advocated by responsible public authorities amounts to about \$10,000,000,000."

It this \$10,000,000,000 is awarded the railroads, it will mean not only that much more value for them, but that rates will go higher and wages go still lower. For, the earnings of the railroads, O. K'd by the Government, will have to be based on this extra \$10,000,000,000 of valuation.

The bulletin of the Farmers' National Council calls attention to the importance of this conference to the farmers, and adds:

"The railroads have received a gift of 155,000,000 acres of land from the government, also many valuable grants of terminals and rights of way from municipalities. These gifts were made for the specific purpose of keeping down the capitalization of the railroads and enabling freight rates to be kept down, so as to encourage agriculture and other legitimate business. The railroads seek to capitalize the increase in selling price of the land over the price they paid therefor, or the complete increase if donated to them. This increase is estimated at billions of dollars."

The whole story in a nutshell is, that the valuations decided on by the Interstate Commerce Commission—if against the people—may lead to a real American Revolution. Not the kind looked forward to by "General" Dawes, with the "Open Shop" established forever and forever. Not a forceful change of any kind. But a change in the Constitution, not merely to curb the power of the Supreme Court and

to prevent the labor of women and little children, but also to allow "Confiscation" of overvalued and overinflated utilities and industries. If the I. C. C. decides for the railroads, there will be no other alternative in the securing of decent wages, low rates or public ownership.

And perfectly good American precedents have been established in the amendments freeing the slaves and destroying the liquor business. Both of these "confiscated" property value "for the public good." The Generals of Industry, now in the saddle, had better look sharp and not go too far. They may have their entire house of cards falling about their heads.

A forecast of what Senator LaFollette and his group are up against is given by the following news item from the "A. F. of L. News Letter:" "Wealth beyond computation has been handed to owners of public utilities of this country by the United States Supreme Court, which has ruled that the value of the properties must be based on today's cost of reproduction."

—Labor Age.

HARD MENTAL JOB

Somehow it is pretty difficult to take much stock in the immigration theories of a man who stands up for the twelve-hour working day.—Detroit Free Press.

Free to Asthma and Hay Fever Sufferers

Free Trial of Method That Anyone Can Use Without Discomfort or Loss of Time

We have a method for the control of Asthma, and we want you to try it at our expense. No matter whether your case is of long standing or recent development, whether it is present as Chronic Asthma or Hay Fever, you should send for a free Trial of our method. No matter in what climate you live, no matter what your age or occupation, if you are troubled with Asthma or Hay Fever, our method should relieve you promptly.

We especially want to send it to those apparently hopeless cases, where all forms of inhalers, douches, opium preparations, fumes, "patent smokes," etc., have failed. We want to show everyone at our expense, that our method is designed to end all difficult breathing, all wheezing, and all those terrible paroxysms.

This free offer is too important to neglect a single day. Write now and begin the method at once. Send no money. Simply mail coupon below. Do it Today—you even do not pay postage.

FREE TRIAL COUPON

FRONTIER ASTHMA CO., Room 627y
Niagara and Hudson Sts., Buffalo, N. Y.
Send free trial of your method to:

FACTS ABOUT THE BIG BUSINESS BOOM

By BASIL M. MANLY, Director

FOR many weeks the front pages of the newspapers have been filled with statements by captains of industry and high government officials that the big business boom has now arrived. For two years the Rotary Clubs have been plastering the billboards with gaudy posters announcing, "Prosperity is just around the corner." Now we are told, "Prosperity is here," and the time is therefore ripe for great rejoicing among the people and for the reelection of the Harding Administration.

The predictions of men holding political offices which they desire to retain will be discounted by the American people, who have grown accustomed to making large allowances for all statements emanating from political headquarters on the eve of presidential campaigns. The statements of bankers, merchants, and manufacturers, however, carry far greater weight, because they are regarded as hard-headed business men, who deal in facts and do not permit themselves to be swayed by their desires.

This is their general reputation, but before giving too great weight to their testimony, it may be well to examine briefly the record of these business leaders as prophets of prosperity, and see how accurate their published predictions have proved in the past. For this purpose we need reach no farther back into history than the spring of 1920. Then, it will be remembered, the national slogan fostered by all business organizations was: "Produce! Produce! Produce!" We were told by the highest financial authorities that the nation was only at the beginning of its greatest boom period, and that there was no limit to the prosperity possible in the United States, if the workers on the farms and in the factories would only produce to their full capacity. Schwab, Gary and all the other mouthpieces of big business had front-page headlines every morning to tell the people that there was no limit to their prosperity if they would only produce. These flamboyant interviews were still appearing when the crash came in September, 1920, and wiped out billions of dollars of real and fictitious values which had been created during the boom period. The records were then changed on the big business phonographs, and they began to tell the American people that the cause of the crash was overproduction and inflation, and that the cure was the deflation which was then being administered in large doses through the Federal Reserve Board. I do not mean to intimate that Mr. Schwab, Mr. Gary, and the other false prophets of 1920 were so poorly informed that they were entirely ignorant of the approaching disaster. They reefed the sails of the en-

terprises which they were directing in preparation for the coming storm, and undoubtedly found self-justification for their rosy predictions in the belief that they were whistling to keep up the courage of the country.

While this single example is not a sufficient basis for a generalization about the trustworthiness of predictions by captains of industry, it is my opinion that a similar examination of the record of the last twenty years would prove that they cannot safely be relied upon to foretell the industrial future. This does not mean, of course, that merely because these captains of industry are now predicting prosperity, the opposite is bound to occur. It does mean, however, that their unsupported statements are by no means a guarantee of prosperity.

In this, as in all other things, the American people should learn to pay less attention to propagandists and give greater heed to actual facts and basic conditions. Let us see first what the facts are regarding the alleged prosperity of the present, and we shall then be in a better position to judge regarding the probabilities of stable prosperity for the future.

It is generally agreed that bank clearings afford the best single index to general business activity. Upon examination, we find that the bank clearings for the United States as a whole during the month of May, 1923, are reported by Bradstreet to be 8 per cent greater than in May of last year. While not large, this at first sight seems to show an encouraging increase. But when we look further we find that during the same period Bradstreet's wholesale price index shows an increase of 13 per cent. This means that taking increased prices into account the volume of business transacted during May of this year was actually slightly smaller than last year. This would seem to indicate that there has as yet been no real increase in actual prosperity, and that the apparent show of prosperity has been arrived at largely by marking up prices.

This tentative conclusion is reinforced when we examine the trade figures compiled and published by the Federal Reserve Board. Actual prosperity manifests itself invariably in an increase in retail trade. The retail trade of department stores shows an increase during April, 1923, over the same month of the previous year of only 5.8 per cent. This, as we have seen, is decidedly less than the increase of prices. Mail order houses, however, report an increase of 32 per cent during the year, and as the bulk of their trade is with agricultural districts, this might on the surface seem to show a return of prosperity on the farms. When we come to examine the

figures, however, we find that this increase does not represent real farm prosperity, but arises entirely from the fact that during last year, as during the entire period since the great deflation of 1920, the farmers were poverty-stricken and bought in such small quantities from the mail order houses that any increase looks very large. As a matter of fact, the mail order houses are just beginning to return to their normal volume of business.

Wholesale trade in April, 1923, as compared with the previous year, shows an increase of 20 per cent, according to the Federal Reserve Bulletin. This is somewhat larger than the 13 per cent increase in prices, and shows that a larger volume of goods is actually moving through the wholesale houses.

It is clear, however, that this increase in wholesale trade is not yet large enough to absorb the growth in the output of the basic industries, which, according to the Federal Reserve Bulletin, increased 46 per cent during the same period.

What does this mean? Here we have very little, if any, increase in the volume of retail trade, a slight increase in the volume of wholesale trade, and a very large increase in the production of basic commodities. This looks a good deal like a pyramid balanced on its apex. If this apex of retail trade does not rapidly increase so as to support the larger volume of wholesale trade and the still greater industrial output, there would seem to be grave danger that the whole structure might collapse. Examining these figures, it looks very much like our industrial magnates had increased the output of their plants in the expectation of a prosperity which has not yet materialized. They would seem to be talking about a prosperity for which they wish, rather than a prosperity that has already materialized.

They may, however, be preparing very wisely for an increase in consumption which will shortly manifest itself. Let us examine this situation briefly, and see what basis there is for such expectations. We may, without any lengthy examination, dismiss the foreign markets from consideration. Our exports have been steadily declining, and those who are most closely observing the European chaos see no reason to expect increased purchases from that source. If there is to be a great absorption of goods, it must be in the domestic market. It must come from the American people.

The first principle of business is that in order to buy one must have either money or credit. Let us first see what the actual money resources of the American people are. When we examine the individual accounts in the banks connected with the Federal Reserve System, we find that although they amounted to a total of \$9,615,723,000 on May 23, 1923, this was an increase of only 6 per cent over the previous

year. But, as we have seen, prices have increased 13 per cent during the same period, and it therefore follows that these billions of individual accounts will actually purchase less goods than they would last year. Savings deposits show an increase of 10 per cent, which is also less than the increase in prices. Furthermore, everybody knows that these savings deposits are not largely drawn upon for current expenditures except in periods of stress. It would seem, therefore, that as far as their bank accounts are concerned, the American people are in no better position to purchase increased quantities of goods than they were last year.

There is, apparently, only one other source of cash purchasing power to which we may turn—that is, the current earnings of the people. The latest figures available for industrial establishments are two or three months old, but they should indicate the general situation. The reports of the Bureau of Labor Statistics show that in industrial concerns employing approximately 660,000 workers, the pay-roll in March, 1923, was 53 per cent greater than in the same month of 1922. Here is undoubtedly a greatly increased source of purchasing power. It is somewhat illusory, however, because it represents an increase from the very depressed condition of industry which existed during the early part of 1922. Furthermore, this increase is largely the result of the very great activity of the iron and steel and automobile industries, and is by no means uniform throughout the country. The pay-roll for the railroads increased only 19 per cent during the same period. But even taking this 53 per cent increase in the pay-rolls of the industrial establishments as representative of industry as a whole, it is very difficult to see how these industrial workers are going to absorb a 46 per cent increase in the output of the basic industries, when combined with a 13 per cent increase in the prices of commodities. If prices were being reduced as the volume increases, as would be the case in any well-ordered industrial community, it might be done. But under the present conditions, where prices are being pushed up more rapidly than purchasing power increases, it is difficult to see how they can even absorb their share of the nation's output.

This leaves for consideration the cash purchasing power of the salaried middle-class and the agricultural population. It requires no statistics to demonstrate that the relative purchasing power of salaried workers is still far less than before the war. It is one of the ironies of fate that this part of the population, who in every country were the most ardent supporters of the war policies of their respective governments, have suffered most greatly from the economic conditions produced by war. It is possible that salaries may yet be readjusted in conformity with the new levels

of prices, but it certainly has not yet taken place. As far as the agricultural population is concerned, they have not yet begun to stagger out from under the huge burden of debt which was left upon their shoulders by the crash of 1920. It is true that agricultural prices have increased to some extent during the past year, and that many of the agricultural states are in decidedly better condition than they were during the depression which followed the great deflation. It is also probable that they are now buying much larger quantities of goods required on the farm than they did during the past two years, when they bought little or nothing. They have now reached the position where they must buy if they are to secure the implements which they require to carry on their farms. But it is difficult, if not impossible to see how any large and relatively permanent increase in purchasing power is to be expected from the farmers until the prices of agricultural products have very largely increased.

There is, therefore, apparently no largely increased reservoir of cash purchasing power such as is essential for genuine,

stable prosperity. A fictitious prosperity may, however, be again produced as it was in 1919-20 by generous extension of credit. This is very dangerous, as the experiences of 1920 demonstrated; but is nevertheless an expedient which would admirably serve the political purposes of those who control the industrial and credit machinery of the nation.

It would seem, therefore, that if the masters of American industry are preparing for a boom period it must be with the knowledge that credit will be made available on a generous scale. If this is true, there may well be a period of paper prosperity, which will look like the real thing, but will sooner or later collapse and carry down those who have builded their hopes and expectations upon it.

This survey of fundamental conditions may seem to be unduly pessimistic. We all want prosperity, and we want it now. But unless the figures on fundamental conditions published by the Federal Reserve Board and other governmental agencies are inaccurate, it is difficult to see how the conclusions drawn above can be avoided.

12-HOUR DAY IS DOOMED; STEEL TRUST MUST YIELD

Garyism may contend for the 12-hour day, but the eight-hour day is bound to come, according to Mortimer E. Cooley, successor of Herbert Hoover, as president of the federated American engineering societies and dean of the engineering schools of the university of Michigan.

Dr. Cooley was in New York conferring with associate engineers on their report on "Work Periods in Continuous Industries."

This report states that "it was found, indisputably, that the 12-hour shift is not economically necessary and that continuous industry can be run with a profit with the shorter work day."

In a previous report on the same subject, Dean Cooley says:

"The working man must have more leisure—his right as a civilized being. Industry must be so organized that he must be able to work his eight hours a day. He must have more time to spend with his family, so that opportunity for the improvement of domestic relations may be afforded. He must have greater opportunity for companionship with his children and friends. He must have time for healthy recreation so that a sound mind may be developed in a sound body. Citizenship and democracy demand these things.

"This engineering disclosure shows that the leisure of the working man is not ill spent. When given more leisure the average working man does not abuse it. The evidence is conclusive that the extra time

of the men under the shorter working day is used to good advantage. Often it is spent in gardening, truck farming and in doing odd jobs about the house that would have to be paid for or not done at all. The three-shift system gives every man a chance to enjoy his church and his family on Sunday.

"Neither does the leisure permitted by the eight-hour day make the man a shirker or develop laziness when it comes to his job. On the contrary, the effect of the eight-hour, as compared with the 12-hour shift, on operation, on the quantity and quality of production, on absenteeism and industrial accidents, has been satisfactory where good management and cooperation with labor have been secured. In practically every major continuous industry there are plants which have increased the quantity of production per man as much as 25 per cent. In a few exceptional cases the increase has been much higher. Evidence shows also an improvement in quality of production following the reduction in the length of shifts.

"America lags behind the rest of the world in adopting the eight-hour day. The tendency throughout other industrial countries is in favor of the eight-hour shift.

"The shorter day must necessarily result in greater industry, better working men, better citizens, better husbands, better fathers and happier firesides."

A man does his hardest fighting for personal freedom after he has thrown it away.



EDITORIAL



Beautiful Speeches The President, Mr. Harding, is on a speech-making tour and we are learning things concerning his policies that heretofore the Workers had not known. That is to say, we are learning if we accept the oratorical expressions and disregard the real acts of Mr. Harding's Administration.

The President urges the people to show more respect for law and the courts. But think of the consistency of such a plea by an official who has allowed his Attorney General to commit almost every possible legal violence against the railroad and other workers, stripping them of their lawful rights and according to the press was ready to use poison gas, tear bombs and other modern war machines to force hundreds of thousands of citizens to submit to the terms of the spoilers and deflators.

And, too, Mr. Harding now tells us that the deflators had hoped for the assistance of his administration, to crush labor and bring it into a state of subjection. Quoting his own words:

On capital's side of the line were those who hoped that the administration would lend itself to their program of breaking down organized labor and sending it back to the era of individual bargaining for the individual job.

They insisted that wages must come down. Some of them went so far as to sound the slogan that organized labor must be crushed. These have forgotten the lesson in organization, in cooperation, in community of sacrifice, by which civilization has been able to rescue itself. They have forgotten that the right of organization and cooperative dealings is not any longer the special prerogative of management and capital.

If this oral statement of friendliness and concern for the Workers was representative of the past performances of Mr. Harding and his official associates, how grateful the Workers and common people in general would be and what willing, loyal supporters of Mr. Harding the great mass of wealth producers would be. And, too, if the expressions were representative of what had actually transpired in place of the kicks, bruises, injunctions, imprisonments, and in many instances the insane asylum, the Workers would have enjoyed peace and prosperity instead of enduring sufferings and sacrifices.

The practices employed by the President and the National Administration against the Workers and the preferential consideration shown the great predatory interests during the past two years are difficult to forget and it will take something more substantial than the expression of empty platitudes to convince Labor that President Harding has been Labor's friend—something more concrete and definite such as the dismissal of some of his tyrannical, reactionary subordinates. Such an action on Mr. Harding's part might be convincing. Oratory proves nothing.

But why all these sudden protestations of love for Labor and the Farmer? Has something happened to show to Mr. Harding that he has followed an unwise and unsound policy and is now remorseful, or is his political ear to the ground and the results of last November's election causing uncomfortable vibrations on the political eardrum? Why has his Attorney General found it expedient to dismiss the indictments against the officials of the United Mine Workers after

spending enormous sums of public money to obtain them? "Why?" the echo answers.

For many reasons it is not pleasant to criticise public officials. Rather we would prefer that conditions were such that we could give our full approval to their official acts, for were it possible to give approval the suffering and violence endured by the Workers during the past two years would not have occurred and while we cannot blame Mr. Harding for his efforts to rehabilitate himself in the eyes of the people he will find that it will take a great deal more than the click of the moving picture camera, pleasant talks and the headlines of the kept press to convince the mass of people that he is entitled to receive favorable consideration from them in the future. And finally had the deflators referred to by Mr. Harding been successful in destroying organized Labor would he now show any concern? A negative answer seems to be a logical one.

More Justice For many years a crusade has been carried on to enact legislation in the District of Columbia and the various States to protect women and children in industry, estimated to the number of twelve million.

Congress with its ninety-six senators and four hundred and thirty-five representatives said it was lawful to provide such protection, and therefore passed laws accordingly. The hundreds of law makers in various State legislatures said it was lawful that it should be done and they did it. But five supremely dignified judges with life-long jobs, wearing long black robes said "No." They said that all these law makers, all these learned senators and representatives are wrong; that such laws are unlawful, unconstitutional. So, there is no appeal.

Now, the greedy employers are turned loose again and told to go the limit. Now the struggle to protect the country's women and children must begin all over again. The vote of one judge without Justice Brandeis sitting, turned the trick. Think of it again. The opinion of one judge and the stroke of his pen sets aside the laws of the land and the will of the people, creates untold hardship, misery and sorrow, and no way to recall him; and besides it happened on this occasion to be a judge (former Senator Sutherland of Utah) appointed by Mr. Harding, whom the people by their vote only a few months ago overwhelmingly decided was undesirable to represent them.

A nice situation, isn't it? And America is the only country in the civilized world that tolerates it. The protection provided helpless women and children after many years of struggle is thrown in the discard by the same court that gave the Steel Trust with its hell holes and slave pens a clean bill of health. Again the people were fleeced of tens of millions of dollars in the same way when the same court held that stock dividends were not taxable and in the same way the same court set aside a federal law to keep the corrupt and convicted Newberry from the penitentiary; but these same learned judges decided that a Hindoo was not a white person. That ought to justify their existence and show mental effort enough to satisfy anybody. When the people of New York tried to regulate the price of gas, the same court in the same way said that big profits for gas companies are constitutional; but economic protection for women and children—that's different.

We have various laws, as a Southern paper has recently pointed out, for the protection of ducks, mud-hens, quails, fish, rabbits, deer,

and lambs; for colts, horses, mules and calves, and for the protection of pigs, muskrats, buzzards, and skunks: and all these laws are constitutional, but laws for the protection of defenseless children, girls and women,—well, they are not and so there you are.

If you want to help remedy this disgraceful condition, join in the agitation to amend the constitution and thus wipe out an un-American condition.

**Radical or
Conservative
—Which?** One of our members writes to ask whether we class ourselves as radicals or conservatives. He considers this of much importance and wants everybody to know our answer.

Radical and conservative—how these terms have been misused and misunderstood. Misused and misunderstood because today there are about as many different varieties of “radicals” and “conservatives” as there are Heinz’ pickles.

For a correct definition of the terms we are referred to “Webster’s” dictionary. But there are more than twenty different “Webster’s” dictionaries, and each usually has definitions different from the others. There are the “Webster’s” published by the American Book Company, the Donahue Co., Laird & Lee, etc., etc. Anybody who desires and has the means can put out a Webster’s dictionary and define things as he pleases. So it is plain that the place to determine anything about who is or is not a radical or conservative, is not in a dictionary.

Many have been labeled radicals but who are nothing but plain, fickle, indecisive damn fools. Then there are many who stamp themselves as conservatives but who are nothing but out-and-out reactionaries, bitterly contesting every step forward, whining, protesting and denouncing and fighting mental effort like a fat hog fights physical effort.

Among those called and generally looked upon as radicals, there is a difference between the wandering, temperamental and romantic ones who work themselves into a glow of excitement or fly into a rage when some one crosses them, who brand everyone a numbskull, a reactionary or crook that happens to question any of their precious “theories” or sacred dogmas, who cannot participate in a discussion without continually interrupting everyone and whose chief concern in life is to “show up” some one and win every cheap, petty argument that they can—there is a difference between these kinds and the ones who are self controlled, who do not “blow up” nor “blow off,” who are not always questioning the honesty and the motives of others, who are not ruled by mob influences, and who are ready to try their best to understand others and whose chief concern is to try to change things, even if only one by one, and to change them as rapidly and as best they can.

Then there is a difference between the kinds who study only what they want to believe, who depend more upon knowledge gained from books than from a study of life as it is, and who fail to connect their knowledge of what ought to be with their knowledge of what is—there is a difference between these and the ones who study things they should not like to believe, who try to gain their knowledge from all possible sources, particularly from a study of man himself, and who deliberate and insist on seeing clearly all possible consequences and who never discount their own experiences.

And there is also a difference between those who feel they are masters of logic, that they have a corner on intelligence and are stag-

gering under a heavy weight of brains, who assume to be "natural leaders and educators" of the "common herd," and who are continually performing their mental monkeyshines before the eyes of the "bewildered"—there is a difference between these kinds and the ones who are not lost when called upon to do some original thinking, and who have learned enough to recognize their own limitations and who are broad enough to admit that there is much which they do not know.

With those called conservatives, there is a vast difference between the ones whose minds are set, who have no patience to listen to the opinions of others, who are so stupid and lazy that they contradict all they do not understand, who usually try to discredit and down everyone who happens to know more about a subject than they, who never see the need for investigation and with whom it is about as useless to reason as to attempt to give medicine to the dead—there is a difference between these types of "conservatives" and the ones who by nature and training are thoughtful and cautious, but whose minds are always open, who never accept anything because it is old nor reject anything because it is new, and who honestly strive to understand the views and actions of others.

But just what we are, whether "radical" or "conservative," we do not undertake to say. Too many others take delight in settling that question for us; they apply the labels, and in sufficient numbers.

But we are vain enough to believe we do know at least some of what we are not—we are not temperamental nor unduly sentimental; we are not adventurous nor sensational; we are not vindictive nor especially softhearted; we are not blind nor lazy, our minds are not closed nor paralyzed, and we are not easily discouraged nor are we cowardly.

Why "Kid" Ourselves? Don't think that just because New York repealed its Dry enforcement laws that the country is going "wet" again and that you will not have to keep on paying high-grade prices for low-grade drinks. What you drink down will continue to depend solely on what you put down—in cold cash. Those of means and influence will continue to have their good liquors in abundance and the rest will have to content themselves with moonshine and other popular poisons.

Trotting out the ancient and honorable Wet and Dry issue again means absolutely nothing to the "common herd"—it simply and only means that the Wets will growl at the Drys and the Drys will growl at the Wets, while the politicians fight each other with pop guns and paper swords and thus cause many working "stiffs" to become so confused they won't know whether they want a stein of beer or a strait-jacket.

We believe it is nothing less than criminal to inject such a fake issue or sham battle into our affairs at this time to obscure the really live questions of the day; and it will be used to serve the same purpose that is being served by the "quarrel" over a "World Court," and that is to turn the minds of the people from their real ills and make them forget how they have been tricked and betrayed by their inefficient and destructive political leaders—from the occupant of the White House down.

Do not forget that prohibition is a part of the fundamental law of the land; it is in the Constitution, and as a practical matter it is next to useless to hope to get an amendment out of the Constitution after it is once there. Of course, it should not be there, we believe.

The place for Prohibition laws, if we are to have any, is in the law books of the various States. Each State, we have always believed, should decide the question for itself. But whether we like it or not, the Eighteenth Amendment is in the Constitution, and we believe it is there to stay.

So we cannot become any more excited over the revival of this really dead issue than we can over the silly efforts of Bryan to show us whether we did or did not descend from monkeys.

We are more concerned in trying to have the wage workers keep their eyes on the ball of progress and not be fooled by all this meaningless bunkum, insincerity and sheer hypocrisy.

We are more interested in taking the Government out of the hands of well groomed strike breakers and polished looters; we want to make it impossible for our Judges to keep on committing treason against the people and using the Courts for strike breaking agencies; we want to see the Government give a reasonable bonus to maimed and crippled soldiers instead of to railroads, ship owners and wealthy manufacturers. We want to change the condition that causes a hungry and destitute army of unemployed to roam the streets every so often, begging for a chance to produce upon any terms whatsoever, that saps hope and ambition from millions and drives them to seek relief in any way they can find it—we are more interested in devoting attention to these things, and many more, than in participating in a fake battle in the futile hope of getting a decent drink at a decent price.

So let us keep our heads and see to it that these live problems are not sidetracked because of the meaningless warfare between the "wets" and "drys."

Organization Here is something a little different. It is Mr. William Green, a New York printing employer, telling why he is a member of his trade organization:

First—Because it is the duty of every business man to belong to his recognized trade association.

Second—Because I am proud to belong to this particular trade association on account of its many accomplishments.

Third—Because I think that the man who profits through the activities of his trade association and then fails, neglects or refuses to join that association is blindly selfish.

Fourth—Because I hope for future benefits from membership.

Fifth—Because by being a member and more or less active as such, I may be able to do my small part in preventing the association from making mistakes that will injure the business.

The man who stays out of the association and then criticises what it does is to my eyes one degree worse than the man who joins, never does any association work and then criticizes.

Now look up any general reference book and turn to the section devoted to associations and societies of employers, business men, manufacturers, professionals and others, and see at a glance the extent of such organization in this country. One of these general reference books, the World Almanac, lists fifty-seven such organizations beginning with the letter "A"; thirty-two commence with the letter "B," fifty-nine with the letter "C," eighteen with "D," eighteen with "E," and twenty-five with "F"—and so it continues. There is no need to enumerate the names of even the more prominent ones. They are known to almost everybody.

Everyone of these hundreds of organizations, like Mr. Green, the printing employer, is advancing an argument showing why men

should be organized. Not a single one ever attempts to argue that men should not organize.

The reason for the existence of these hundreds of organizations is well known to you. You know at least some of the things they have done for their members—and by this time you should know what some of them have done to the electrical worker.

If you know of any group of employers, business men, manufacturers, dealers, distributors, professionals or others, not organized, we want to publish the fact. Of if you ever heard of any argument or reason why those of our calling should not organize, we want to publish that too.

So we repeat that it is a mark of distinction to be a member of good standing in this organization—the only one that has proved its interest in the electrical worker and its ability to help him.

SERF METHODS DESTROY HARMONY IN INDUSTRY

Steel's adherence to the 12-hour day and the Pennsylvania railroad's demand that spokesmen for employees must be chosen from its company "union" are sinister incidents on the industrial field.

These corporations, among the most powerful in America, ignore the trend of the times and indicate their contempt for an enlightened public opinion and for just relations with employees.

In continuing the 12-hour day, steel's strong-arm policy is maintained.

The nation's leading engineers and industrial scientists have declared that eight hours in steel is feasible and that the long work-day is economically unsound.

This verdict is not contradicted. It is ignored by steel barons, who brazenly claim that their helpless, unorganized employees want to labor 12 hours.

While steel uses the bludgeon to control employees, stealth is employed by Pennsylvania.

Steel boldly declares for anti-unionism and defends its 12-hour day. It challenges the best thought of the country that opposes this policy.

Pennsylvania just as heartily opposes trade unionism, but it snivels and whines to conceal this opposition.

Steel is brutal. It uses no more secrecy than a rhinoceros smashing through a jungle. Pennsylvania is sleek, crafty and sly. It affects to favor trade unionism and establishes a company "union." Every employee is expected to bow before this piece of "front-office" scenery.

The shop men and the railroad clerks have rejected this Pecksniffian friendship. They want to be represented by persons of their own choosing. Pennsylvania replies: "We are better judges of your wants."

The railroad labor board has sustained the workers. It ruled that it is no more reasonable for Pennsylvania to insist on dictating their employees' representatives than it

would be for employees to tell Pennsylvania stockholders who shall represent them.

The management makes no attempt to change its unfair policy, and in true Pecksniffian style mumbles pious phrases about "duty to employees with whom we have a contract."

Trade unionists have signed no contract, and they have not called upon the railroad to break any contract it may have signed with any group of employees.

The trade unionists insist they are not parties to any such contract. They ask that they be permitted to select their own negotiators.

Pennsylvania replies that it must have the right to operate "in the interest of the public."

This is a catch phrase, intended to lure the unthinking. The management of no public utility has the sole right to operate at will.

The Pennsylvania can not issue I. O. U's. to buy freight cars without securing the approval of the Interstate Commerce Commission. If Pennsylvania wants to change its freight rates, extend its lines, float a bond issue, take over a competing line or amalgamate with another line it must secure the consent of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

And yet anti-union Pecksniffs maintain the fiction that they have the "right" to operate public utilities at will.

They persist in alleging that corporations, given life by the state, have all the rights that an individual person, or group of persons, have.

There can be no harmony in industry while policies like steel and Pennsylvania continue.

It is idle to talk of mutuality in production when the lives and welfare of wage workers and those dependent upon them are thus controlled.

He who will not answer to the rudder, must answer to the rocks.—Herve.



IN MEMORIAM



Bro. Michael J. O'Malley, L. U. No. 9

Whereas we as members of Local No. 9, of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, have been called upon to pay our last tribute of respect to our late brother, Michael J. O'Malley, who was suddenly called from us. His presence will be sadly missed by his many friends and fellow workmen in the Fire Alarm Department of the City of Chicago, at Englewood. Therefore be it

Resolved, That we, as a union in Brotherly affection, extend our deepest and heartfelt sympathies to his wife and family in their hour of bereavement and be it further

Resolved, That the members of Local No. 9 recognize in him one of those noble persons whose life and virtues exemplify what is most to be admired in men and express our great sorrow at his death; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved family and a copy be sent to our Journal for publication.

WILLIAM PARKER,
PHIL BENDER,
TORRENCE PARISH,
Committee.
HARRY SLATER,
Secretary.

Bro. John McAlley, L. U. No. 567

Whereas Almighty God in His infinite wisdom and mercy has called from our midst Bro. John McAlley, and

Whereas Brother McAlley has been a staunch supporter of L. U. No. 567 since its inception, and a true and loyal friend to those who came in touch with him; therefore be it

Resolved, That we, the members of L. U. No. 567, extend our deepest and heartfelt sympathies to the relations and friends of our departed brother; and be it further

Resolved, That our charter be draped for a period of thirty days, a copy of these resolutions spread on our minutes and a copy sent to the Journal of Electrical Workers for publication.

A. F. EAGLES,
ARTHUR SMITH,
HARRY DOHERTY,
Committee.

Bro. John Burnnett, L. U. No. 4

Resolution in memory of our late Brother John Burnnett, who died May 27, 1923.

Whereas the death of Bro. John Burnnett, who was employed by the N. O. P. S., Inc., is deeply regretted by his many friends and fellow workmen and members of Local Union No. 4; therefore be it

Resolved, That the members of Local Union No. 4 recognize in him one of those noble persons whose life and virtues exemplify what is most admired in men, and express their great sorrow at its death; and be it further

Resolved, That the members of Local Union No. 4 hereby extend their deep sympathy and heartfelt condolence to the wife and family of Brother Burnnett in their bereavement and express their respects for them and their earnest desire for their future welfare; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to his bereaved wife and a copy be sent to our official journal for publication, and that our charter be draped for thirty days.

WM. H. CERNICH,
W. GRAHAM,
E. HOLT,
Committee.

Bro. David J. Davie, L. U. No. 76

Whereas it has been the will of Almighty God to take from our midst our beloved Bro. David J. Davie; and

Whereas Local No. 76 has lost one of its true and loyal members; therefore be it

Resolved, That we extend our deepest and most heartfelt sympathy to the relatives and friends of the departed brother; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved wife, one to the official journal, and one spread on the minutes and the charter be draped for a period of thirty days.

H. H. LOWE,
J. THOMAS,
L. ALLARD,
Committee.

Bro. Nelson Sales, L. U. No. 76

Whereas it has been the will of Almighty God to take from our midst our beloved Bro. Nelson Sales and

Whereas Local Union No. 76 has lost one of its true and loyal members; therefore be it

Resolved, That we extend our deepest and most heartfelt sympathy to the relatives and friends of the departed brother; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved wife, one to the official journal and one spread on the minutes and the charter be draped for a period of thirty days.

E. W. WILLIAMSON,
J. R. JOHNSTON,
VICTOR SORENSON,
Committee.

Bro. A. Nordstrom, L. U. No. 46

Whereas it has pleased the Divine Providence to call from our midst Bro. A. N. Nordstrom and

Whereas Local Union No. 46, I. B. E. W., has lost a faithful and honored brother; therefore be it

Resolved, That our charter be draped for a period of thirty days, and a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved relatives and to the Worker for publication.

FRANK TUSTIN,
BYRON VICKERAGE,
J. E. HICKS,
Committee.

Bro. Lyndon E. Murry, L. U. No. 536

Whereas in view of the loss we have sustained by the demise of our associate and brother, Lyndon E. Murry, and of the still heavier loss sustained by those who were nearest and dearest to him; therefore be it

Resolved, That it is but a just tribute to the memory of the departed to say that in regretting his removal from our midst, we mourn for one who was in every way worthy of our respect and regard; and be it further

Resolved, That we sincerely sympathize with the family of the deceased brother on the dispensation which it has pleased Divine Providence to afflict them with and commend them for consolation to Him who orders all things for the best, and whose chastisements are meant in mercy; and be it further

Resolved, That this heartfelt testimonial of our sympathy and sorrow be forwarded to the journal and to the family of our departed friend by our secretary.

Bro. Cecil Button, L. U. No. 46

Whereas it has pleased the Divine Providence to call from our midst Brother Cecil Button; and

Whereas Local Union No. 46, I. B. E. W., has lost a faithful and honored brother; therefore be it

Resolved, That our charter be draped for a period of thirty days, and a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved relatives, and to the Worker for publication.

FRANK TUSTIN,
BYRON VICKERAGE,
J. E. HICKS,

Committee.

Bro. William Reddington, L. U. No. 269

Whereas it has been the will of the Almighty God in His Divine wisdom to take from our midst our dear and beloved brother, William Reddington; and

Whereas we deeply regret the occasion that deprives us of such a kind and faithful brother; therefore be it

Resolved, That we, as a union in brotherly love, pay tribute to his memory by expressing our sorrow and extend to his family our deepest sympathy in this, their hour of bereavement; and be it further

Resolved, That we drape our charter for a period of thirty days in due respect to his memory, and that a copy of this resolution be sent to the bereaved family, and a copy to our official journal for publication and a copy be spread on the minutes of this meeting.

RUPERT JAHN,
GEO. COLE,
RAYMOND BRELSFORD,
Committee on Resolutions

Bro. Nathaniel H. Astfalk, Jr., L. U. No. 675

Whereas it has pleased Almighty God in His infinite wisdom to remove from our midst by death, our friend and brother, Nathaniel H. Astfalk, Jr., after a long illness, which came upon him some two or three years ago, but eventually wore him out in spite of the fact he did not give up to the last; therefore be it

Resolved, That the members of Local Union No. 675 recognize in him one of those noble persons whose life and virtues exemplify what is most to be admired in men, and express their great sorrow at his death; and be it further

Resolved, That the charter of Local Union No. 675 be draped for a period of thirty days; a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved family, a copy be spread on the minutes of our Local Union, and a copy sent to the official journal for publication.

R. D. LEWIS,
Business Agent.

Bro. William Andrews, L. U. No. 79

Whereas the sudden and unforeseen call of Our Almighty God has taken from our midst our esteemed friend and brother, William Andrews, of L. U. No. 79, who was electrocuted June 15, 1923, while performing his duties for the Adirondack Power Company; therefore be it

Resolved, That the members of L. U. No. 79 recognize in him a man who may be held up as an example of honesty, uprightness and faithfulness, and in his death L. U. No. 79 suffers the loss of an earnest worker and a good citizen; and be it further

Resolved, That we express to his family and relatives our most heartfelt sympathy in their bereavement; and be it further

Resolved, That our charter be draped for a period of sixty days and a copy of these resolutions be sent to his family, and to our official journal for publication.

W. JUNEAT,
F. HITCHCOCK,
Committee.

Bro. William Coyle, L. U. No. 648

Whereas Brother William Coyle, who was employed by the Hamilton Service Co. of this city as a lineman, was electrocuted while at work the morning of May 27, 1923, about 8:30 a. m.; and

Whereas Local Union No. 648, I. B. E. W., has lost a true and loyal member whose presence we will miss for a long time; therefore be it

Resolved, That we bow our heads in humble submission to the Almighty God; and be it further

Resolved, That we, members of Local Union No. 648, I. B. E. W., extend to his bereaved widow and children our heartfelt sympathy in this their hour of sorrow; and be it further

Resolved, That we, members of Local Union No. 648, I. B. E. W., extend to our esteemed Brother Coyle's brothers and sisters in this great hour of sorrow our esteemed heartfelt sympathy; be it further

Resolved, That we send a copy of these resolutions to the bereaved family and a copy to the daily papers and a copy to the official journal of the International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers for publication.

J. W. WILSON.

Bro. Charles Harris, L. U. No. 422

Whereas it has been the will of the Almighty God to call from our midst our beloved brother, Chas. H. Harris; and

Whereas Local Union No. 422 has lost a faithful and honored brother; be it therefore

Resolved, That we, as a union in brotherly love, wish to express our sorrow, and extend to his family our heartfelt sympathy; and be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the bereaved wife and family, one published in our official journal and one entered upon the minutes of our local union; also that the charter be draped for a period of thirty days.

O. A. BRADSHAW,
CARL RIPPEL,
J. D. CRISSEL,
Committee.

Bro. Charles J. Boyle, L. U. No. 81

Whereas the Almighty Creator in His infinite wisdom has thought best to take our brother, who was in the prime of life and in a fruitful field of endeavor, we feel that a large void was thereby created in our whole brotherhood, and this is our heartfelt thanks to a most wise Master, that Bro. Boyle was left with us thus far to the betterment of all with whom he came in contact; therefore be it

Resolved, That our charter be draped for a period of ninety days in respect to his memory and these resolutions be entered on the minutes of our meeting and a copy be sent to our official journal for publication.

IT CAN BE DONE

Whenever you start to do something worth while

There's thousands of "freaks" that will tell you "It cannot be done," and then one by one They'll argue and plead and cajole you. All this makes it tough, but with the right stuff,

Forget that poor bunch and go out and punch That "can't be done" thing—and you'll do it.

There are no friends like the old friends

Who have shared our morning days,

No welcome like their greeting

No solace like their praise.

Fame is a senseless flower

With a gaudy crown of gold,

While friendship is the sweetest rose

With a scent in every fold.

—Holmes.



COOPERATIVE NEWS



CHURCHMEN ENDORSE COOPERATION

For the first in America the official body of a large Protestant Church has declared itself wholeheartedly in approval of the cooperative movement. At its recent meeting in New York City the Board of Bishops of the Methodist Episcopal Church officially went on record as favoring the organization of cooperative associations for the marketing of farm products and the purchase of farm supplies.

The action of the Board of Bishops followed reports from the rural parsonages, where local clergymen have had the opportunity to see at first hand the great value of the cooperative movement to the tillers in the fields. The Board urged Methodist ministers not only to sanction the work of the cooperatives but to lend all the aid possible to furthering their work. It went

still further and suggested that in certain types of communities the Church might well take the lead in the organization of cooperative enterprises.

No movement for the improvement of the condition of farmers and workers today follows more closely fundamental Christian principles than the cooperative movement. It builds on the dignity and worth of every individual; its cornerstones are brotherhood and service. Without any pretense of dogma or creed, cooperation applies the social ideals of Christianity to the economic field. Methodists may well be proud that their Church has recognized that close bond, and has cast its vote in favor of encouraging the cooperative movement.

FRENCH COOPERATIVE BANK PROSPERS

Great success has attended the operations of the new French Cooperative bank, established during 1922 at Marseilles and is known as the Banque des Cooperatives de France. The capital of the bank has been increased from 11,000,000 francs to nearly 15,000,000. It is owned by 1,600 cooperative societies and French Wholesale Cooperative Society. Interest on capital stock is limited to six per cent, and all earnings

in excess of that are distributed among the shareholding societies in proportion to deposits and interest paid on sums borrowed from the central bank.

French cooperation is swinging back to better times for city and country workers. They are a reward for patient, determined effort in the past and a promise of better times in the future.

DANISH COOPERATIVES SOLVE HOUSING PROBLEM

How one cooperative building society starting ten years ago with 23 members, a few dollars of subscribed capital and a little borrowed money, has built 1,500 apartments, a number of cooperative stores, and a bank building, and has acquired and is now operating a brickworks, lumber yard, carpenter shop, planing mill and a paint factory—this is the story of high venture and achievement that the Danish Workingmen's Cooperative Building Association is telling on the tenth anniversary of its organization in the city of Copenhagen.

Like other sound institutions, the Cooperative Building Association was founded to meet a real need. The local consumers' cooperative society was having difficulty in securing a suitable store wherein to sell its goods. A little group of its active members saw that what was most needed was a cooperative building society which would build suitable cooperative stores as

well as homes for the individual cooperators. Twenty-three cooperators therefore organized into the Workingmen's Cooperative Building Association and set to work.

The first building was erected in 1913 to house the consumers' cooperative, thus beginning an intimate connection between these two related movements which has continued to this day. The second and third buildings went up in 1914, the capital for them being procured with great difficulty from the banks. So many hardships were placed in the way of the cooperative builders by the private banking interests that when they were ready to start on their fourth building, a sixty family apartment, they appealed to the trade unions for a loan to finance it.

Another step forward was taken with the fifth building. In 1914 the Danish Cooperative Bank had been started. It was founded as the Central Credit Institute for

the benefit of the consumers' and farmers' cooperative movements, and had no intention at first of doing business or having a branch in Copenhagen. But an application for a loan from the building society was granted, and resulted in the location of the bank in Copenhagen. To the cooperation thus begun may be credited in large measure the subsequent rapid growth of the building society.

While Denmark's housing shortage grew steadily worse, the results achieved by the cooperative building society drew to it the confidence of the public and a rapidly increasing membership. The sixth, seventh and eighth apartments housing 232 families in addition to stores, were erected in rapid succession.

At the Inter-Allied Housing and Town planning Congress held in London in June, 1920, the society became interested in the English "garden city" homes, and the same year erected a similar group on one of its own estates. The instant approval and popularity of these garden homes led the

cooperative builders to erect a group of 140 one-family dwellings on a ten-acre plot, each with its own garden, and grouped around a small lake with attractively landscaped grounds.

The cooperation of the Danish Cooperative Bank, which began when the bank financed the fifth building of the society, gradually developed until all the financial business of the society was transacted through it. When the business of the Bank had grown so rapidly that it needed new and larger premises the building cooperative put up the building.

And now, after ten years of successful achievements, this doughty cooperative, with its 6,000 members, is embarking on five new building projects following the garden city scheme, which will provide homes for between 700 and 800 more families. By eliminating speculative profits, inefficiency and graft the Danish Cooperative homebuilders are effectively solving the housing problem.

CALIFORNIA MARKETS HALF STATE'S CROPS COOPERATIVELY

Fully 50 per cent of California's annual half billion dollars' worth of agricultural products is marketed cooperatively, according to the last report of the California State Division of Markets.

New marketing associations set up by the Division of Markets include the California Cherry Growers' Association, built up during the last year from a 20 per cent control to 50 per cent of the acreage in northern California. A similar service was performed for the California onion growers, whose crop is valued at close to \$3,600,000. The Coachella Valley Onion Growers Association, organized as a non-stock, non-profit cooperative and representing barely 5 per cent of the acreage, was so effectively organized that it controls fully 75 per cent of the Valley output. Through cooperation with the State Division of Markets, the onion cooperative plans to improve both the growing of onions and the marketing

of them, enabling the farmers to cut down the loss of 40 per cent of their crop, which has characterized the industry in the last few years.

Lettuce growers in the Imperial Valley have also suffered heavily through unsystematic methods of marketing. The growers estimate that fully one-third of their 5,000 car production has usually remained unsold. The Imperial Valley Vegetable and Melon Growers' Cooperative represented only about 10 per cent of the Valley's output. This has been increased until at least a third is now marketed cooperatively.

Other farm industries about to be organized include 60,000 milk boats and a large sugar beet area.

Cooperative marketing has had a record of such amazing success in California that cooperators in that state are looking forward to the complete organization of the entire agricultural industry.

SENATOR BROOKHART VISITS EUROPEAN COOPERATORS

Agricultural cooperatives are rapidly becoming an outstanding issue the world over, says United States Senator Smith W. Brookhart, according to the All American Cooperative Commission after a tour through England, Scotland, France, Denmark and Germany. He hails the principle of cooperation as the "one international movement which is healthy that has survived the war and now is sprouting like an Iowa sunflower."

"Every land I have visited in Europe has a farm bloc like America's that is demanding recognition," says Senator Brookhart. "The

Danes certainly set a pace for the civilized world. There the farmers work, cooperate and promise soon to become the strongest political party. In France the peasants are making speedy headway, while England is hastening to apply the system to agriculture. I am really convinced that Europe is stirred the same way as America, and that America can learn much about organization particularly from Denmark and Germany."

That American farmers must adopt cooperation in order to keep pace with their European comrades is the Senator's conclu-

sion. He cites Denmark as proof that if American farmers and laborers get the necessary legislation and establish credits, they automatically will defeat the trusts. Instead of depositing their money with banking corporations, which control their interests and work against them, they will pool their resources for the promotion of their own welfare, he says.

"The Danes laugh at me when I tell them we ship Iowa pigs to Chicago and then pay transportation back in order to buy meat for our own consumption. If we

had a cooperative system like Denmark's, the Chicago trusts would quickly be strangled to death. The trusts cannot function without live stock, and if we organize and butcher our own stock, they will be through, and our people will have cheaper meat than under the present system."

Senator Brookhart is one of the outstanding public men standing on guard for the farmers of the country against the exploitations of the trusts, and constantly lending his great influence to furthering the progress of the cooperative movement.

CORPORATIONS MAKE NET INCOMES OF NEARLY EIGHT BILLIONS IN 1920

Detailed statistics of incomes for 1920 recently made public by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue show that the net income of corporations reported a net income for the year ending December 31, 1920, totaled \$7,902,654,813 and that their gross income was almost \$93,824,000,000, but they had deductions of close to \$86,000,000,000. The total tax, however, paid by these corporations, including income tax, war profits and excess profits tax amounted to only \$1,625,234,643.

For the year ending December 31, 1920, 7,259,944 persons made returns and showed a net income of \$23,735,629,183, and a total income of \$26,690,270,000. The largest proportion of the total income naturally came from wages and salaries since about 90 per cent of the returns were by people with relatively small salaries, and totaled \$15,270,000,000. Personal income from business was in round figures \$3,206,000,000. Income from partnership and personal service corporations was \$1,701,000,000; from profit sales of real estate, stock and bonds, etc., \$1,021,000,000, from rents and royalties, \$1,047,000,000; from dividends, \$2,736,000,000, and from interest and investments, \$1,648,000,000.

Enormous Fortunes Pass by Inheritance

Unfortunately, the Commissioner of Internal Revenue did not report Federal estate tax returns for the year 1920 separately, but a complete list of returns filed from September 9, 1916, to January 15, 1922. During this period of approximately five and a quarter years, 42,230 returns of estates or inheritances were made to the Federal Government, of which 25,973 showed no net estate, or one under \$50,000.

The aggregate gross estate of the 16,257 returns of over \$50,000 were \$6,832,449,887. By the time deductions were made for these estates, the net estate had shrunk to \$5,021,640,204, and the total inheritance tax paid the Federal Government was only \$345,915,543. The average inheritance tax paid the Federal Government was only \$21,277, while the average left after all deductions had

been made, but excluding State inheritance taxes where there are any, was \$286,376.

Sixty-two Decedents Left Gross Estates of \$915,000,000

During these five years, 12 persons died leaving a net estate of \$5,000,000 to \$6,000,000; 12 of \$6,000,000 to \$7,000,000; 3 of \$7,000,000 to \$8,000,000; 5 of \$8,000,000 to \$9,000,000; 7 of \$9,000,000 to \$10,000,000 and 23 of \$10,000,000 and over, and it will be remembered that only one of the so-called really wealthy Americans died during this period. The total net estate of these 62 millionaires was in round figures, \$724,000,000. They paid an average inheritance tax of \$2,132,871 and then their heirs and beneficiaries received an average of \$9,540,236 minus any State inheritance tax paid.

23 Multi-Millionaires Left Net Estate of \$452,000,000

The 23 persons who left an estate of \$10,000,000 or over, left a gross amount of about \$567,000,000, which, after the deductions, left a net taxable estate of \$452,421,765. The total tax which these estates paid to the Federal Government which expended countless billions to protect the lives and property of property owners was \$93,106,148, an average tax of \$4,048,093 or 20.58 per cent. These estates averaged, after paying the Federal inheritance tax, \$15,622,417.

Inheritance Tax Should Yield Billion Dollars a Year

These figures show that the total return from the present inheritance tax is utterly inadequate and that estate tax rates can be increased to yield at least fifteen times the average revenue received by the Federal Government from an inheritance tax during the five years covered by the report. The Federal inheritance tax is the best and probably only way to reach tax exempt securities, the total volume of which is estimated at from 12 to 20 billions of dollars.



DECISION OF UNITED STATES RAILROAD LABOR BOARD



UNITED STATES RAILROAD LABOR BOARD

Chicago, Ill., June 12, 1923

Decision No. 1329

Railway Employees' Department, A. F. of L.
(Federated Shop Crafts) vs. Pennsylvania
System.

Nature of the Proceeding—This proceeding is an investigation under Section 313 of the Transportation Act, 1920, to ascertain and declare whether or not the Pennsylvania System has violated Decision No. 218 of the Railroad Labor Board. That section of the law reads as follows:

"The Labor Board, in case it has reason to believe that any decision of the Labor Board or of an Adjustment Board is violated by any carrier, or employee or subordinate official, or organization thereof, may upon its own motion after due notice and hearing to all persons directly interested in such violations determine whether in its opinion such violation has occurred and make public its decision in such manner as it may determine."

Congress, having provided no penalty for the violation of the Railroad Labor Board's decisions save the condemnation of a disinterested and fair-minded public, made it the duty of the Board, in proper cases, to invoke such popular disapprobation against either the carrier or the employees.

History of the Case—It is not necessary to recite in great detail the history of the dispute which resulted in Decision No. 218. The facts involved in that controversy are matters of record in Docket 404. Their condensed recapitulation will suffice for the present purpose.

At the termination of Federal control, the Pennsylvania System in common with practically all the other carriers desired a revision of the rules and working conditions of the shop employees. Under the requirements of the Transportation Act, 1920, it was necessary for the carrier to take this matter up with the representatives of the shop employees and endeavor, in good faith, to negotiate an agreement. At that time, the Federated Shop Crafts (System Federation No. 90) held the agreement with the carrier, and their representatives offered to enter upon negotiations in regard to the changes sought by the carrier. The carrier declined this offer on the ground that it had not been furnished with evidence that said organization actually represented a majority of the employees in question, and stated that it had already prepared a ballot for an election in which shop craft employees should designate their representatives. The representatives of the organization objected to the form of this ballot on several grounds, but pro-

posed to go along with the carrier in the contemplated election, provided the name of their organization, System Federation No. 90, was placed on the ballot. This proposal was declined by the carrier, and, as a consequence, the carrier held an election with a ballot containing only the names of individuals; and the organization held an election with a ballot containing the name of System Federation No. 90, with blank space for those who desired to vote otherwise. In the election held by the carrier, there were 3,480 votes cast and counted. In the election conducted by the employees, there were 26,055 votes cast all of which but 7 were cast for System Federation No. 90. These votes were cast by employees actually in service.

The dispute thus engendered resulted in Decision No. 218 in which the Railroad Labor Board held that both elections were invalid and ordered that one election be held in which all the employees should be permitted to vote either for any individual or for any labor organization, as they might prefer.

In this decision the employees acquiesced, but the carrier declined to do so, refusing to participate in or recognize the election ordered by the Board.

The Board thereafter cited the carrier before it under Section 313 of the Transportation Act in the case now under consideration. This case was heard by the Board October 20, 1921. The carrier's principal contention was in substance that the Board did not have jurisdiction over a dispute involving the question of who should represent the employees in conference and negotiations with the carrier and how such representatives should be selected, and that Decision No. 218 was therefore invalid.

After said hearing under Section 313 and prior to the pronouncement of a decision based thereon, the carrier procured an injunction from a Federal district judge, inhibiting the Railroad Labor Board from rendering a decision in said case. In this litigation, the Department of Justice represented the Railroad Labor Board and the case was carried through the two lower courts and the Supreme Court with more than ordinary promptness. The Supreme Court of the United States rendered its unanimous decision February 19, 1923, in which it fully upheld the right of the Board to issue Decision No. 218, and to render a decision under Section 313, declaring that the carrier had violated the Board's decision, and dismissed the carrier's suit and dissolved the injunction.

This action was not brought by the Pennsylvania System to test the question as to

whether the Board's Decision No. 218 was enforceable, for it was not contended by the Board that its decision was legally enforceable. The action was brought for the purpose of having the courts say that the Board had exceeded its jurisdiction in rendering Decision No. 218, that said decision was therefore invalid, and that the Board had no right to issue a condemnatory decision under Section 313 based on such invalid decision. It was naturally presumable that the carrier meant to obey the decision if the Supreme Court sustained the Board's jurisdiction to render it. Otherwise, it was perfectly useless to take the matter to the Supreme Court, for the carrier did not have to go there to obtain authority to ignore the decision.

After the Supreme Court had freed the Board from the injunction, it was deemed advisable in the interest of industrial peace on the Pennsylvania System to give the carrier an opportunity to conform to the decision of the Board before further proceedings were had. Officials representing the carrier were called into conference with the Board, but the effort was unavailing.

Opinion—The course adopted by the Pennsylvania System in this matter is indefensible from every viewpoint. It can not be justified on the ground that the contention of the employees or the decision of the Board deprived the carrier of the right to deal with its own employees. System Federation No. 90 was composed exclusively of employees of the Pennsylvania System and their officers and representatives were employees of the carrier. If, in rare instances, these local representatives of the employees availed themselves of the advice and assistance of the officers of their national organization or of other counsel, this would have been the exercise of a fundamental right. The Board's decision did not require the carrier to negotiate with System Federation No. 90 or any other organization, but merely accorded to the employees the right to choose between System Federation No. 90 and the organization set up by the carrier.

The plan called "employee representation," which the Pennsylvania System assumes to have originated, is guaranteed in the Transportation Act, 1920, and prevails on the railroads throughout the United States. If employee representation means anything at all, it signifies the right of a class of employees, through majority action, to select their own representatives to negotiate with the carrier agreements covering wages and working conditions. This is what Congress said it meant, but the shop crafts have so far been deprived of this plain, simple, indisputable right on the Pennsylvania System. The carrier has not questioned the right of these employees to choose their own representatives, but it has prevented the exercise of this right. While professing its acceptance and observance of the principle of employee representation, it has set up a system which throttles the majority and establishes the representation of a coerced and subservient minority proven originally to amount to about ten

and one-half per cent (10½%) of this class of employees.

While the carrier was refusing to deal with the organization of the shopmen and that of the clerks, as such, it negotiated agreements with the train and engine brotherhoods, which they signed officially as the representatives of those organizations. If the same right had been accorded to the shopmen, this controversy would never have existed.

The problem of efficient and uninterrupted railway transportation is of paramount importance to the people of this country. The peaceful adjustment of labor controversies greatly contributes to this end. The method provided by Congress for the settlement of labor disputes has been honored and observed both by carriers and employees in an overwhelming number of instances. The railroad which refuses to conform to the labor provisions of the Federal law assumes toward the public the same attitude held by employees who strike against said provisions. No other railroad in the United States has taken a position similar to that adopted by the Pennsylvania in this case.

Decision—The Railroad Labor Board under the authority of Section 313 of the Transportation Act, 1920, finds that the Pennsylvania System has violated Decision No. 218 of the Board, after the Supreme Court of the United States had upheld the Board's right to render said decision, and has thereby denied to its shop employees essential rights as laboring men to which Congress had declared them entitled.

By order of

UNITED STATES RAILROAD LABOR BOARD,
BEN W. HOOPER,

Attest:

L. M. PARKER,
Secretary.

Chairman.

NOTICES

If anyone knows the whereabouts of Brother Walter Schmuck, or if his attention is called to this notice, kindly inform the writer.

J. J. FARRELL,
L. U. No. 116, General Delivery, Fort Worth, Texas.

The Indiana Harbor & Belt Federated Trades No. 74, Railway Employees' Department, desires to announce that the Cleveland sedan, a prize issued by the Federated Trades, was awarded to F. E. DeWet, Local 403, of the Boilermakers, out of Hoisington, Kansas. His ticket number was 136, Series 1.

To all officers and members of the I. B. E. W.:

Any information leading to the whereabouts of W. B. Swinney or W. P. Sweeney, card No. 466,525, will be appreciated. Please inform W. Graham, 308 So. Cortez St., New Orleans, or Press Sec. Wm. H. Cernich, 1921 Frenchmen St. His description is as follows: Weight, about 200 pounds; height, 5 feet 7 inches; eyes, gray; hair, blonde, partly bald; teeth, false; walk, swinging. WM. H. CERNICH,
Press Secretary, Local No. 4,
1921 Frenchmen St., New Orleans, Louisiana.



CORRESPONDENCE



L. U. NO. 1, ST. LOUIS, MO.

Editor:

Brother Salliday, press secretary of L. U. No. 2, in his communication, has spurred me up to such an extent that I feel I can try to express my real feelings toward the I. B. E. W., its officers and members. It seems as though it has been years since my physician has permitted me to attend meetings of my local union, as he has ordered me to refrain from any excitement until I have permission from him, and as I am anxious to again mix with those who have been so open-hearted toward me I am somewhat improved since coming to the Masonic Home of Missouri. Everything the best, encourages a fellow to put forth every effort to get well. I am not only indebted to L. U. No. 1 as a body but some of the individual members of No. 1 and No. 124, of Chicago. I must make particular mention of one case. Bro. Al. Lindsay, of L. U. 124, of Chicago, was in charge of a good-sized job here. The brother hunted me up and put me on the job at work that I in my weakened condition could do, and when I endeavored to thank him, he said there was nothing to be thankful for, as I had earned all I got.

Local Union No. 1 paid me the regular sick benefit, and when that ran out there was a very handsome assessment levied, and a number of brothers made some very liberal donations. So you see I am indebted to the I. B. E. W., and its individual members. I am, as I have always been, very happy to be of service to the Brotherhood. I have not given up hope, but feel that I will soon be able to serve my brother electrical worker, and will be happy in doing so.

With fraternal greetings to the officers and members of the I. B. E. W., I am

Yours fraternally,

BALDY.

L. U. NO. 3, NEW YORK, N. Y.

Editor:

I was directed to forward you copy of resolution adopted unanimously at our last meeting held on Thursday, June 14, 1923:

"Resolved, That the International Officers be extended a vote of thanks and appreciation for their cooperation and able assistance in behalf of Local Union No. 3, I. B. E. W., in the matter of dispute as to increase of wages between the Electrical Contractors' Association and Local Union No. 3, I. B. E. W., a copy to be sent to the International Secretary and a copy be published

in the ELECTRICAL WORKER, the official journal of the Brotherhood."

With best wishes, I am

Fraternally yours,

G. W. WHITFORD,

Secretary.

L. U. NO. 4, NEW ORLEANS, LA.

Editor:

Just a few lines from L. U. No. 4. We have just elected a new president, Brother Emmet Holt, from the underground department and he is going to make the president that L. U. No. 4 needs. He is honest, just, and upright in his dealings and wears no one man's collar. He is the right man in the right place. Get me? While speaking on presidents here is one that all brothers of the I. B. E. W. want to be on the lookout for. He signs his name W. B. Swiney on a good deal and on crooked work he signs it W. P. Sweeney. He has doped all good brothers of L. U. No. 4 out of large sums of money, leaving many I. O. U.'s behind, also the local with bad checks. He was collecting permit money using it for his own benefit. They are just showing up now. He left his job with the New Orleans Public Service, Inc., on April 14. We have never heard of him since he has taken the good brother's money and joined the Masons. So, good brothers of the I. B. E. W., who are Masons, will stretch a point and let L. U. No. 4's secretary know it if you chance to meet with this false snake. He joined the Graham Lodge at New Orleans. We will ask all Texas locals to be on the lookout also, for it's reported that he is now in that State. He is charged with embezzlement in our courts and is wanted by the New Orleans police. If you have any information regarding this skunk please write our worthy recording secretary, W. Graham, 308 South Cortez Street.

Let's get away from speaking about vermin. No. 4's membership has gone close to the 325 mark. Everybody is working and happy. Yes, everyone seems happy but the bonders and the welders of the trolley department. The blacksmiths have them and they belong to L. U. No. 4. This is a metal trades fight in the convention. Let us shout for good old L. U. No. 4—all delegates.

Bro. John Brunnet met with a serious accident. He got caught on 6,600 and died seven days afterwards. He was in the underground gang. Also Bro. Fredrick Seruntine of the construction gang. His safety belt broke and he fell 50 feet. He is laid up in the hospital and is in bad shape. There was a walkout on the Dwight P. Robinson at New Orleans

involving three locals—No. 4, No. 130, No. 868. Standing by our constitutional laws, Article 14, Section 4, to the man. Trouble of local No. 136.

If my old friend Charley Range, of Local 134, chances to see this he will know that old "Bill" is still in the ring and out of the bunkered hole. How are you fixed, Charley? Also our ex-president, "Honest" John King. Good luck and my best wishes. Will close with best wishes and good luck to all.

WM. H. CERNICH,
Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 59, DALLAS, TEX.

Editor:

Well, brother union men of the I. B. E. W., once, last and for all time to come. Did you ever recall some of the days gone by, and what we said and thought of some of the so-called union men and called them brother; helped them on their way, fed them and tried to give them a square deal if you found them worthy? And look at the situation at this time. Some of those so-called union men have torn up the pike for the good, honest, deserving brother, for I don't suppose there is a secretary in any Local but what has on his file one or more notes, etc., that the maker has never made an effort to take care of. That is only a small item, but amounts to a great deal. As long as the pike is smooth and there are no ruts, everything is all O. K., but just the minute it looks like there will have to be some work done, some of the dear brothers are looking for new locations; others change locations where they are not known and just forget all about their union principles. Put it in a bank with no interest, and you don't know them until they slip a cog or something, then, well, I thought so. Brothers, when you leave your own town think about how some brothers have fought for their conditions and respect same. That is how the open shop has been materially helped. I will truthfully say that these conditions have been brought about largely by some of our ex-card men. "Oh, I am a union man, but I had to work." Brothers, that is true, but they did not have to run a school of instruction.

Speaking of conditions, I think it is the duty of every secretary or press secretary to give the exact conditions in their locality. We have had quite a little work, also we have had to contend with all conditions. Through the press they have advertised Dallas an open shop town. Not so. All building crafts are closed shop. Also we have been overrun with all kinds of mechanics and laborers. With all that we have increased our membership and could have increased a great deal more, but we believe in quality and not quantity. Mechanics are what every building craft should control.

Well, brothers, I could dwell on these things for some time, but just let this get

deep down into your system, and also bear in mind that the convention is upon us, and let's do all in our power to send men of ability, deep thinkers and conservative that are union men and for the betterment of the I. B. E. W. exclusively.

Fraternally,
W. L. KELSEY,
Financial and Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 68, DENVER, COLO.

Editor:

After the idea of the National Home for Electrical Workers was renewed by Local No. 113, of Colorado Springs, a committee was appointed by No. 68 to work with them, and any other Local, to put it before every organization of the I. B. E. W.

After two weeks studying and figuring, we believe that when it is explained to all the Locals by circular letter, or some similar means, maybe through our Journal first, and when all see it as we do, after our investigation, it will go over the top without anyone against it.

We believe it is really more important to the membership as a whole than our insurance, and the insurance is one of the greatest things ever brought into our organization. Lots of the boys would appreciate a home while on earth and need it worse than their insurance after they

"Mephisto"

BITS

A

**Tool You Won't
Be Ashamed to
Have in Your
Kit.**

*The Only Bit Stamped
With Union Label.*

**THE W. A. IVES MFG. CO.
WALLINGFORD, CONN.**

Demand "Mephisto" Auger Bits

are gone. Let's give the flowers while they are here. The Home could be built, say with a small assessment of each member, same to be figured by the International Office or the building committee. And once built, we believe that gratitude alone would maintain it from boys who have no one but themselves and they are the ones who would need a home more than any one else. There is very seldom a meeting without appeals for aid from some poor, unfortunate maimed or aged member. Who would deny a cripple a dollar for a home the balance of his life, and maybe an assessment of 10 or 25 cents per month?

This would not only stop these appeals, but would create a home for that brother or sister, and not embarrass the poor fellow by having to advertise his soul all over the United States and Canada.

Let each Local Union's secretary give the views of his Local and suggest any ideas that may be of any benefit. Get busy, brothers, let the next Journal have a letter. Lots of fraternal orders, with a much smaller membership than ours, are building, or have already done so, and our organization should run second to none.

Trusting to hear from all press secretaries or committees either through our JOURNAL or by letter, we beg to remain,

Yours fraternally,

W. J. MARTIN

2230 E. Colfax.

E. V. REVELL,

951 1-2 Carona St.

L. U. NO. 81, SCRANTON, PA.

Editor:

I was elected Press Secretary through somebody rearing up on his ground tampers and making a noise like an earthquake, and as this is my first attempt at the job, I hope I will not fall down and if I do I hope will be forgiven and not used too rough.

To begin with, will say that we had a good winter and summer in Scranton and vicinity, with practically all iron and copper hands working. We just came through a twenty-two day lockout with all colors at top mast. In the battle we got double time for all time after the first two hours and \$1 per hour, which is something we are grateful for. Our committee, headed by Bro. C. J. Boyle and Business Agent Wm. A. Daley, can be credited with the honors, as they had some hot stuff handed to them in the negotiations, which were headed with

the open shop proposition and some minor conditions. Well, anyway they made a four-base hit and copped the canary. All boys are working at present and through Business Agent Wm. A. Daley, our Local Union is being built up to its former strength. To show you that he is there, and not slipping, he recently signed up a big concern employing five maintenance men which never before had even been familiar with our agreement and could not be signed up by anyone who had tried it before, which tells us he knows how to sugar their coffee and toast their cakes.

Bro. Ed Miller was unanimously elected President and the boys could not have made a better selection. Bro. John Dailey, a young old-timer, was elected Vice-President and the same goes for him.

We lost Bro. C. J. Boyle, on June 2, 1923. He was a member of Local No. 81 and an International Officer, whose place will be hard to fill by both Local Union No. 81 and the I. B. E. W. Brother Boyle was always on the job from early morn till late at night, and must say that when he camped on any one's trail he got him to come along with the rest for the good of all. I can truthfully say that if all Locals had a man like he was there would not be any hard springs to get off the wagon and fall by the wayside. We sincerely hope that he is at rest with his Creator.

Well, brothers, as this is a long letter my pen has begun to smoke, and will try in the future to let you know how things are going.

Yours truly,

RAY, RUSTY, MICKEY, SWARTZ.

L. U. NO. 103, BOSTON, MASS.

Editor:

The annual election of officers was held on Wednesday, June 27, 1923. Great interest was shown by the entire membership owing to the many spirited contests for various offices and committees. Many members remained all night until noon of the following day watching the tellers tabulating the vote. The following members were reelected without opposition: President, Frank L. Kelley; vice president, Stephen J. Murphy; treasurer, Theodore Gould; financial secretary, John T. Fennell; recording secretary, Frank R. Sheehan; press secretary, George E. Capelle; foreman, Edward F. Leeman.

The following were also successful in the election: Business agent, John J. Regan; trustee, R. N. Marginot; inspectors, Walter Dame and Wm. Ralph. Executive Board, Geo. E. Capelle, John J. Queeney, John W. Barton, James T. Kilroe, James Nichols, Edward C. Carroll, Harry Wilcke, Sam W. Parker. Examination Board, Frank R. Sheehan, Geo. E. Capelle, Edward C. Carroll, Harry Wilcke, John W. Barton. Delegates to Massachusetts State Branch Convention, Martin T. Joyce, Frank L. Kelley, Frank R.

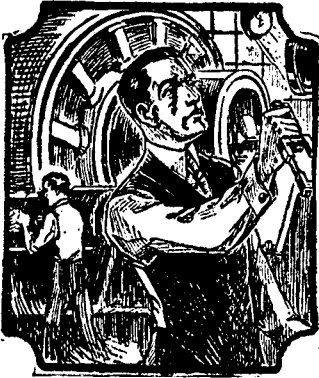


Sell Shirts

Sell Madison "Better-Made" Shirts, Pajamas, and Nightshirts direct from our factory to wearer. Nationally advertised. Easy to sell. Exclusive patterns. Exceptional values. No experience or capital required. Large steady income assured. Entirely new proposition.

WRITE FOR FREE SAMPLES

MADISON SHIRT CO., 803 B'way, N.Y. City



Dr. Charles P. Steinmetz,
Chief Consulting Engineer
of the General Electric
Company, has said that,
"The world needs men who
know something of elec-
tricity, of the operations
and control of electrical
power. It needs men more
every year, its very exist-
ence depends on the elec-
trician."—*Science and In-
vention.*



What a Knowledge of Electricity Would Mean to YOU

A real job with a man's size salary—that's what it would mean. It's easy to get it if you know electricity. Electricity is the biggest force in the world today. It's one of the best paying fields a man can get into. Just see what the great Steinmetz says about electricity—"the very existence of the world depends on the electrician." That's the kind of business to be in for real money making. Get into it as quick as you can—train yourself at home—in your spare time.

The Cyclopaedia of

Applied Electricity

The world's greatest electrical books will fit you to hold the biggest kind of a job. They were written by the engineers and experts that helped to make electricity what it is today. These men know what you need. They give you 50 year's of electrical experience at your

finger tips. Plain, everyday language and thousands of pictures make everything as simple as A B C. Glance over the partial list of what the books contain and see our offer that gives them to you a whole week free. Mail the coupon today.

**8 Great, Big
VOLUMES
3800 PAGES
2600 Pictures
Clearly
Covering**

Elements of Electricity; Electrical Measurements; Electric Wiring and Lighting; Underwriter's Electrical Requirements; Theory, Calculation, Designs and Construction of Direct Current Generators and Motors; Types of Generators and Motors; Management of Electrical Machinery; Electric Lighting; Alternating Current Machinery; Power Transmission; Electric Railways; Power Stations; Switchboards and Switching; Storage Batteries; Applied Electro-Chemistry; Electric Elevators; Electric Welding and Heating; Wireless Telegraphy and Telephony; Land and Submarine Telegraphy.

Reduced Price—Year to Pay

The regular price of our great library is \$7.50 a volume—\$60.00 for the set of 8 volumes. For a limited time though you can have the whole set for \$29.80 and take a year to pay for them. This is less than a dime a day for the set. Entire set sent for **FREE** examination—no money in advance—return the books at our expense if you don't like them. **Mail the Coupon Now.** Don't be satisfied with an ordinary job when a big one is open to you.

AMERICAN TECHNICAL SOCIETY

Dept. E-95-B

CHICAGO, ILL., U. S. A.

American
Technical
Society

Dept. E-95-B

CHICAGO, ILL., U. S. A.

Please send me the Cyclopaedia of Applied Electricity for 7 days' examination, shipping charges collect. If I decide to buy I will send \$2.80 within 7 days and balance at the rate of \$3.00 a month until \$29.80 has been paid. Then you will send me a receipt showing that the books are mine and fully paid for. If I want to get along without the books, I will return them, after 7 days, at your expense.

Name.....

Address.....

Employed by.....



Sheehan, John F. Queeney. Delegates to the International Convention, John T. Fennell, John J. Regan, Martin T. Joyce, George E. Capelle, Frank R. Sheehan, John F. Queeney, L. W. E. Kimball, John W. Barton, Stephen J. Murphy, R. N. Marginot, Andrew B. Johnson, James T. Kilroe.

As the time is limited to have this copy in the grand office on time will have to close.

Fraternally yours,
GEO. E. CAPELLE,
Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 104, BOSTON, MASS.

Editor:

Another month is almost at an end and no agreements signed by the different companies employing linemen in Boston. Some of the boys are rather optimistic in regard to a raise in pay, but to your humble servant things look rather doubtful. Still I may be mistaken, and I hope I am.

At our last meeting we had our annual election. All our old officers were reelected with large majorities.

President James M. Swinehamer and Business Agent McEachern were elected to attend the convention in Montreal. Let's hope they will bring some good stuff from No. 104 to the convention and bring back some good stuff from Montreal to No. 104.

At present every lineman in No. 104 is working, and the prospects are that there will be enough to do until the snow flies, and let's hope we won't see any snow for a long time.

Fraternally,
D. A. MCGILLIVRAY,
Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 188, CHARLESTON, S. C.

Editor:

Well, brothers, I am at it again, but nothing new to write about. The papers are full about the water power proposition that I understand will start soon about 75 miles from here. That is all talk and we do not take any stock in that stuff. We are waiting to see and if they do start we sure will let the brothers hear from us. As I said, things are dead around here, and I believe it is more so with the inside men, for Brother Goble was with us, trying to get some of them on the right side of the fence. But we could not move one of them. I think the Contractor's Association has got them where they want them. But I hope the day will come when I can see them get their senses back. I won't say what I wanted to say about my good friends in No. 382, but I want to tell them that the water is still salty around here, and the beauty part about it is that we do not see any red hills hanging around the water's edge. I am sure glad to see the WORKER full of letters from No. 382, for I thought one time that No. 382 was dead; but, thank goodness, they woke up.

Best wishes,
J. J. BARRINEAU,
Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 212, CINCINNATI, OHIO

Editor:

June 26, 1923. It was close to midnight in Garfield Park. The heat was intense as the homeless began to creep to their nests like so many sparrows. Street hawkers, old newspaper venders, professional beggars and the jobless all huddle together. Very little conversation is heard. I did overhear one gray-haired old man trying to mumble lines from Hamlet. Possibly a former actor, but surely his days were gone now. Most heads were being pillowed on old newspapers or ragged coats. Staring out into the night expressionless was an ex-service man with crutches—a trouser leg and coat-sleeve empty. A crutch slipped from his grasp and rattled to the pavement. Some one picked it up and handed it to him. No word of thanks followed. He continued staring out into the night. A general sigh of relief was heard as a street flusher rolled by, which cooled the stifling atmosphere. Human fellowship was lacking. With the first rumble of the milk wagons they would probably be off to other secret quarters as daylight would surely reveal their wretchedness. As I walked southward toward the Terminal, where my special car always awaits me, a group of silk-hatted men were leaving their private club. From general appearances they had been well dined and entertained. As I continued my homeward journey I could not help but think of the maimed service man staring expressionless out into the night.

A recent trip (via auto) to New Trenton, Ind., proved an ideal way to dispose of an exceptionally hot Sunday. An early morning start with lunch baskets well filled and ice box along side we somewhat reminded one of Hagenbeck leaving winter quarters. Several times have I given serious thought toward the purchase of some sort of motor vehicle. I now congratulate myself on my good judgment in deciding it would be such a waste of money as long as Groene's Studebaker holds out.

There is a roadhouse at New Trenton that still has the flavor of the old sitting room cabaret. The bar room has its usual amount of nickel and quarter slot machines, which positively refuse to respond to the determined tourist. In the dance hall girls of questionable character directed inviting, innocent glances to anyone entering in male attire. Jazz music of the most ragged nature was produced by a piano player and drummer, who seemed perfectly at home while working in their undershirts. It is quietly rumored that they serve anything you may wish in the refreshment line at this roadhouse. I can not question this rumor as I fail to see any other reason for a certain electrical contractor from a very prominent Indiana city pulling up with a crowd of friends in his Stutz. But we failed to have the high sign.

To all the dear brothers who have taken unto themselves a June bride I extend the very best wishes. Hope that you have been

successful in selecting one that will fit well in the kitchen when the occasion arises. No doubt many a separation has been brought about by friend wife mislaying the can opener. Having been extremely fortunate along those lines myself, I can well advise you. At a recent cake baking contest where there were 76 entries I can boast of my missus bringing home first prize. The cake being auctioned off sold for \$4.50. Of all the ailments which affect the average human being I have as yet to complain of either hunger or stomach trouble. The same to you.

Faternally yours,

E. S.

L. U. NO. 245, TOLEDO, OHIO

Editor:

As it has been some time since Local No. 245 has been heard from in the WORKER I thought it was about time to let the brothers know what was going on in Toledo.

To start with, Local Union No. 245 has again entered into a new agreement with the Toledo Edison Company, which carries with it some few things that may be of interest to the membership. First of all, we get a 10 per cent raise in wages for all classes of employees, or 88 cents per hour for linemen, first class, and 77 cents for second class. Men in the transformer and underground department also get 88 cents per hour. The new agreement was also changed to read double time for Sundays and holidays instead of time and one-half, and that we are through working at 11.30 on Saturday instead of at 1 o'clock as the old contract read. The local also got the right to have their business agent on the company's premises at all times and at all grievances and arguments.

I might say at this time that it was through the untiring efforts of International Representative Ray Cleary and our faithful business agent, the old war horse, Bro. Oliver Myers, and several of the more active members that we got what we did, as the company tried on more than one occasion to inveigle some of the weaker members into believing they were better out of the organization than they were in. But by a little persuasion I think all will see their mistake sooner or later and in the future not be so easily inveigled into believing everything the company tells them. In general everybody seems to be pretty well satisfied with the conditions that will prevail for one more year or until June 15, 1924.

As to working conditions here in Toledo at the present time, they are not so rosy and we have several brothers out of work; so if any brother contemplating coming this way will delay for a few weeks longer we may have something to offer, as there is not a whole lot of work going on at present, it being too soon after contract signing time and as the company laid off several members just prior to June 1, you know it would hardly look right to take on too many

men right away, although they have plenty of work that has to be done soon or fall down. We all hope that sooner or later we may have plenty of work for the boomer brother.

I might add also that there is a small company, the Northwestern Light and Power Company, doing business in several of the beach and summer resort towns near here that are hiring all union men and paying the scale, but as for the telephone company it is the same old story—the boys working there cannot find enough money to pay dues and so have to be satisfied with what "Mother Bell" offers them.

The men over at the city police fire alarm and telegraph job also are parleying with the administration for a raise to \$1 per hour and as this is campaign year, we figure they will have little trouble getting an increase also without any argument.

As news is somewhat scarce and not many boomers coming in of late to tell us what is actually going on in the world, I will have to close, but wish to say that I just heard that our sister Local, No. 32, of Lima, is going to have trouble with the Ohio Power Company and for all brothers to stay away from there until further notice. So will close by kicking out the breakers and going to the feathers, for tomorrow is another working day and that old tower wagon is just as high and as hard to get on to on Wednesday as any other day. Good-night all.

WILLIAM BARGER,
Recording Secretary.

L. U. NO. 443, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Editor:

As I got by last time I will try again.

First. A wise word of advice in the editorials—pay your dues promptly and help the International Officers, help your secretary and in case of death it will help your beneficiaries. Our insurance is the best step forward that the International Officers and the I. B. E. W. have taken and if we will help by paying our dues promptly it will continue to be a grand success.

Brother McGillinay gives some good and sound advice. If the young members will wake up and help the old heads we will be able to get somewhere. Bro. W. A. Lobby, of L. U. No. 113, certainly says the right thing when he says that the members that are the backbone and spine of this great organization with the assistance of our International Officers should go ahead and

TOBACCO

Habit Cured or No Pay

Any form, cigars, cigarettes, pipe, chewing or snuff
Guaranteed, Harmless. Complete treatment sent
on trial. Costs \$1.00 if it cures. Nothing if it fails.
SUPERBA CO. E-59 BALTIMORE, MD.

get a home started for our old and crippled members. With the insurance such a grand success let's get busy.

Bro. Jas. P. Gleeson, of L. U. No. 182, you do well; give us some more of the same kind. There are lots of members that know what the Chicago river was and what it is and what it would mean to close it.

Now a word about L. U. No. 443. Bro. J. W. Armestead has taken out the green ticket and gone back to his home, Local Union No. 84, after being with L. U. No. 443 since May, 1918. Good luck, John.

Bro. L. I. Hazel has gone to Local No. 345. The loss of No. 443 will be the gain of No. 345 and they will find Bro. Hazel O. K.

Bro. J. H. Reese joined the trouble gang June 23, 1923. Took unto himself a wife. Brother Reese, may you always be as happy through life as you were Saturday night, are the wishes of L. U. No. 443.

L. U. No. 443 is trying to get in all the good timber or any that we think will split straight and are having some success in organizing and will have Bro. Frank Swir with us soon and with his help I think we will get the best part of the unorganized.

If the editor will pass this I will try to do more next time. With best wishes of success to the International Officers and all Local Unions.

Fraternally,
E. A. WOODWORTH,
Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 567, PORTLAND, ME.

Editor:

During the past two years this local has been working in conjunction with the contractors under a so-called gentleman's agreement. Perfect harmony has prevailed at all times, neither party has voiced complaint, all requests for conference have been properly attended and the wage scale of 80 cents per hour has been maintained.

This agreement was reached after some little difficulty with the contractors and was only conceived after forcing the issue to the last resort, and then in consideration of very unsettled conditions and a complication in which the contractors were subject to a loss of \$1,000 bond to the association they had organized, we decided to humble our pride a little and enter into this covenant, each taking the other on his honor.

As before stated, there has been no dis-sension nor general cause for regret except that we seemed to be drifting aimlessly and apparently subjected to the power of the contractors in event of a crisis.

Recently, in view of an abnormal amount of work and excellent prospects, due to a stimulus of building in Portland, while other crafts were securing more money and signing one and two year agreements, we decided to present a proposition to the electrical contractors, requesting an advance of 10 cents per hour and a signed agreement for one year.

Immediately, and before we could present our proposition through proper channels, the contractors voluntarily raised the wage scale to 85 cents per hour, following which announcement we requested them to meet us in conference. Our committee, accompanied by Bro. Chas. Keaveney, our International Representative (who was in Portland at that time in behalf of Local No. 333, who were involved in difficulty with their employees, The Cumberland County Power & Light Co.), calling informally on each contractor and notifying him of the conference meeting. With the exception of two small contractors and one of prominence, Mr. Elmer E. Emmons, of the L. W. Cleveland Co., our committee was ignored and also our second request upon which it was considered necessary to take abrupt action, which was done.

Some amusing propaganda, purported to be drawn up by the contractors, was circulated among the boys in the form of a letter and signed by the various shops who distributed it defining working conditions at this time, the abnormal amount of work, expressing the belief that the majority of members were too conservative to want a strike at this time and emphasizing the excessive wage of 85 cents per hour.

This article was somewhat misleading in its general application concerning several vital points, which became an issue, but were later cleared up, a sort of misunderstanding when they found that the local stood firm in its determination to get what we went after, for the conservatives were far in the minority and the immediate prospect of a strike hustled everyone into the third and last conference.

One of the "jokers" discarded was perhaps somewhat amusing, since it appears that as Mr. Keaveney was present at the time of notification, some of the contractors figured that the intent of the signed agreement clause we insisted on was instigated by the International rather than Local No. 567, and thereupon absolutely refused to enter any conference with the boys with Mr. Keaveney present. Evidently the association remembered vividly the clash of two years ago when Mr. Keaveney and the local came out victorious, but his mission on this occasion was not interpreted correctly since he had not been as-

AUTOMATIC TIMER

for Ford Cars—positively prevents all timer trouble—Automatically gives proper spark for all speeds—Does away with spark lever. Back-kick practically impossible—No more broken arms or ruined starting systems—saves gasoline, gives more power—easier starting—steadier pulling. Sold on money back guarantee—Every Ford owner will buy at \$3.50. Agents wanted. Big profits. AUTO SUN PRODUCTS CO., Dept. 56, Cincinnati, O.



signed to us nor had there been any trouble.

Hard work by the conference board backed by unanimous confidence of the local with the assistance of Brother Keaveney, who threw himself into the thick of the fight, has gradually threshed the chaff from the wheat and contractors who had expressed themselves as willing to pay \$1 per hour and eliminate the signed agreement, have fallen into line and cooperated with us in getting all we went after and they found that Local No. 567 is not governed by conservatives, that they are not a bunch of dumb-bells, but a live wire organization, capable of matching wits against wits and presenting principles backed by good business methods.

From my own personal point of view, I take pleasure in stating that all our meetings have been devoid of any bitter feelings or expression toward the contractors as often times prevails during such occasions. This campaign has been one of right and sincerity of purpose as the failure of the methods of the opposition proved.

Through the columns of the Journal it is also my pleasure to express the unanimous approval of No. 567 in a tribute to Chas. Keaveney, our International Representative, and would suggest that any local being involved in difficulty may consider itself fortunate if Mr. Keaveney is assigned to them, feel confident in his integrity, accepting our recommendation that he conducts himself properly on a hard job, as better manifested by the results he obtains.

Special mention must be made of the fact that during this campaign our business agent, Joe Weaver, and his inseparable companion, known far and wide as Annette, rendered invaluable assistance to the conference committee. Imbued with the spirit of the mission depending on her resilient frame, Annette became again possessed with the willingness of her youthful days of long ago and bubbling and sparkling with effervescence such as only she can dominate, rolled gleefully and unceasingly on to conquer a new and totally strange (to her) campaign.

She has flivvered her way into the heart, soul and body of each one, earning their expressed approval, but inwardly determined eternal damnation until the campaign so far as the conference committee was concerned, became an endurance contest.

We are holding our annual election of officers shortly and this may be the last time I may have the privilege of representing No. 567 in this capacity. I think perhaps I can say I have enjoyed this correspondence. Perhaps I am taking this stand alone.

I have managed to get six or seven letters printed during the year and have done my best in my own way and since the monetary consideration is not sufficient to be compromising, I have enjoyed free rein, so

perhaps I cannot be accused of speaking representative of the local although I am confident I have not made any misrepresentation, certainly not intentionally.

Possibly I may at times have aroused protest from some brother with whom I may have taken unwarranted personal liberties. However, it is my opinion that the boys look the JOURNAL over a little closer on this account and since it is a mighty fine publication anyway, that is something desirous.

In closing my letter and my year, I wish to thank the editor for the attention he has always provided and all brothers who have maintained sufficient interest to read my correspondence, to express myself as fortunate to escape criticism and perhaps regretfully say good-bye.

Yours fraternally,
PRESS SECRETARY.

L. U. NO. 723, FORT WAYNE, IND.

Editor:

Well, here I am back again. I missed last month just because I didn't think the month was so far gone; didn't have time to get it in by the first.

We are traveling along here on a laborer's wages without prospects for any more. You boys all know how far you can get on 70 cents. The telephone boys have been pretty busy of late organizing the gangs and getting 100 per cent and are coming along great.

We were unfortunate this month as we lost one of our oldest brothers. Bro. Peter Mertz passed away. Death was due to cancer of the stomach and the doctors did everything possible but could not save him. We lost a true and loyal brother.

Fishing season opened June 16 on bass and blue gill. The brothers all had their fish stories. I will try to give you a few of them. Bro. "Red" Darby, the official fish worm digger of herd No. 2, claims the biggest fish caught the first two days. It was a pike and weighed 22 pounds 4 ounces, but he said he lost it just as he was ready to drag it over the side of the boat. His line snapped in two. It was a 35-pound test line. "Red" had blood in his eye the following day when he headed for the sporting goods store and the clerk who sold him the rotten line. Bro. "Shorty" Bickle claims the largest catch—12 bass and 200 blue gill. The law allows you to have only 50 blue gills in your possession at one time; so he must have

\$1.00

GEM SAFETY RAZOR

2

Buy 2 tubes of Welskin Shaving Cream at 50 cents per tube, or \$1.00, and a \$1.00 Gem Safety Razor, complete with blades, will be sent you Free. Clip this ad and send \$1.00. Your money back if not satisfied.

R. H. Breslin Co., P. O. Box 257
Dept. L. Brooklyn, N. Y.

netted at night and had a dray to carry them home. He beat all of the boys by 150 fish. Guess we will have to go with him the next time because he knows where they live.

Friday, June 22, we raffled off one of Brother Madden's famous black hickory fishing poles. The lucky guy was Harry Sutton, herder for City Light. Some think it was a put-up job, but it wasn't; the proceeds of the pole was for Brother Madden's benefit and he thanks the brothers and their friends one and all. Brother Binkley, of the Traction Company, put himself up a fine little bungalow and invites all the brothers to visit him. Brothers Baker and Hall, of Service Corporation, took a fishing trip on Sandusky Bay over Decoration Day. They were heading for the middle with Brother Hall casting and Brother Baker taking a quiet drink, when all of a sudden Baker got hit square in the mouth with the two big lead sinkers on the line, and Brother Baker pulled out his 38-40 and started shooting. He didn't know what struck him and it scared Brother Hall so bad he dropped pole and all into the lake. It must have been quite a trip.

Once again, brothers, let me remind you of Brother Madden's fish poles; they can't be beat. Write him at 438 West Fifth Street and he will fill any of your wants.

Well, it isn't long until convention time, so get acquainted with 723 delegate. If you are there just look up Robert E. Deel, better known as "Bob," and remind him of that nickel he owes me.

Well, guess that is about all the steam and sweat I can spare this time; my pencil is getting pretty hot. I will close until next issue.

HARRY LOTZ.
Press Secretary.

L. U. NO. 1097, GRAND FALLS, NEWFOUNDLAND

Editor:

The moving finger writes, and having writ,
moves on

Nor all your piety nor wit can call it back
to cancel half a line,

Or rub out one word of it.—Omar Khayyam.

And so events are recorded and deeds chronicled by the finger of Fate, the deeds and events in the life of the labor movement have been many. Unfortunately Local No. 1097 has not in the past made its record complete. The growth of any organization is a history, more particularly the vanguard of that organization. Well may we be termed the vanguard of organized labor, being the only unit of the I. B. E. W. in Newfoundland.

I trust that the editor will bear with me while I attempt to chronicle some of the late events in our history. I do not attempt to monopolize the whole correspondence section.

An effort was made to send a delegate to the Montreal convention held May 22, 1923,

but as this did not materialize, complete data was forwarded for presentation by international officers and the report of that convention had the hearty approval of our local. In keeping with the spirit of that convention delegations from the various organizations consulted the management of the A. N. D. Company to ask that they give the 5 cents per hour increase. This the company refused, but offered an increase of 5 per cent or from 1 cent to 4 cents per hour. The unions accepted this under protest and sent for their respective international officers. President Burke, of the P. S. & P. M. W.; Vice President Barry, of the P. M., and J. J. Dowling, for our Brotherhood, came to Grand Falls. An interview to discuss the wage schedule was refused them by the company. What then was the result of their visit? To my mind three things: (1) education, (2) organization and (3) cooperation; a better understanding or education of the labor movement tending to make a solid or 100 per cent union, and lastly, creating a greater feeling of unity between the different units of the A. F. of L. in Newfoundland. These factors are of more value to organized labor in Newfoundland at this particular time than any increase, for the latter must follow where the former exist.

At this juncture allow me, on behalf of our local, to pay a tribute to Brother Dowling, one whose undeviated consistency to fundamental principle, regardless of oppression by industrial autocracy, is admired and respected by us, and we trust that we may again have the pleasure of seeing him.

In future we hope to have a monthly letter in the JOURNAL in which we shall endeavor to give some of our heretofore unwritten history. In my next letter I will give latest particulars re electrical construction and the advance made by organized labor in the political arena of this country.

In closing I may state that the officers of our local for the coming year are: President F. M. Shapleigh; vice president, J. Sullivan; financial secretary, D. J. O'Flynn, recording secretary, A. Stewart; press secretary, L. Mosdell; foreman, G. Ryan; treasurer, R. Brown; second inspector, R. Griffin; first inspector pro-tem,

Fraternally yours,
PRESS SECRETARY.

INTERROGATION

As the days go by, are you seeing enough?

Have you time in your busy hours

To look at the haze on the distant hills

And the tints of your garden flowers?

For the healing sight of the young green trees,

And the blue of the autumn skies?

Have you time to remember your hungry heart

And feed it through your eyes?

Or do you see only the shop or street,

As over your work you bend?

The tool, the ledger, the long proof sheet—

Are you seeing enough, my friend?

—Olive Stevens.



MISCELLANEOUS



SYSTEM COUNCIL NO. 3

GEO. W. WOOMER

JULY FIRST recalls to mind July first, 1922, one year ago, when the greatest railroad strike this country has ever experienced had its beginning. On this first anniversary we can look back over the many incidents leading up to and after the strike and see where our every action was justified. The strike was an economic necessity and was the means of stopping the deflation process on railroad wages as well as putting a crimp in the open shop drive in all industries. At practically all points along the Pennsylvania anniversary mass meetings have been held and the men have re-affirmed their faith in the justice of their fight and are determined to win regardless of the time required to bring the victory. This first anniversary finds the shopmen still on strike on about 58 railroads and, judging by their own expressions, they are willing to celebrate more anniversaries on strike if the railroads wish to continue the fight.

The strike of the railroad shopmen brought benefits in many ways while, of course, it brought hardships as well. One of the benefits which we believe can be traced directly to the strike is the change in faces that will be apparent when the next Congress goes into action, due to the intelligent action of the workers last November. The strike gave thousands of men the opportunity to discuss matters as they had never done before; it also gave this most worthy (?) administration an opportunity to display their antagonism to the workers and their utter disregard for justice, which was another contributing factor in the awakening of last November. In our opinion the shopmen's strike, with the many issues that have been developed out of it, will be the last straw which will break the back of the present administration when they come before the people next year and we will see a real progressive administration take its place.

"Pennsylvania agrees to pay Government \$90,000,000" runs the headline on a two-inch article buried in the middle of the daily papers. Why? Because the kept press dare not give much publicity to such matters. For the past three years they have been filled with claims of their masters against the Government. Now along comes the Pennsylvania, the biggest complainer about their losses on account of Federal Control, agreeing to pay the Government NINETY MILLIONS for the

improvements made during Federal Control. Along with that agreement was the cancelling of all claims made by the Pennsylvania for under maintenance, which was for some FORTY MILLIONS in one department. The Pennsylvania, along with all other roads, has been proclaiming to the world that the Government ruined their railroad during the war. The present action disproves all those statements. It is no wonder the expenses of the Railroad Administration were high when they were forced to spend the enormous amount of ninety millions on ONE railroad to put it in shape to handle the traffic. What was the amount spent on all roads?

The long expected, much discussed and perfectly harmless decision of the Railroad Labor Board censuring the Pennsylvania for their failure to apply Decision 218 has been received. The decision upholds all of the contentions made by our organization and makes some very direct charges against the railroad. One statement as follows covers almost the entire case:

"While professing its acceptance and observance of the principle of employee representation, it has set up a system which throttles the majority and establishes the representation of a coerced and subservient minority proven originally to amount to about ten and one-half per cent (10.5%) of this class of employees."

The finding of the Board is stated in the following manner:

"The Railroad Labor Board under the authority of Section 313 of the Transportation Act, 1920, finds that the Pennsylvania System has violated Decision No. 218 of the Board, after the Supreme Court of the United States had upheld the Board's right to render said decision, and has thereby denied to its shop employees essential rights as laboring men to which Congress had declared them entitled."

Of course, this decision will not compel the Pennsylvania to settle the strike, nor to apply Decision 218. However, it will be one more link in the chain that will finally put all of the railroads under Government ownership where they can be operated for the service of all of the people and not for the profit of a few.

THE C. P. P. A.—WHAT IS IT?

By ARTHUR E. HOLDER

"C. P. P. A." stands for the Conference for Progressive Political Action, of which Wm. H. Johnston, president of the International Association of Machinists, is chairman, and Warren S. Stone, grand chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, is treasurer. They are members of the National Committee with:

D. B. Robertson, president, B. of L. Firemen and Enginemen.
 William Green, secretary, United Mine Workers.
 James Maurer, president, Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor.
 Joseph A. Franklin, president, Brotherhood of Boilermakers.
 E. J. Manion, president, Order Railroad Telegraphers.
 Sidney Hillman, president, Amalgamated Clothing Workers.
 Edward Keating, manager "Labor."
 Morris Hillquit, representative of Socialist Party.
 Benjamin C. Marsh, director, Farmers' National Council.
 Frederic C. Howe, chairman, Single Tax League.
 Basil M. Manly, director, People's Legislative Service.
 Benjamin Schlesinger, ex-president, Ladies' Garment Workers.
 H. F. Samuels, Progressive Party of Idaho.
 D. C. Dorman, Non-partisan League of Montana.
 George H. Griffith, Non-partisan League of Minnesota.
 Alice Lorraine Daly, Non-partisan League of South Dakota.
 J. B. Laughlin, People's Reconstruction League of Oklahoma.
 John M. Baer, cartoonist for "Labor" of North Dakota.

These well-known citizens, with many other prominent men and women, created the C. P. P. A. in Chicago on Washington's Birthday, 1922. They decided to exercise a strictly non-partisan influence in the political campaign of 1922 and to start early in the naming of candidates at the primaries who were pledged to the people's interest. They determined to attack foolish, old-fashioned, political party idolatry and eliminate from public life Senators and Representatives in Congress who had been responsible for the enactment of detested class legislation like the Cummins-Esch Transportation Act, and similar measures favored by the financial and social "blocs" which control the Government of the United States.

In every State and in every Congressional district where it was possible to arouse the interest of the people, the C. P. P. A. exerted its influence. The results of the campaign were truly marvelous, and disclosed the fact that the workers on the railroads, on the

farms, in the shops, mines, offices, factories, and schoolhouses crystallized their political strength and their devotion to good government in a more emphatic manner than in any previous election in the United States.

Largely because of the activity of the C. P. P. A. many undesirable United States Senators, or obnoxious aspirants were defeated, such as Poindexter of Washington; McCumber of North Dakota; Kellogg of Minnesota; Myers of Montana; Townsend of Michigan; Mondell of Wyoming; Pomerene of Ohio; Sutherland of West Virginia; New and Beveridge of Indiana; Frelinghuysen of New Jersey; Calder of New York; DuPont of Delaware.

In spite of the most bitter opposition by financial and industrial autocrats, twelve pronounced progressives were elected to the United States Senate—Robert M. LaFollette of Wisconsin; Brookhart of Iowa; Dill of Washington; Wheeler, Montana; Frazier of North Dakota; Shipstead of Minnesota; Ferris of Michigan; Ralston of Indiana; Howell of Nebraska; Copeland of New York; Edwards of New Jersey; Bayard of Delaware. Nine Senators with satisfactory records were reelected—Pittman of Nevada; Ashurst of Arizona; King of Utah; Kendrick of Wyoming; Reed of Missouri; Gerry of Rhode Island; Swanson of Virginia; Trammel of Florida; McKellar of Tennessee.

In Pennsylvania, strenuous efforts were made by the C. P. P. A. to nominate and elect William J. Burke, of the Order of Railway Conductors, to the United States Senate. Henry Cabot Lodge, a notorious business agent of special privilege from Massachusetts was barely reelected.

For the House of Representatives 137 new members were elected to the 68th Congress, 93 undesirables were defeated, 13 saw the handwriting on the wall and voluntarily quit. Most of the hard-boiled partisans who have favored pernicious class legislation for the favored few will not trouble the producers of the nation again in the House of Representatives.

The experiences gained by the workers in the campaign of 1922 are undoubtedly the most valuable lessons ever learned in behalf of self-government by the rank and file of our people. Their education in this particular was self-administered. They were at once their own teachers and their own pupils. The climax of the vigor, determination, and intelligence with which they conducted their local, State and Federal campaigns was enough to convince the most stupid or the most bigoted observer that the working people of the United States refused to be party idolaters or pawns upon the political chess board of money lords, landlords, and industrial lords.

They are determined to retain their all-American non-partisan conference for Progressive Political Action. They will extend

the scope of this organization in every State and every Congressional district. They will fortify it with their services and their contributions. They will bring forward for public recognition men and women from their own ranks—those who have been tested and trusted with the destinies of their associates in economic, educational and fraternal activities.

The men and women responsible for this movement realize that if there is ever to be a real government "of the people, by the people, for the people" then the people must take a greater responsibility unto themselves and participate in all the affairs of public life so that a real reign of law and order will prevail.

Administrative government, as we now know it, is controlled by special privilege, manipulated under private license for the personal profit of the financial and social "bloccs." It must be ended for all time in these United States of America.

Of course the workers realize their campaign in 1922 was only a skirmish and preliminary to the greater contest they will wage in the presidential year, 1924.

In that year meddlers, muddlers and mutts who dance as marionettes to the music of dictatorial corporations will be swept out of Congress, the Federal departments, and the White House.

Nineteen twenty-four will become memorable as the year when every-day Americans will assert their political independence and take control of their own government without interference by, or dictation from, a minority of class-conscious wealth manipulators.

Myself

I have to live with myself
and so
I want to be fit for myself
to know;
I want to be able as
days go by
Always to look myself
straight in the eye.
I don't want to stand with
the setting sun
And hate myself for the
things I've done.
I don't want to keep on
a closet shelf
A lot of secrets about
myself,
And fool myself, as I come
and go
Into thinking that nobody
else will know
The kind of man I really
am,
That I'm bluff and bluster
and empty sham.
I never can hide myself
from me;
I see what others may
never see;
I know what others may
never know;
I want to be able to
like myself;
I just want to look at
myself and know;
I don't want to dress up
just for show.
I want to go out with
my head erect;
I want to deserve all men's
respect,

And here in the struggle
for fame and self
I never can fool myself,
and so
Whatever happens I want
to be
SELF RESPECTING AND
CONSCIENCE FREE.

(Found tacked on a wall in a switchman's shanty.)

'Tis destiny that makes us brothers.

None goes his way alone;
All that we send into the hearts of others
Comes back into our own.

I care not what his temple or his feast is,
One thing holds firm and fast,
That into his faithful heap of days and deeds
The soul of a man is cast.

—Edwin Markham.



Electricity at your finger ends

Know the facts in Electricity. They mean more money and better position for you. Hawkins' Guides tell you all you need to know about Electricity.

Every important electrical subject covered so you can understand it. Easy to study and apply. A complete, practical working course, in 10 volumes.

Books are pocket size; flexible covers. Order a set to-day to look over.

HAWKINS GUIDES

3500 PAGES \$1 A VOLUME
4700 PICTURES \$1 A MONTH

These books tell you all about —

Magnetism — Induction — Experiments — Dynamos — Electric Machinery — Motors — Armatures — Armature Windings — Installing of Dynamos — Electrical Instrument Testing — Practical Management of Dynamos and Motors — Distribution Systems — Wiring — Wiring Diagrams — Sign Flashers — Storage Batteries — Principles of Alternating Currents and Alternators — Alternating Current Motors — Transformers — Converters — Rectifiers — Alternating Current Systems — Circuit Breakers — Measuring Instruments — Switch Boards — Wiring — Power Stations — Installing — Telephone — Telegraph — Wireless — Bells — Lighting — Railways. Also many Modern Practical Applications of Electricity and Ready Reference Index.

SHIPPED TO YOU FREE

Not a cent to pay until you see the books. No obligation to buy unless you are satisfied. Send Coupon now—today—and get this great help library and see if it is not worth \$100 to you—pay \$1.00 a month for ten months or return it.

SEND NO MONEY

THEO. AUDEL & CO.,
72 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

Please submit for examination
Hawkins Electrical Guides
(Price \$1 each). Ship at once, pre-
paid, the 10 numbers. If satisfactory, I
agree to send you \$1 within seven days and
to further mail you \$1 each month until paid.

Signature _____

Occupation _____

Employed by _____

Residence _____

Reference _____

L. U.	NUMBERS	L. U.	NUMBERS	L. U.	NUMBERS
450	356701	356712	680	606507	606509
452	76836	76843	681	794961	795000
456	94682	94690	685	47881	47898
457	759489	759490	686	78021	78031
458	9317	9342	688	98825	98838
461	175634	175648	691	89452	89478
462	47496	47508	694	508153	508300
463	166722	166839	694	77670	77700
466	311514	311525	696	478376	478402
468	295548	295580	697	86406	86473
470	56163	56175	698	381792	381793
471	835558	835575	701	52294	52295
474	38674	38706	702	206491	206616
477	140048	140065	703	235630	235707
479	49294	49306	704	63761	63782
481	218571	218589	706	282641	282650
483	518448	518464	707	306798	306835
485	95114	95221	710	287609	287620
488	506881	506861	711	164676	164785
492	407729	407830	715	37790	37818
493	58058	58078	716	275384	275520
494	260321	260840	717	562368	562438
500	81321	81383	719	318173	318199
501	172747	172985	722	263391	263400
503	301590	301627	723	240890	240946
506	95035	95037	732	466302	466321
508	352218	352226	733	408324	408333
514	225011	225060	734	323464	323509
515	630741	630742	735	554347	554366
520	310336	310347	738	562963	562981
521	29938	29941	740	57048	
522	316134	316198	741	428171	428187
526	220189	220193	743	765472	765484
528	503698	503721	744	46339	46348
532	742095	742117	750	419468	419526
533	537460	537462	752	455022	455029
535	258593	258636	755	351366	351390
536	291152	291198	757	633779	633784
538	282029	282054	758	196156	196159
539	907684	907688	760	194471	194473
545	602727	602731	763	72479	72508
549	113131	113146	764	84673	84704
558	220238	220265	767	62760	62762
560	500688	500746	773	62155	62181
561	63455	63600	776	390318	390335
563	20514	20516	784	528691	528750
564	519122	519146	784	261751	261780
567	115156	115200	793	358187	358198
568	327103	327140	795	234780	234800
570	505550	505552	796	217958	217969
574	371816	371842	797	617911	617946
575	530464	530477	801	388745	388758
578	86011	86056	802	732238	732261
580	449188	449194	809	651315	651323
581	791961	792010	817	326740	326856
583	626544	626550	829	95332	95336
583	526051	526069	832	624951	624972
584	258112	258252	834	106765	106794
585	202524	202540	838	501355	501369
587	597671	597687	839	840506	840511
591	63216	63237	840	524564	524575
593	262974	262980	853	502313	502317
595	232632	232810	854	198205	198221
596	52052	52070	855	851891	851910
599	329444	329449	857	586911	586920
601	93246	93274	858	529802	529849
603	314047	314093	862	324879	324929
609	491739	491747	863	612340	612353
610	614012	614013	864	400651	400670
611	646257	646258	865	31870	31908
617	548729	548759	869	52951	52983
620	473317	473326	870	126950	126981
622	584362	584374	875	62497	62523
623	142260	142282	885	138826	138838
625	543104	543111	886	75893	75899
628	405094	405095	888	433057	433062
629	525475	525494	890	72072	72085
630	353109	353113	892	305328	305338
631	324557	324633	899	197584	
636	617717	617726	902	362340	362393
640	406398	406407	905	285980	285985
641	85649	85690	910	177369	177387
648	394251	394268	912	440231	440250
649	573426	573456	912	86701	86708
653	294554	294560	914	67041	67053
655	689445	689451	931	862171	862173
659	887308	887329	937	51236	51252
661	296062	296078	938	113508	113514
664	32984		944	512838	512850
666	558449	558491	944	519301	519319
669	402094	402107	948	24206	24247
670	805563	805569	953	577953	577969
677	372441	372451	956	53260	53280

MISSING

38—338745.
 40—362771-780, 799, 807.
 57—173597-603, 605-625,
 627-633, 635-639, 641-
 643, 645-672, 674-689,
 691-701.
 146—223176.
 194—875177-180, 199-200.
 214—236581-589.
 259—330884.
 334—276760-787.
 393—731208.
 439—833581-590, 592-593.
 488—506829-830.
 508—352217.
 536—291195.
 623—142276-281.
 648—394264.
 716—275381-383.
 797—617942-945.
 817—326739.
 858—529831-848.
 948—24222, 24227-24246.
 991—61111.
 1016—960101-105.
 1086—321046.

VOID

1—83131, 173, 241, 262,
 303, 339, 341, 359,
 216662, 518575, 628,
 634, 659, 707, 744.
 3—9180.
 5—347225.
 8—27928-27930.
 17—267197.
 20—128736, 829.
 28—512192.
 33—55806-812, 814, 833390.
 39—175348.
 43—181316.
 47—598216, 220.
 53—219791-800, 903.
 59—207344.
 66—98610, 98632.
 82—187303, 309, 432.
 83—516523, 634, 636.
 90—76716.
 99—129542.
 101—329348.
 110—262799.

L. U.	NUMBERS	L. U.	NUMBERS	L. U.	NUMBERS
111	912621-620.	681	794994.	82	187296-321.
124	261460, 524.	691	89461.	83	233472-480.
146	223170, 183.	694	508253.	156	84366-84384.
155	417122.	703	235635, 651, 685.	303	309645, 653, 657, 663,
159	84981.	711	164712, 773.	665.	
194	875201.	723	240894.	317	534232-244.
202	61147-150, 193, 241.	744	428184.	321	223091-098.
223	127642-644.	744	46347.	501	172566-570.
227	199906.	750	519484.	536	291141-150.
247	311552, 523.	763	72506-72507.	609	491725.
277	309087.	795	234780.	723	240850.
292	210312-320.	797	617917, 940.	738	562961.
294	363610.	839	501366.	795	234777.
308	74275.	855	851908.	858	529800.
325	587674, 688, 694.	864	406657.	870	126937.
335	451637, 641-642.	865	31871, 31875.	902	362320.
354	299286, 289.	870	126953.	948	24202.
364	330985.	953	577968.	996	775420.
369	257384.	962	115443, 445, 449.	1033	154921.
381	505436.	967	70466.	1142	303521-527.
382	191927, 929.	996	775425, 430.		
408	295569.	1086	321072.		
415	310630.	1154	56873, 876, 891, 906,		
426	484293.		910, 938.		
466	311524.				
474	38677.				
492	407812.				
494	260582.				
526	220191-192.				
522	742102, 105.				
539	907686.				
561	63554.				
599	329448.				
609	491725.				
622	584362-366.				

PREVIOUSLY LISTED MISSING—RECEIVED

39	175328-454.
50	526904-919.
57	173471-491, 493-530,
	534, 550, 561.
59	207341-342, 344-345,
	347-429.
71	866157-159.

BLANK

20	128847-850.
245	315545.
437	307600.
581	792010.
706	282646-650.

PREVIOUSLY LISTED VOID —NOT VOID

95	889288.
----	---------

THE EIGHT-HOUR DAY

The establishment of the eight-hour work day through organized effort has been one of the most important steps made in human progress and development.

The eight-hour work day has opened up opportunities for the workers denied them under the old system of ten and twelve hours.

The difference between the longer and the shorter work day has been used by the workers for their general improvement, for rest, recreation and education, and for the promotion of the things that go to make up a better, happier and more contented life for all.

Among its many activities no movement of organized labor stands out more prominently than does the fight for the shorter work-day, with the possible exception of the fight for the right to organize.

There is no phase of our national life where progress has been made that does not reflect in that progress improvements which come as a result of the eight-hour day, directly or indirectly.

The desire of the workers to have a shorter work day is not because they want to evade their responsibilities to give full service.

Labor has learned that the shorter work day has given more time to think, and while recognizing that it is an honor as well as an obligation that all must work, there must also be time for rest, recreation, education and development, and even though all must work in order to live, human life must be protected and prolonged to the fullest period through the shorter work day and that which comes from it, as against the old system of selfish greed and exploitation which gives no opportunities or hope for the future.

The shorter work day has proven to all fair-minded men by the most severe tests that it is fundamentally sound, and where it has been in operation for many years the eight-hour day and the 44-hour week have brought most satisfactory results.

Only those who are not in sympathy with organized labor's aims and purposes, those who are selfish and who are not interested in human progress, oppose the establishment of the eight-hour work day, but this opposition will not stop the onward trend of this movement for economic and social betterment.

The shorter work day means progress and the world is progressing. Organized labor is keeping step.—Exchange.

THINKING TROUBLE

Don't think trouble. It may become a habit. Be brave and utter a cheerful word in place of the complaining tone. Keeping silent in an atmosphere of discord attracts to you peace and serenity instead of pain and sorrow. "As a man thinketh in his heart, so is he." No greater truth was ever uttered. As soon as a person stops thinking trouble and goes to thinking joy then joy will materialize.

LOCAL UNION DIRECTORY

(1) Lineman. (t) Trimmers. (f) Fixture Hangers. (p) Powerhouse men. (b.o.) Bridge (p.o.) Picture Oper-
 (i) Insidem. (c) Craneman. (mt.) Maintenance. (t.o.) Telephone. Operators.
 (m) Mixed. (c.s.) Cable splicers. (s) Shopmen. (r.r.) Railroad Men.

L. U.	LOCATION	REC. SEC. AND ADDRESS	FIN. SEC. AND ADDRESS	MEETING PLACE AND DATE
(1)	St. Louis, Mo.	Walt O'Shea, 4848a Labadie Ave.	J. J. Hartman, 4318 N. 21st St.	3003 Olive St.; 2d, 4th Fridays.
(12)	St. Louis, Mo.	Ed. O'Keefe, 3000 Easton Ave.	Dan Knoll, 3000 Easton Ave.	3000 Easton Ave.; Fri.
(13)	New York, N. Y.	Geo. W. Whitford, 130 E. 16th	Chas. J. Reed, 130 E. 16th St.	245 E 84th St.; Every Thurs., 8 to 11 p.m.
(m)	New Orleans, La.	W. Graham, 308 S. Cortez St.	H. Herkinderkin, 3033 Chippewa	822 Union St.; 2d, 4th Wed.
(15)	Pittsburgh, Pa.	Monte Getz, 607 Bigelow Blvd.	J. F. Manley, McGeeah Bldg.	607 Bigelow Rd.; Every Fri.
(16)	San Francisco	H. P. Brigaerts, 200 Guerrero St.	J. H. Clover, 200 Guerrero St.	Building Trades Temple; Every Wed.
(17)	Springfield, Mass.	W. T. Kavanaugh, 221 Summer	W. J. Kenefick, 21 Sanford St.	19 Sanford St.; Every Mon.
(8)	Toledo, O.	W. C. Tracy, 3207 Cambridge Ave.	Chas. C. Potts, 1055 Orchard St.	Labor Hall; Every Mon.
(18)	Boston, Mass.	Catherine M. Reilly, 34 Hecla St., Dorchester, Mass.	Emily R. Coleman, 1192 Boylston St., Chestnut Hill, Mass.	3 Boylston Pl.; 2d, 4th Mon.
(19)	Chicago, Ill.	Harry Slater, 2901 Monroe St.	L. M. Fee, 2901 Monroe St.	2901 Monroe St.
(m)	Butler, Pa.	R. F. Knittle, 144 N. Main St.	B. E. Forsythe, 817 Elm St.	Un'td Lab. Convention Hall; 2d, 4th Tues.
(m)	Pueblo, Colo.	H. J. Hutt, box 70	Ed. Carlson, Box 70	Labor Temple; Every Thurs.
(m)	Dover, N. J.	Archibald Boyne, Box 278, War- ton, N. J.	Russell Pope, 17 West Blackwell	Labor Temple; 2d, 4th Fri.
(14)	Pittsburgh, Pa.	E. L. Huey, 139 Carrington Ave., N. S.	L. W. McClenahan, 3rd Floor, City Bldg., Ohio Federal St.	McGeah Bldg.; 1st Fri.
(15)	Jersey City, N. J.	R. A. McDonald, 87 Palisade Ave.	A. M. Baxter, 532 Mercer St.	583 Summit Ave.; 1st, 3d Tues.
(16)	Evansville, Ind.	Frank Smith, 1506 W. Delaware	E. E. Hoskinson, 1227 S. 8th St.	315½ S. 1st St.; Every Sun.
(17)	Detroit, Mich.	Wm. McMahon, 274 E. High St.	Wm. Frost, 274 E. High St.	274 E. High St.; Every Thurs.
(18)	Los Angeles, Calif.	F. Bartholomew, Rm. 112, La- bor Temple.	F. Bartholomew, Room 112, Labor Temple.	Labor Temple; Thurs.
(1-c.s.) 20	New York, N. Y.	Leon Irving, 583 5th Ave., As- toria, L. I., N. Y.	Leon Irving, 583 5th Ave., As- toria, Long Island, N. Y.	Central Opera House; Every Friday.
(21)	Philadelphia, Pa.	John G. Farrell, 68 S. 28th St., Camden, N. J.	H. Weber, 2545 Turner St.	McDermott Hall; 1st, 3rd Friday.
(2)	Omaha, Nebr.	Slaven, 1101 No. 18th St.	J. M. Andersen, 3355 N. 58th St.	Labor Temple; Tues.
(26)	Washington, D. C.	Wm. F. Kelly, Room 60, Hutchins Bldg., 10th and D Sts. N. W.	B. A. O'Leary, Room 60, Hutchins Bldg., 10th and D Sts., N. W.	Musicians' Hall; Every Thurs.
(127)	Baltimore, Md.	J. Shipley, 535 E. 23d St.	I. Everett, 304 Cole Ave.	1222 St. Paul St.; Every Tues.
(128)	Baltimore, Md.	S. E. Young, 1113 No. Bond St.	T. J. Fagen, 1222 St. Paul St.	1222 St. Paul St.; Every Friday.
(129)	Trenton, N. J.	Fred Rose, 105 Parkinson Ave.	Broad and Front Sts.; 1st, 3d Thurs.	C. L. U. Hall; 2d, 4th Fri.
(130)	Erie, Pa.	G. A. Holden, 2915 Pine Ave.	Jas. W. Pusey, 146 E. 12th St.	Trades Union Hall; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(m)	Duluth, Minn.	Frank Berg, 819 E. 3d St.	Wm. Murnian, 915 E. 4th St.	219½ S. Main St.; 1st, 3rd Mon.
(m)	Lima, Ohio	V. H. Effinger, 535 E. Franklin St.	S. M. Meldy, 558 Hazel Ave.	S. N. Mill St.; Every Fri.
(m)	New Castle, Pa.	H. P. Callahan, 122 Cochran Way	J. P. Merrilees, 303 Young St.	Labor Temple; 2nd, 4th Wed.
(134)	Peoria, Ill.	Wm. Burns, 207 Clark St.	I. V. Young, 1231 Seneca Place.	104 Asylum St.; Every Fri.
(135)	Hartford, Conn.	Walt G. Cramer, 104 Asylum St.	Chas. H. Hall, 104 Asylum St.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3rd Thurs.
(m)	Sacramento, Calif.	E. J. Berrigan, Box 38, Labor Temple.	W. E. Streepy, 325½ Eye St.	Eagles' Hall, 1st, 3rd Thurs.
(m)	New Britain, Conn.	Louis Allen, Box 495.	Thos. F. Stanton, 61 Garden St.	Labor Temple; Every Tues.
(1)	Cleveland, Ohio.	E. J. Cavan, 2536 Euclid Ave.	A. D. Shiland, 2536 Euclid Ave.	2175 E. 9th St.; Every Thurs.
(139)	Cleveland, Ohio.	Jos. Lynch, 1820 Forestdale Ave.	Bert Sutherland, 3519 W. 41st St.	6412 Hollywood Blvd.; Every Thurs.
(s)	Los Angeles, Calif.	J. H. Lytgens	E. Meisel, 1306 Las Palmas Ave.	270 Broadway; Tues.
(141)	Buffalo, N. Y.	R. Left, 322 Rhodeland St.	G. C. King, 460 Olympic Ave.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Fri.
(142)	Utica, N. Y.	R. Brigham, 1225 Miller St.	W. T. Gardiner, 1025 Mohawk	149 James St.; Fri.
(143)	Syracuse, N. Y.	R. E. Nicholson, 115 Cook St.	J. B. Young, Box 331	Fraternal Bldg., 2d, 4th Fridays.
(m)	Rochester, N. Y.	F. Miller, 1192 E. Main St.	W. A. Buckmaster, 306 Parsells Ave.	48 No. Eagle St.; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(145)	Buffalo, N. Y.	John Allison, 85 Central Ave., Lancaster, N. Y.	James R. Davison, 254 Rodney Ave.	Room 10, Labor Temple; Wed.
(146)	Seattle, Wash.	H. E. Laughlin, 1726 46th Ave., S. W.	Frank Tustin, Room 317, Labor Temple.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Tues.
(1)	Sioux City, Ia.	J. E. Johnson, Box 102.	H. L. Rudy, Box 102.	Hall "F." Labor Temple; 1st, 3rd Wed.
(148)	Portland, Ore.	F. K. Reed, 685 Hawthorne Ave.	F. C. Ream, 1251 E. 17th St.	Labor Temple; 2d, 4th Wed.
50	Oakland, Calif.	R. E. Swain	Geo. Wagner, 1110 Raleigh Way, Piedmont, Calif.	Franklin and Jefferson; 1st, 3d Tues.
(151)	Peoria, Ill.	T. Burns, 206 No. Main St., E. Peoria, Ill.	Fred V. Klooz, 316 Pope St.	262 Washington St.; Every Tues.
(152)	Newark, N. J.	Albert Bell, 3 W. Park St.	Edw. A. Schroeder, 262 Wash. St.	Labor Temple; Tuesday.
(1)	Kansas City, Mo.	Chas. O. Cotton, 1623 Bellevue	Jos. Cloughley, 923 Orville Ave., Kansas City, Kans.	21½ N. Front St.; 2d, 4th Tues.
(154)	Columbus, Ohio.	W. L. Davis, 36 N. Front St.	C. L. Williams, Worthington, Ohio.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3rd Tues.
(m)	Des Moines, Ia.	G. Cook, 3300 2d St.	Ike Johnson, 1353 Sheridan Ave.	17th and State; 2d, 4th Wed.
(156)	Erie, Pa.	A. M. Schick, 1111 Walnut St.	E. N. Falls, 1109 E. 30th St.	55 Adelaide St.; Tues.
(o)	Salt Lake City, Utah	J. J. McAfee, 115 2d Ave.	W. E. Fullows, 603 So. 6th St.	Labor Temple; Every Mon.
(158)	Detroit, Mich.	F. K. Harris, 55 Adelaide St.	P. K. Harris, 55 Adelaide St.	Trade Council Hall; Every Wed.
(159)	Dallas, Tex.	W. H. Melton, Labor Temple.	W. L. Kelsey, Labor Temple.	223 W. Federal St.; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(160)	San Antonio, Texas.	Frank M. Howry, 103 Gorman St.	Wm. Canze, 119 White Ave.	S. B. of A. Hall; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(162)	Youngstown, Ohio.	E. Hughes, 150 E. Marion Ave.	W. J. Fitch, 133 Renita Ave.	Resh Hall; Tues.
(m)	Warren, Pa.	F. M. Scheaffer, 207 Jackson Ave.	A. A. Keller, 116 Main Ave.	Cooks and Waiters' Hall; Every Fri.
(w)	Youngstown, Ohio.	Bert Walsh, Box 195	Leo Witt, P. O. Box 195	Labor Temple; Every Wed., 8 p. m.
(165)	Butte, Mont.	Clem Burkard, 402 So. Main St.	W. C. Medhurst, Box 846	Quincy Labor Temple; 2d, 4th Mon.
(m)	Houston, Tex.	H. Gutzwiler, 205 Hoegerman St.	J. E. Berry, P. O. Box 451	1737 Champa St.; Every Mon.
(m)	Quincy, Ill.	Warren Hartzele, 801 Adams St.	B. J. Floetkoetter, 727 N. 16th St.	Labor Temple; Every Mon.
(168)	Denver, Colo.	Jack Flattery, 149 Meade St.	F. J. Kelly, 3112 Raleigh	50½ W. Gay St.; 1st, 3rd Mon.
(169)	Dallas, Tex.	J. L. Walker, P. O. Box 827	T. D. Betts, P. O. Box 827	Labor Hall; 4th Mon.
(170)	Columbus, Ohio.	John McGeehan, Box 1082	R. W. Michael, Box 1082	Carpenters' Hall; 2d, 4th Fri.
(172)	Waco, Tex.	T. S. Cox, Box 814	Claude Doyle, P. O. Box 814	109½ E. Main St.; 2d, 4th Wed.
(173)	Spokane, Wash.	J. J. Kline, E. 914 Erwin	W. A. Grow, 5208 Jefferson St.	
(rr)	Danville, Ill.	Leslie Cunningham, 722 Bryan Ave.	W. S. Weaver, 303 N. Alexander St.	
(175)	Gr'd Rapids, Mich.	Leslie Watson, 447 Highland St.	Chas. Anderson, 1432 Wilcox Park Drive.	Trades and Labor Hall; Fri.

L. U.	LOCATION	REC. SEC. AND ADDRESS	FIN. SEC. AND ADDRESS	MEETING PLACE AND DATE
(t)76	Tacoma, Wash.	A. J. Newton, Labor Temple, 1151 1-2 Broadway	Roy Hunt, Labor Temple, 1151 1-2 Broadway	Central Labor Hall; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(ca)78	Cleveland, Ohio	J. S. Sheldon, Suite 3, 5902 Quinly Ave.	Leo A. Connors, 14016 Castalie Ave., N. E.	Dunlavy's Hall, 2d, 4th Mon.
(t)79	Syracuse, N. Y.	James Fitzgerald, 613 McBride	James E. Dibble, 319 Craddock St.	Myers Hall; Fri.
(m)80	Norfolk, Va.	Ray Swartz, 519 No. Hyde Park Ave.	E. J. Gates, 846 41st St.	I. O. O. F. Hall; Wed.
(m)81	Scranton, Pa.	J. W. Howell, 122 Stillwater Ave.	Robt. Brown, 209 E. Pease Ave.	Owls Hall, 2d, 4th Mon.
(t)82	Dayton, Ohio	C. J. Geishush, 540 Maple Ave.	W. Carrollton, Ohio.	Labor Temple; Every Mon.
(t)83	Los Angeles, Calif.	J. L. Carver, Box 669	R. C. Collier, 540 Maple Ave.	Labor Temple; Every Wed.
(m)84	Atlanta, Ga.	Fred E. Schult, 405 Pleasant St.	J. Childress, Box 639	112 Trinity Ave.; Every Thurs.
(s)85	Schenectady, N. Y.	J. J. Downs, 229 Pennsylvania Av.	C. V. Platto, 32 Front St.	258 State St.; 3d Fri.
(m)86	Rochester, N. Y.	Fred D. Haynes, 45 N. Arch St.	A. L. Knauf, 34 Wilhaington St.	Musicians' Hall; Every other Wed.
(rr)87	Newark, Ohio	Cliff Murtimer, 430 Western Ave.	G. E. Tagg, 209 No. Buena Vista St.	Engineers' Hall, E. Church St.; 2d, 4th Tues.
(m)88	Chillicothe, Ohio	Wm. Dedrick, 96 Church St., West Haven.	C. B. Maddox, 98 Maple Ave.	Trades and Labor Hall; 2d, 4th Tues.
(m)89	Crawfordsville, Ind.	Arthur Czech, 336 W. Church Ave.	W. V. Symmes, Box 82	Rm. 13, K. of P. Bldg., Market and Wash.; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(t)90	New Haven, Conn.	Otto West, 1022 Rockwell St.	H. Wyatt, 215 Meadow St.	215 Meadow St.; 1st, 3d Tues.
(m)93	E. Liverpool, Ohio	N. Graham, 713 Moffett Ave.	Arthur Czech, 336 W. Church Ave.	Fowler Bldg.; 1st, 3d Fri.
(m)94	Kewanee, Ill.	J. A. Lynch, 62 Madison St.	O. G. Smith, 852 Pine St.	1022 Rockwell St.; 2d, 4th Fri.
(m)95	Joplin, Mo.	J. S. Meade, 1807 Spring Garden St.	W. E. Hough, 2222 Connor Ave.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Fri.
(m)96	Worcester, Mass.	Paul R. Duell, 9 Summer Pl.	Was. Rice, 62 Madison St.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Mon.
(t)98	Philadelphia, Pa.	Ellis Cribbs, 1549 Lake Drive, S. E.	W. S. Godshall, 1807 Spring Garden St.	1807 Spring Garden St.; Every Tues.
(t)99	Providence, R. I.	O. D. Finch, 1917 Touluunne	Jack B. Kennedy, 116 Orange St.	72 Weybosset; Every Mon.
(t)100	Fresno, Calif.	Ben Lloyd, 1313 Vine St.	O. D. Finch, 1917 Touluunne	1917 Touluunne; 1st, 3d Tues.
(t)101	Cincinnati, Ohio	Robt. Sigler, 401 Ellison St.	Louis H. Helfrich, 556 York St.	1313 Vine St.; 1st, 3rd Wed.
(t)102	Paterson, N. J.	Frank R. Sheehan, 30 Tapon St., East Boston.	C. Campbell, Box 41, Clifton, N. J.	359 Van Houten St.; Every Friday.
(t)103	Boston, Mass.	H. W. Shivers, 10 Ashland St., Malden, Mass.	J. T. Fennell, Scenic Temple, No. 1 Warren Ave., Berkeley St.	Scenic Temple, No. 1 Warren Ave., Berkeley St.; Every Wed.
(m)104	Boston, Mass.	Paul R. Duell, 9 Summer Pl.	J. S. Mahoney, 18 Woodbridge St., Cambridge, Mass.	Paine Men Bldg.; Thurs.
(m)106	Jamestown, N. Y.	Ellis Cribbs, 1549 Lake Drive, S. E.	F. J. Kruger, 909 Spring St.	Central Labor Hall; Alternate Mon.
(m)107	Grand Rapids, Mich.	B. W. Stewart, 5110 Wilson Ave.	A. E. Greiner, 441 Storrs St. S. E.	Trades and Labor Hall; every Tues.
(m)108	Tampa, Fla.	J. C. Curry, 1614 23th Ave., Moline, Ill.	J. E. Ellis, Box 602	Ross and Nebraska Ave.; Fri.
(t)109	Rock Island, Ill.	L. P. Kelly, 406 S. Franklin St.	A. Asplund, 807 29th St.	Industrial Hall; 4th Mon.
(t)110	St. Paul, Minn.	Chas. Groves, 2921 Vallejo	R. W. Holmes, 406 So. Franklin B. E. Sutton, 1317 14th St.	406 So. Franklin St.; 1st, 3d Mon.
(t)111	Denver, Colo.	W. M. Caseldine, 3407 W. Jef- ferson St.	John F. Choep, 916 E. Oak St.	1737 Champa; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(t)112	Louisville, Ky.	E. E. Norman, 720 S. Tejon	Tom Mackey, 605 E. Willamette	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Mon.
(m)113	Colo. Springs, Colo.	Theo. Worts, 540 4th Ave., No.	Harman Brown, 835 9th Ave., So.	Rm. 312, Woolworth Bldg.; Every Fri.
(m)114	Fort Dodge, Ia.	Chas. Muroc, 11 East 3d St.	H. S. Broles, 201 Jennings Ave.	Labor Temple; 1st 3d Tues.
(t)116	Fort Worth, Tex.	J. Costello, 732 Cedar Ave.	J. W. Hilton, 323 Perry St.	Musicians' Hall; Every Tues.
(m)117	Elgin, Ill.	A. C. Hormuth, 1111 So. 2nd St.	H. S. Newland, 506 S. 11th	Woodman Hall; 1st, 3d Wed.
(m)119	Temple, Tex.	Walter Costello, 497 Quebec St.	L. G. Smith, 807 Maitland St.	Over Busy Bee; 2nd, 4th Sun.
(m)120	London, Ont., C.	Earl Beker, Box 385	D. Goggans, Box 385	C. O. F. Hall; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(m)122	Great Falls, Mont.	E. W. Kaufman, 1302 E. 41st St.	H. N. Taylor, 1933 Prospect Ave.	Painters' Hall; Every Tues.
(t)124	Kansas City, Mo.	B. Amundsen, 408 Labor Temple	W. E. Bates, 498 Labor Temple	Labor Temple; Every Thurs.
(m)125	Portland, Oreg.	Ray Thornton, 432 Florence St.	Ray Thornton, 432 Florence St.	Labor Temple, Hall "J," 4th and Jeffer- son; 2nd, 4th Friday.
(m)127	Kenosha, Wis.	Fred Brown, P. O. Box 335	Raymond K. Simms, P. O. Box 345	German-American Hall; 2nd, 4th Wed.
(m)129	Elyria, Ohio	T. E. Todd, 813 Carondelet St.	H. M. Muller, 822 Union St.	Painters' Hall; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(t)130	New Orleans, La.	O. Brown, 201 N. West St.	P. G. Pountain, 2038 Burdick St.	822 Union St.; Every Fri.
(m)131	Kalamazoo, Mich.	J. Helmg, 38 Walkhill Ave.	T. E. Hodge, 183 Linden Ave.	Metal Trades Hall; Mon.
(t)133	Middletown, N. Y.	Robt. Brooks, 1597 Ogdan Ave.	Syl. Williams, 1507 Ogdan Ave.	Gunter Bldg.; 1st Thurs.
(t)134	Chicago, Ill.	R. A. Hill, 609 No. 10th St.	Theo. Strauss, 526 N. 9th St.	Union Park Temple; Every Thurs.
(m)135	La Crosse, Wis.	A. H. Vickers, 2015 Ave. "H"	C. M. Baker, 2212 Easley Ave.	427 Jay St.; 1st, 3d Tues.
(m)136	Birmingham, Ala.	Leon Ireland, 696 3rd St.	Frank Rafferty, 254 Morton Ave.	United Temple; Every Tues.
(m)137	Albany, N. Y.	Irving E. Jensen, 715 Park Place	Emil Moderhak, 369 W. 5th St.	130 Madison Ave.; 3d Tues.
(m)139	Elmira, N. Y.	H. A. Boink, 620 Smith St.	Chas. Dickson, R. F. D. No. 7	Painters Hall, 2d, 4th Mon.
(t)140	Schenectady, N. Y.	A. H. Sarver, 152 18th St.	E. Hagen, 2230 Jacob St.	258 State St.; 1st, 3d Wed.
(t)141	Wheeling, W. Va.	John Hedson, Room 1109, Tre- mont Bldg.	Wm. Glacken, Room 1109, Tre- mont Bldg.	Labor Temple; 2d, 4th Fri.
(to) 142	Boston, Mass.	A. H. Morrow, 410 Hummel St.	Ira Davis, 1272 State St.	Room 1109 Tremont Bldg.; Fri.
(t)143	Harrisburg, Pa.	Geo. Kossieck, Box 431	Chas. J. Winter, Box 431	221 Market St.; 2d, 4th Mon.
(t)146	Decatur, Ill.	G. W. Bergling, 414 10th St. S. E.	G. W. Bergling, 414 10th St. S. E.	Carpenters' Hall, 260 No. Water St.; 2nd, 4th Fri.
(rr)148	Washington, D. C.	F. Wilcox, 19 Deerpath Ave., Lake Forest, Ill.	W. F. Vetter, 401 McDaniel Ave., Highland Park, Ill.	414 10th St. S. E.; 4th Fri.
(t)150	Waukegan, Ill.	J. Hansen, 24 Ramsel St.	Geo. Flatley, 112 Valencia St.	218 Wash. St.; 1st, 3d Wed.
(t)151	San Francisco, Calif.	J. V. Steinberger, Box 522	John Ward, Box 715	Carpenters' Hall; Every Thurs.
(rr)152	Deer Lodge, Mont.	Louis Shannon, Lock Box 134	Otto Dietl, Box 134	I. O. O. F. Hall; Fri.
(t)153	South Bend, Ind.	Wm. Thompson, 621 E. 12th St.	R. C. Hemphill, 3125 Brady St.	134 1/2 No. Main St.; Every Thurs.
(t)154	Davenport, Ia.	J. C. Estill, Box 251	B. R. Millican, 21 W. 8th St.	Odd Fellows Hall; 2d, 4th Wed.
(m)155	Okla. City, Okla.	H. A. Meetz, 914 Crooks St.	Chas. Funkhouser, Box 251	Carpenters' Hall; Tues.
(t)156	Fort Worth, Texas	W. C. Fielman, 113 So. Carroll St.	Wm. Hogan, R. F. D. No. 7, College Hills, Madison, Wis.	Musicians' Hall; 1st, 3d Wed.
(m)158	Green Bay, Wis.	Jos. Swatara, 79 3rd St., Turner Falls, Mass.	Manrice P. Rowce, Box 150, So. Deerfield, Mass.	213 N. Wash.; 2d, 4th Tues.
(m)159	Madison, Wis.	H. W. Eaton, 1212 Broadway	Arthur Upton, 4314 Westport Ave., Kansas City, Kans.	Madison Labor Temple; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(t) 161	Greenfield, Mass.	Harold V. Deubler, 35 So. Ben- nett St., Kingston, Pa.	Briece McMillan, 88 S. Bennett St., Dorranceton Post Office, Kingston, Pa.	Labor Hall; 1st Thurs.
(rr)162	Kansas City, Mo.	Frank X. Belanger, 1809 Summit Ave.	Maxwell Rubnitz, 731 Hoffman Ave., Jersey City, N. J.	Carmens' Hall; 2nd, 4th Mon.
(m)163	Wilkes-Barre, Pa.	R. L. Rieger, Labor Temple	P. Evans, Labor Temple	24 Simon Long Bldg.; Every Thurs.
(t)164	Jersey City, N. J.	Walter Egl, 1007 So. 9th St.	C. C. Derr, 902 R St.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Tues.
(t)166	Lincoln, Nebr.	T. E. Radle, 178 No. 10th St.	S. C. Alsdorf, 115 Ash St.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Tues.
(t)168	Fresno, Calif.	T. E. Cherry, 418 So. Schuler	L. C. Stiles, Box 158	Trade Labor Hall; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(m)172	Newark, Ohio	J. C. Fournier, 514 Lansing St.	W. M. Williams, 308 E. 4th St.	Labor Hall; 1st, 3d Tues.
(m)173	Ottumwa, Ia.			Central Labor Hall; 1st, 3d Tues.
(m)175	Chattanooga, Tenn.			

L. U.	LOCATION	REC. SEC. AND ADDRESS	FIN. SEC. AND ADDRESS	MEETING PLACE AND DATE
(m) 176	Joliet, Ill.	R. V. Allen, 716 S. Ottawa St.	R. G. Worley, 104 Cagwin Ave.	Schoettes Hall; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(m) 177	Jacksonville, Fla.	A. Wilson, 548 N. Stockton St.	E. C. Valentine, Box 475, So. Jacksonville, Fla.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Mondays.
(i) 178	Canton, Ohio	J. Swarts, 1116 Auburn Pl. N. W.	Jas. Strow, 1725 14th St., S. W.	Moose Hall; 1st, 3d Mon.
(i) 179	Norristown, Pa.	Wm. Fritz, 731 W. Lafayette St.	L. E. Whitman, 702 Stanbridge	Norristown Cooperative Hall; 1st, 3d Tues.
(m) 180	Vallejo, Calif.	W. A. Durnall, Home Acres.	E. C. Reed, 320 Farragut Ave.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3rd Wed.
(i) 181	Utica, N. Y.	Wesly Walsh, 7 Frederick St.	Frank A. Snyder, 51 Herkimer Rd.	Labor Temple; 2d, 4th Fri.
(wo) 182	Chicago, Ill.	A. J. Cullen, 2816 Hillock Ave.	Geo. McLaughlin, 307 No. Franklin St.	19 W. Adams St.; 2d, 4th Fri.
(i) 183	Lexington, Ky.	J. J. Sweeney, 517 Maryland Ave.	L. D. Kitchen, 367 Rose St.	Central Labor Hall; 1st, 3d Mon.
(m) 184	Galesburg, Ill.	Hugh Marry, 290 West 2d St.	W. A. Wood, 540 Jefferson St.	Richardson & Marry Elec. Co.; 1st Mon.
(m) 185	Helena, Mont.	Frank Lawrence, Box 32.	W. S. McCann, Box 267.	Fraternal Hall; 1st, 3d Tues.
(s-mt) 186	Gary, Ind.	P. E. Thompson, 70 Cherry Ave.	W. M. Tucker, P. O. Box 32.	K. of P. Hall; 1st, 3d Fri.
(m) 187	Oshkosh, Wis.	T. A. Corby, S. W. cor. King and Fishburne Sts.	E. B. Nichol, 127 Central Ave.	Labor Hall; 1st, 3d Tues.
(i) 188	Charleston, S. C.	O. Almvy, Labor Temple.	W. F. Schulken, 43 Bull St.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Fri.
(m) 191	Everett, Wash.	Jas. Trainor, 51 Downes Ave.	J. M. Gibbs, 3119 Oakes Ave.	Labor Temple; Every Mon.
(i) 192	Pawtucket, R. I.	W. L. Hinkle, 120 So. Glenwood Ave.	Andrew Thompson, 38 South St.	21 N. Main St.; 1st, 3d Tues.
(i) 193	Springfield, Ill.	W. L. Hinkle, 120 So. Glenwood Ave.	F. C. Huse, 625 W. Hernan St.	Painters' Hall; 2d, 4th Wed.
(i) 194	Shreveport, La.	L. T. Rogers, Box 740.	H. C. Rogers, Box 740.	Majestic Bldg.; Mon. Night.
(bo) 195	Milwaukee, Wis.	Jos. B. Velt, 479 14th Ave.	Louis Brandes, 377 26th St.	300 4th St.; 2d Wed., 8 p. m.
(i) 196	Rockford, Ill.	S. Sassali, 787 N. 1st St.	Henry Fortune, 916 Elm St.	Machinists Bldg.; Every Fri.
(i) 197	Bloomington, Ill.	Clarence Bolsfield, 1204 E. Washington St.	L. E. Reed, 620 S. Clinton.	308 1/2 W. Front St.; 4th Wed.
(m) 199	Oskaloosa, Iowa	Thomas Roe, Box 483.	J. H. Jamison, 109 F. Ave. W.	Trades Labor Hall, 2d, 4th Mon.
(m) 200	Anacosta, Mont.	Clyde Webster, 219 E. 2d St.	Ed. A. Mayer, 603 E. 4th St.	I. O. O. F. Hall; Every Fri.
(m) 201	Coonersville, Ind.	Wm. C. Crane, 57 Mt. Vernon St., Braintree, Mass.	E. A. Pearson, R. R. No. 1.	Electrical Workers' Hall; 1st, 3d Tues.
(c) 202	Boston, Mass.	A. N. Murdoch, 3421 Francis St.	John T. Danehy, 119 Evans St., Dorchester, Mass.	Ancient Landmark Hall; 1st, 3d Wed.
(rr) 205	Omaha, Nebr.	J. W. Hinton, 104 Gibson Pl.	Frank Speed, 2761 Burt St.	Labor Temple; 2d, 4th Tues.
(m) 206	Jackson, Mich.	R. Warner, P. O. Box 141.	E. Wideman, 537 S. Park Ave.	Labor Hall; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(i) 207	Stockton, Calif.	P. C. Lamborn, 605 Wheatland Ave.	Frank Kinne, P. O. Box 686.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Fri.
(m) 209	Logansport, Ind.	Chas. Swapp, Clayton Cottage, 116 N. South Carolina Ave.	H. Whipple, 121 Humphrey St.	Trades Assembly Hall; 1st, 3d Fri.
(i) 210	Atlantic City, N. J.	W. A. Morley, 1620 Atlantic Ave.	D. C. Bach, Apt. 12, Majestic Apts., 147 St. James Place.	1620 Atlantic Ave.; Tues.
(i) 211	Atlantic City, N. J.	W. B. Slater, 2540 Ladell St.	J. P. Scott, 1020 Arctic Ave.	1620 Atlantic Ave.; Mon.
(i) 212	Cincinnati, Ohio	D. S. Pallen, 1811 Trafalgar St.	Arthur Liebroad, 39 E. 12th St.	12th and Walnut; 1st, 3d Wed.
(to) 213	Vancouver, B. C.	J. A. Wright, 3251 W. Madison	E. H. Morrison, 148 Cordova St. W.	118 Cordova St. W.; Mon.
(rr) 214	Chicago, Ill.	Clarence Fay, 16 Lagrange Ave., Arlington, N. Y.	J. A. Cruise, 3221 Crystal St.	4122 West Lake St.; 1st, 3d Fri.
(i) 215	Poughkeepsie, N. Y.	J. J. Hines, 24 Southard St.	Chas. Smith, 74 Delafeld St.	Bricklayers' Hall; 2d, 4th Mon.
(rr) 217	Trenton, N. J.	A. Billig, 520 Bell Ave.	Jos. A. Wohlwend, 233 Academy	Rhsam Bldg.; 1st, 3d Fri.
(m) 218	Sharon, Pa.	Joe Malshofer, 9211 W. Jackson St.	Geo. Keetley, 447 Harrison St.	Carpenter's Hall; 2d, 4th Fri.
(m) 219	Ottawa, Ill.	R. C. Betteridge, 265 West North St.	Walter C. Lindemann, 228 1/2 W. Madison St.	Labor Hall; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(i) 220	Akron, Ohio	F. H. Lindsey, Box 524.	Geo. Embrey, 684 Marview Ave.	5 E. Buchtel Ave.; Every Mon.
(i) 221	Beaumont, Tex.	Matthew J. Brennan, Jr., 1 East Main St., Avon, Mass.	A. R. Spencer, River Road, W. Bridgewater, Mass.	I. O. O. F. Hall; 2d, 4th Sat. Rm. 26, 126 Main; Every Wed.
(i) 222	Brookton, Mass.	Geo. Sanderson, 683 Brock Ave.	J. H. Griffin, 69 Morgan St., Fairhaven, Mass.	Theatre Bldg.; Mon.
(i) 224	New Bedford, Mass.		H. H. Bernier, 18 Winchester St.	Carpenters' Hall; 1st Mon., Norwich; 2nd Tues., Westerly.
(m) 225	Norwich, Conn.		J. L. Lewis, 1715 Park Ave.	418 Kansas Ave.; 1st, 3d Wed.
(i) 226	Topeka, Kans.	C. J. Maunsell, 222 E. Euclid Ave.	H. E. Broome, Box 58.	Labor Hall; 1st, 3d Sun.
(m) 227	Sapulpa, Okla.	Wm. Rogers, P. O. Box 981.	Geo. Small, 454 Prospect St.	York Labor Temple; 3d Thurs.
(m) 229	York, Pa.	H. W. Deardorff, 266 So. Richmond Ave.	W. Reid, 2736 Asquith St.	Labor Hall; Every Mon.
(m) 230	Victoria, B. C.	F. Shapland, 88 Willington Ave.	C. B. Price, 2211 So. Cypress St.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Tues.
(i) 231	St. Louis, Mo.	B. J. Gibbons, 240 E. 8th St.	Nick Mertes, 519 Whitney St.	Corcoran Hall; 1st, 3d Tues.
(m) 232	Kaukauna, Wis.	Wm. Reardon, 140 E. Tobacco St.	H. W. Herriger, 546 Springfield Ave.	262 Wash. St.; Wed.
(i) 233	Newark, N. J.	Geo. Lucas, 618 S. 5th St.	E. L. Dahl, 302 1st Ave.	Trades and Labor Hall; 1st Tues.
(m) 234	Brainerd, Minn.	Arthur Nixon, 173 Shores St.	F. B. Campbell, 122 Winthrop St.	I. O. O. F. Bldg.; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(i) 235	Taunton, Mass.	Elmer C. Cate, 1010 N. Bloomington St.	Ed. Soens, 314 W. Grant St.	306 E. Main St.; Alternate Wed.
(i) 236	Streator, Ill.	O. V. Barber, 750 16th St.	C. A. Weber, 729 Willow Ave.	Orlores' Hall; 2d, 4th Fri.
(i) 237	Niagara Falls, N. Y.	A. D. Harrison, 624 Haywood Rd., W.	E. B. Murdock, Box 24, W.	Teagues Drug Store; 1st, 3d Mon.
(i) 238	Asheville, N. C.	Paul Williamson, Labor Temple.	F. B. Long, Labor Temple.	Labor Temple; 4th Wed.
(m) 239	Williamsport, Pa.	Chas. G. Erdman, 123 W. Front	Max Oudenburg, 118 W. 8th St.	Labor Assembly Hall; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(m) 240	Muscatine, Iowa	H. C. Rose, 202 Center St.	L. J. Culligan, 313 Washington	K. of C. Hall; 1st, 3d Wed.
(i) 241	Ithaca, N. Y.	L. L. McWatty, 127 Abercorn	R. Fowler, 127 Abercorn	DeKalb Hall; Fri.
(i) 242	Savannah, Ga.	William Barker, 561 Norwood Ave.	Oliver Myers, Labor Temple.	Labor Temple; Every Tues.
(i) 243	Toledo, Ohio	E. V. Anderson, P. O. Box 700	J. M. Wines, Box 700.	Over Georges Restaurant; Mon.
(m) 244	Steubenville, Ohio	Herbert M. Merrill, 228 Liberty	Jas. Cameron, 213 4th St., Scotia, N. Y.	253 State St.; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(s) 247-b	Schenectady, N. Y.	S. C. Swisher, 359 No. 13th St.	S. C. Swisher, 359 No. 13th St.	Labor Temple; Every Fri.
(i) 250	San Jose, Calif.	Clifford Wood, 1103 E. Washington St.	Ed. Hines 1211 White St.	Labor Temple; Main St.; 2d, 4th Wed.
(i) 252	Ann Arbor, Mich.	J. P. Lawler, 1918a Bacon St.	Edward P. Carr, 3112S Morganford Rd.	Rock Springs Hall; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(rr) 253	St. Louis, Mo.	M. T. Northup, 6 Forest Rd.	J. J. Callahan, 720 Hattie St.	253 State St.; 1st, 3d Mon.
(m) 254	Schenectady, N. Y.	S. J. Talaska, 2809 W. Santorn Ave.	C. F. Manley, 217 East 2d St.	Eagles' Hall; 2d Wed.
(m) 255	Ashland, Wis.	Joseph La Rose, 135 North St.	Harry L. Frye, 21 East St.	C. L. U. Hall, 1st, 3d Tues.
(m) 256	Fitchburg, Mass.	Wilfred Wilde, 37 Broadway, Pawtucket.	Walter Barrows, 79 George St., Pawtucket, R. I.	Labor Temple, 70 East Ave., Pawtucket R. I.; 1st, 3d Fri.
(i) 258	Providence, R. I.	P. J. Dean, Box 251.	Roy Canney, Box 251.	145 Bates St.; 1st, 3d Mon.
(i) 259	Salem, Mass.		Irwin D. Hiestand, 506 Oakland Ave.	Cockeys Hall; 1st, 3d Wed.
(rr) 260	Baltimore, Md.	Frank Pope, 73 Grandview Ave.	Russell Hann, 113 Johnston Ave.	Building Trades Hall; 2d, 4th Mon.
(m) 262	Plainfield, N. J.	Geo. Meyers, 520 Wilbur St.	William Koch, 2740 Elm St.	Carpenters' Hall; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(i) 263	Dubuque, Iowa	R. H. Cruse, 2314 Randolph St.	Oscar Schon, Labor Temple.	Labor Temple; 1st, 2d Thurs.
(m) 265	Lincoln, Nebr.			

L. U.	LOCATION	REC. SEC. AND ADDRESS	FIN. SEC. AND ADDRESS	MEETING PLACE AND DATE
(d) 266	Sedalia, Mo.	Harry Inch, 1301 S. Ohio St.	C. R. Carpenter, 719 E. 4th St.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Fri
(c) 267	Schenectady, N. Y.	A. Y. Gould, 521 Chrysler Ave.	J. W. Cain, Route No. 6	258 State St.; Last Sat.
(m) 268	Newport, R. I.	H. F. Buzby, 98 Warner St.	F. C. Gunnert, 78 3d St.	Music Hall; 1st, 3d Fri.
(c) 269	Trenton, N. J.	Jos. Powers, 112 So. Broad St.	Jos. Powers, 112 So. Broad St.	Electricians' Hall; Every Mon.
(m) 271	Wichita, Kans.	B. T. Wilson, 339 N. Lawrence Ave.	Ross W. Chiles, Box 158	119 S. Lawrence Ave.; Every Mon.
(m) 272	Clinton, Iowa	Pay R. George, 209 Elm St.	E. N. Hicks, 209 1/2 E. Elm St.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(d) 273	Muskegon, Mich.	W. E. Gerst, 54 Jackson St.	Geo. Bontempo, 85 E. Isabella St.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(m) 276	Superior, Wis.	H. E. Tilton, 1929 Tower Ave.	C. O. Boswell, 2121 John Ave.	Labor Hall; 1st, 3d Tues.
(d) 277	Wheeling, W. Va.	H. Duckworth, Bridgeport, Ohio	H. Vermillion, 1925 Chapin St.	Labor Temple; Every Thurs.
(c) 279	Grafton, W. Va.	J. B. Ward	T. D. Moran, 124 Warder Ave.	
(m) 281	Anderson, Ind.	Loren Read, 322 Milton St.	Ed. Thompson, 1916 Jefferson St.	Red Men's Hall; 2nd, 4th Wed.
(m) 282	Chicago, Ill.	John McGeever, 5415 S. May St.	Robt. Ryan, 5716 S. Peoria St.	5415 S. Ashland Ave.; 1st, 3d Fri.
(m) 285	Pera, Ind.	Riley Quince, 423 W. 24 St.	J. B. Johnston, 261 W. 5th St.	Labor Trades Hall; 2d, 4th Mon.
(m) 286	New Albany, Ind.	Fred Heartel, Glenwood Pl.	Francis H. Welch, 2019 Elm St.	Old Fellows Hall; 2d, 4th Tues.
(rr) 287	Ogden, Utah	Ed. Smith, 2647 Monroe Ave.		Eagles' Hall; 1st Wed.
(m) 288	Waterloo, Iowa	W. H. Morris, 1293 Randolph St.	W. H. Webb, 314 Oak St.	Eagles' Hall; Every Thurs.
(m) 290	Bartlesville, Okla.	Fred A. Smith, Casselberry Elect. Company	L. J. Mosley, Keener Elect. Co.	Room 36, over Bartlesville Decorating Co.; 1st and 3d Mon.
(m) 291	Bode, Idaho	C. E. Gardner, Box 525	R. F. Murphy, Box 525	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(d) 292	Minneapolis, Minn.	S. S. Erickson, 225 So. 5th St.	G. W. Alexander, 225 S. 5th St.	225 So. 5th St.; 2d, 4th Mon.
(m) 294	Hibbing, Minn.	L. H. Mahood, Box 707	L. H. Mahood, Box 707	Public Library; 2d, 4th Tues.
(d) 295	Little Rock, Ark.	Ben A. Pearson, 1814 Maple St.	P. H. Beale, 421 West 3rd St.	Labor Temple; 2nd, 4th Thurs.
(m) 296	Berlin, N. H.	John Hayward, 119 Mannerling	Ora A. Keith, 1659 Main St.	K. of P. Hall; 1st, 3d Mon.
(m) 298	Mechanic City, Ind.	R. P. Benson, 601 Pine St.	W. S. Young, 1392 Kentucky St.	Labor Hall; 2d, 4th Fri.
(d) 300	Albany, N. Y.	Ray Andrews, 10 Holley St.	A. Dickens, 59 Aspen St.	Mantel Hall; 2d, 4th Fri.
(m) 301	Texarkana, Texas	T. A. Collins, 2209 Pecan St., Texarkana, Ark.	T. A. Collins, 2209 Pecan St., Texarkana, Ark.	Maccabees Hall; 2d, 4th Mon.
(m) 302	Martinez, Calif.	G. H. Armstrong, Box 574	C. J. Campbell, 707 Los Juntas	Moose Hall; Sat.
(m) 303	St. Catharines, Ont., Can.		Thos. Dealy, 108 York St.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Wed.
(m) 304	Greenville, Texas	F. W. Anderson, Box 45	E. R. Bradley, 3496 Eutopia St.	City Work Shop; 1st, 3d Wed
(d) 305	Fort Wayne, Ind.	G. W. Long, 1018 Barr St.	M. Braun, 1525 Taylor St.	Federation Hall; Every Wed.
(m) 307	Cumberland, Md.	Harry C. Smith, 221 Columbia St.	John E. Rosley, R. F. D. No. 1, La Vale, Md.	Alleghany Trades Hall; Thurs.
(m) 308	St. Petersburg, Fla.	C. Hudson, P. O. Box 522	Clifton L. Hinson, P. O. Box 522	L. O. O. M. Hall; Thurs.
(m) 309	E. St. Louis, Ill.	C. A. Ruple, 699 No. 25th St.	P. S. Rekl, Room 213, Arcade	367 Collinsville Ave.; Every Thurs.
(m) 310	Vancouver, B. C., Can.	L. Purdy, 3754 Inverness St.	F. G. Hearst, 3043 W. 42nd Ave.	Labor Temple; Mon.
(rr) 312	Snecore, N. C.	A. T. Sweet, Box 350	B. B. Everhart, 1618 N. Main St.	Woodman Hall; 1st, 3d Mon.
(m) 313	Wilmington, Del.	G. L. Brown, 614 Pine St.	G. L. Brown, 614 Pine St.	Labor Temple; 2nd, 4th Fri.
(d) 317	Huntington, W. Va.	R. B. Parsons, 1214 3d Ave.	E. I. Newman, 97 West 3rd Ave.	Plumbers Hall; 1st, 3d Wed.
(rr) 318	Memphis, Tenn.	B. R. Acme, Fountain City, Tenn.	E. H. Turner, 395 Caldwell Ave.	139 1/2 Gay St.; 2d, 4th Tues.
(m) 320	Manitowoc, Wis.	O. L. Anderson, 705 State St.	Edw. Krainik, 1210 Huron St.	Union Hall; 2d, 4th Mon.
(m) 321	LaSalle, Ill.	Edw. Blaine, 9th St.	Earl Gape, 655 Marquette St.	Post Hall; 1st, 3d Fri.
(m) 322	Casper, Wyo.	Fred J. Carr, 1130 So. Spruce St.	A. R. Gadhery, 1215 E. 2nd St.	Labor Temple; Tues.
(m) 323	W. P. Beach, Fla.	A. B. McCormick, 802 So. Rosemary St.	Stephen L. Harmon, 603 Evernia St.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3rd Fri.
(m) 325	Binghamton, N. Y.	Jas. Hastings, 35 Mitchell Ave.	Edw. B. Lee, Box 25, Johnson City, N. Y.	77 State St.; 2d, 4th Mon.
(m) 326	Lawrence, Mass.	Jos. Hutton, 42 Forest St.	E. A. McComiskey, 317 Lawrence St.	Spanish American Hall; 2d Fri.
(m) 327	Pensacola, Fla.	Wm. H. Davis, Box 25	Wm. H. Davis, Box 25	Manhattan Hotel, Cor. Garden and Boy-lan St.; 1st Tues.
(m) 328	Oswego, N. Y.	S. Waterman, 38 East 4th St.	Frank W. Gallagher, 79 E. 8th	Labor Hall, W. 1st St.; 1st, 3d Fri.
(m) 329	Shreveport, La.	G. H. Billasch, Box 740	L. L. Carroll, Box 740	Majestic Bldg.; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(m) 330	Lawton, Okla.	J. B. Sanders, 209 A St.	R. F. Hayter, 609 Dearborn St.	Chamber of Commerce Bldg.; Tues.
(d) 332	San Jose, Calif.	Frank Scheiley, 767 Morris St.	Edw. A. Stock, 528 S. 2d St.	Labor Temple; 2d, 4th Wed.
(d) 333	Portland, Me.	G. A. Morrison, 317 Deering Ave.	M. E. Crossman, 85 Market St., Suite 33	Pythian Temple; 1st, 3d Fri.
(m) 334	Pittsburg, Kans.	O. D. Black, Pole Apts.	Gen. De Armond, 129 W. 11th St.	Labor Temple; Thurs.
(m) 335	Springfield, Mo.	P. S. Ledy, 401 E. Commercial	F. S. Ledy, 401 E. Commercial	Service Elect. Co.; last Sat.
(m) 336	Manhattan, Kans.	John B. Lund, 1414 Fairchild Ave.	C. B. Custer, 1528 Poyntz Ave.	
(rr) 337	Parsons, Kans.	E. G. McGinnes, 1910 Stevens Ave.	G. A. Fitchner, Box 532	1816 1/2 Main St.; 1st, 3d Wed.
(m) 338	Denson, Texas	Jerry Gleason, 521 1/2 W. Gandy St.	B. W. Baldwin, 309 W. Woodard St.	Labor Hall; 2d, 4th Tues.
(m) 339	Ft. Wm., Ont., Can.	Wm. Hurlston, 232 Noral St., S.	C. Doughty, 137 W. Francis St.	Trades Labor Hall; 2d, 4th Tues.
(d) 340	Sacramento, Calif.	E. C. Turner, 706B H St.	F. R. Merwin, 2615 Donner Way.	Labor Temple; Mon.
(m) 341	Livingston, Mont.	H. A. Blache, P. O. Box 276	H. A. Blache, P. O. Box 276	Masonic Hall; 1st, 3d Wed.
(m) 343	Taft, Calif.	George Hamilton, Box 573	H. H. Rodgers, Box 573	Labor Temple; 1st, 2d Wed.
(m) 344	Prince Rupert, B. C., Can.		S. Massey, Box 437	Carpenters' Hall; 2d Fri.
(m) 345	Mobile, Ala.	A. D. Denny, 406 No. Claiborne St.	C. H. Lindsey, Dauphin & Alexandria Sts.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Mon.
(m) 346	Fort Smith, Ark.	Joseph M. Bumbacher, 1022 So. 17th St.	Joseph M. Bumbacher, 1022 So. 17th St.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(d) 347	Des Moines, Ia.	W. B. Burrows, Labor Temple	G. Hobbs, Labor Temple	Labor Temple; Every Fri.
(m) 348	Calgary, Alta., Can.	W. Schopp, 926 5th Ave., N. E.	A. J. Jorgensen, 714 8th Ave. W.	Labor Hall; 2d, 4th Wed.
(d) 349	Miami, Fla.	H. W. Ferguson, 135 W. Flagler St.	Geo. D. Bowes, Box 715	Carpenter's Hall; Every Wed.
(m) 350	Hannibal, Mo.	M. E. Crum, 1217 Ledford St.	Harry Baldwin, Route No. 1	Trades Labor Hall; 1st Tues.
(m) 352	Lansing, Mich.	Vick Lake, 616 River St.	R. A. Gaurt, 215 No. Walnut St.	115 1/2-117 1/2 E. Michigan Ave.
(m) 353	Toronto, Ont., C.	Jas. Naughton, 175 Brunswick Ave.	P. Ellsworth, 122 Galt Ave.	Labor Temple; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(tw) 354	Salt Lake City, Utah	Geo. Haglund, Box 213	W. J. Gilea, Box 213	Labor Temple; Wed.
(m) 358	Perth Amboy, N. J.	Willard Warner, 336 Barclay St.	Victor Larsen, 441 Crompton Ave.	Washington Hall; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(m) 361	Tonopah, Nev.	C. B. Burgess, Box 317	L. S. Peck, Box 325	Mechanics Hall; 1st Tues.
(d) 364	Rockford, Ill.	Jack Heirick, 1318 Crosby St.	C. E. Jorgensen, 293 N. Winnebago St.	Machinists Hall; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(m) 367	Easton, Pa.	J. E. Hurlbert, 612 Belmont St.	H. J. Stever, 722 Wolf St.	123 Northampton St.; 1st, 3d Mon.
(d) 368	Indianapolis, Ind.	J. F. Seaton, 1715 W. Market	Wallace Simmons, 238 No. Pine	Labor Temple; Fri.
(m) 369	Louisville, Ky.	H. M. Rowlett, 1407 Catalpa St.	E. L. Baxter, 266 West Jefferson	Moose Home; 2d & 4th Mon.
(m) 371	Monessen, Pa.	E. C. Enlow, Bellevue, Pa.	B. C. Enlow, Bellevue, Pa.	3d and Crest Ave., Charleroi, Pa.; 1st Tues.
(m) 372	Boone, Iowa	F. D. Ridpath, 362 16th St.	Geo. Smith, 611 W. 5th St.	Labor Temple; Wed.
(m) 374	Augusta, Me.	Herbert Dove, 4 Page St.	Hermann Melus, 45 Pearl St.	Grand Army Hall; 2d Tues.
(m) 375	Allentown, Pa.	James C. Wagner, 145 No. 5th St.	Wm. Deitz, 616 No. Fulton St.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Wed.
(m) 376	Princeton, Ind.	K. W. Montgomery, 327 W. State	D. M. Stormont, 304 S. Hart St.	Modern Woodmen Hall; 1st Tues.

L. U.	LOCATION	REC. SEC. AND ADDRESS	FIN. SEC. AND ADDRESS	MEETING PLACE AND DATE
(m) 377	Lynn, Mass.	E. L. Forrest, No. 1 Rhoades Ave.	F. A. Williamson, 37 Beacon Hill Ave.	Carpenters' Hall; 2d, 4th Tues.
373	Charlotte, N. C.	Jas. McKinstry, 210 N. Leaning-ton Ave.	H. C. Cope, 303 No. Poplar St.	165 N. LaSalle St.; 2d, 4th Tues.
(f) 381	Chicago, Ill.	L. A. Smith, 1337 Assembly St.	Harry Clauss, 1648 Morse Ave.	
(m) 382	Columbia, S. C.	H. B. Heeren, Gillespie, Ill.	Felix B. Green, 1807 Main St.	1615 Main St.; Tues.
(m) 383	Gillespie, Ill.	H. H. Shell, 309 No. 5th St.	C. E. Edwards, 1002 E. Main St., Staunton, Ill.	Cooperative Hall; 2d, 4th Mon.
(m) 384	Muskogee, Okla.	N. O. Nowlin	A. J. Thomas, Box 954	401 Railway Exchange Bldg.; Every Fri.
(rr) 385	Marshall, Texas	Raymond Abel, 12 Jay St.	N. O. Nowlin, No. Franklin St.	K. of P. Hall; 2d, 3d Fri.
(m) 388	Palestine, Texas	R. G. Gallagher, 1701 7th St.	G. C. Fairfield, 1001 E. Lacy St.	Trades Council Hall; 2nd, 4th Mon.
(m) 389	Glen Falls, N. Y.	T. Walcott, 724 4th Ave., S. E.	B. J. Gardephe, 122 Warren St.	Trades Assembly Hall; 2d Friday.
(m) 390	Port Arthur, Texas	W. A. Ryan, 59 Congress St.	Geo. T. Dunaway, 932 DuQuen Blvd.	Fulles Cafe; 1st, 2d Wed.
(i) 391	Ardmore, Okla.	Bryan A. Barickman, Box 479	M. A. Graham, 518 N. Wash St.	Carpenters' Hall; 1st, 3d Wed.
(m) 392	Troy, N. Y.	Geo. Greule, 233 Janet St.	I. S. Scott, Young Bldg., State	City Hall; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(i) 393	Havre, Mont.	Arthur Myshrell, 296 River St.	Bryan A. Barickman, Box 479	Havre Hotel; 1st, 3d Wed.
(i) 394	Auburn, N. Y.	J. L. Dyer, Box 145	Geo. Greule, 233 Janet St.	Mantel's Hall; 2d, 4th Wed.
(cs) 396	Boston, Mass.	F. A. Clayton, 1020 Sewall Ave.	Walter Aylward, 18 Ticknor St., So. Boston, Mass.	Well's Memorial Hall, 987 Wash.; 1st, 3d Wed.
(m) 397	Balboa, C. Z., Pan.		G. Edgar Murphy, P. O. Box 281	Balboa Lodge Hall; 2d Tues.
(i) 398	Lexington, Ky.		W. S. Weaver, 442 Chair Ave.	B. G. Fed. of Labor Hall; 2d, 4th Mon.
(m) 400	Asbury Park, N. J.		David O'Reilly, 129 Abbott Ave., Ocean Grove, N. J.	Winckler Hall; 1st, 3d Fri.
(m) 401	Reno, Nevada		Geo. I. James, 212 N. Virginia	Labor Headquarters; 1st Thurs.
(i) 402	Greenwich, Conn.	Herbert Bennett, Box 497, Harrison, N. Y.	W. D. Peck, 11 Lawrence St.	96 Greenwich Ave.; 2d Fri.
(rr) 403	Portsmouth, Ohio	O. H. Kinder, 1516 10th St.	N. L. Boren, 1914 7th St.	Red Men's Hall; Thurs.
(i) 405	Cedar Rapids, Ia.	T. D. Phelps, 354 So. 11th St. West.	W. H. Jennings, 1521 E Avenue East.	Labor Temple; 2d, 4th Wed.
(m) 406	Okmulgee, Okla.	J. R. Weiser, care of L. & H. Elec. Co.	Stanley Divers, 115 No. Taft St.	Eagles' Hall; 2d, 4th Mon.
(m) 408	Missoula, Mont.	B. A. Vickrey, 236 Wash. St.	J. H. Heydort, 701 S. 2d St., W. Leslie McLean, 303 3rd St. Niles, O.	E. Main St.; 1st, 3d Fri.
(m) 411	Warren, Ohio	W. P. Barto, 1419 Trumbler Ave.	John Brown, 712 De La Vine St.	Union Savings Trust Bldg.; 1st & 3d Wed.
(i) 413	Santa Barbara, Calif.	M. R. Martin, 130 West De La Guerrero St.		013½ State St.; Mon.
(rr) 414	Macon, Ga.	M. L. Ryan, 1118 Ash St.	J. F. McFarland, 786 Holt Ave.	509 Mulberry St.; 1st, 3d Wed.
(m) 415	Cheyenne, Wyo.	C. C. Stocker, 1018 Pioneer Ave.	C. C. Stocker, 1913 Pioneer Ave.	Moulton Electric Co.; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(m) 416	Bozeman, Mont.	H. Dale Cline, Box 515	H. Dale Cline, Box 515	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Tues.
(m) 417	Coffeyville, Kans.	O. Hall, 501 W. 1st St.	A. J. Koehne, 910 W. 10th St.	K. of P. Hall; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(m) 418	Pasadena, Calif.	J. A. Barbieri, 1150 Locust St.	W. R. Boyles, 1611 Paloma St.	Labor Temple; Fri.
(m) 420	Keokuk, Ia.	E. H. Rockefeller, 1618 Carroll	E. H. Rockefeller, 1618 Carroll	519½ Main St.; 1st, 3d Tues.
(m) 422	New Phila., Ohio	Carl Rippl, 248 E. Ray St.	J. D. Crissel, 326 No. 7th St.	Hammond Printing Co.; 1st, 3d Fri.
(rr) 423	Moberly, Mo.	Geo. Evans, 214 Wallcut St.	J. H. McCallum, 827 Myra St.	Carpenters' Hall; 2d, 4th Wed.
(rr) 424	Decatur, Ill.	James Quinn, 2129 E. Prairie St.	S. F. Wolf, 535 E. Olive St.	1164 E. Eldorado St.; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(m) 426	Sioux Falls, S. D.	L. Keefe, 1200 E. 9th St.	A. H. Baumgartner, 1403 S. Dakota Ave.	Egan Hall; 1st, 3d Mon.
(i) 427	Springfield, Ill.	A. F. Hughes, 1905 So. 19th St.	Fred Volle, 1017 No. 2nd St.	Painters' Hall; 2d, 4th Wed.
(m) 428	Bakersfield, Calif.	E. J. Sartley, Box 238	W. L. Maybe, Box 238	Labor Temple; Every Mon.
(m) 429	Nashville, Tenn.	F. E. Wheeler, 1108 Shelby Ave.	F. E. Wheeler, 1108 Shelby Ave.	212½ 8th Ave., N.; Wed.
(m) 430	Bacine, Wis.	J. E. Raven, 513 S. 8th St.	Otto Rode, 1819 Albert St.	Union Hall; 2d, 4th Wed.
(m) 431	Mason City, Ia.	E. F. Gorman, 221 So. Monroe Ave.	L. R. Batchelor, 924 N. Delaware Ave.	Labor Temple; 2d, 4th Tues.
(m) 432	Bucyrus, Ohio	Chas. Larcamp, East Charles St.	Frederick Baehr, 1112 E. Warren St.	Trades and Labor Hall; 1st, 3d Mon.
(m) 434	Douglas, Ariz.	J. C. McCunniff, 1021 B. Ave.	J. P. Johnson, Box 221	Union Hall; 2d, 4th Fri.
(m) 435	Winipeg, Man., Can.	A. Mackey, 577 Finley St.	J. L. McBride, Labor Temple	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Mon.
(m) 436	Watervliet, N. Y.	Chas. H. Kelsor, 1227 4th Ave.	Chas. H. Kelsor, 1227 4th Ave.	Maccabee Hall; 3d Sat.
(m) 437	Fall River, Mass.	Frank Mullen, 101 Adams St.	James Reynolds, 360 Durfee St.	Firemen's Hall; 2d, 4th Fri.
(i) 439	Akron, Ohio	H. E. Gray, 80 S. 11th St. Kenmore, Ohio.	W. O. Fisher, R. F. D. No. 24, Box 162 E. So. Akron.	Central Labor Union Hall; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(m) 440	Riverside, Calif.	V. W. Dundas, 293 Locust St.	J. A. King, 262 Barclay St.	Mechanics' Hall; 2d, 4th Fri.
(rr) 441	Spokane, Wash.	Ed. Thomas, Pendleton Hotel.	H. F. Conroy, Opportunity, Wash.	Carpenters' Hall; 4th Sun. and 2d Thurs.
(m) 442	Sturgeon Falls, Ont., Can.	J. T. Keith, Box 72	J. H. Gallagher, Box 24	Orange Hall; 1st & 3d Thurs.
(m) 443	Montgomery, Ala.	E. A. Woodworth, P. O. Box 1082	E. A. Woodworth, P. O. Box 1082	18½ N. Perry St.; Thurs.
(m) 444	Ponca City, Okla.	A. F. Dunkin, 117 No. 4th St.	A. F. Dunkin, 117 N. 4th St.	Labor Temple; Tues.
445	Battle Creek, Mich.	F. Jaehne, 420 Maple St.	J. H. Scott, R. F. D. 10, Box 51a	
(m) 446	Monroe, La.	J. L. Singhal, 112 Jackson St.	J. L. Singhal, 112 Jackson St.	Moose Hall; 2d, 4th Tues.
(m) 447	Sandusky, Ohio	Welby Weidman, 1416 Lindsley	Welby Weidman, 1416 Lindsley	Central Labor Hall; 1st, 3d Fri.
(m) 449	Pocatello, Idaho	J. H. Guymon, Box 196	J. H. Guymon, Box 196	Eagles' Hall; 2d, 4th Mon.
(to) 450	Worcester, Mass.			
(m) 452	Gloucester, N. J.	Wm. C. Storm, 1171 Morton St. Camden, N. J.	Thos. R. Dunlevy, 250 Woodlawn Ave., Collingswood, N. J.	Italian Hall; 1st, 3d Fri.
(rr) 454	Bluefield, W. Va.	M. B. Parks, P. O. Box 793	A. R. Woltz, 67 Rogers St.	Moose Hall; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(m) 456	New Brunswick, N. J.	W. J. Murray, 316 Woodbridge Ave., Highland Park.	Julius Kampf, 86 Ray St.	340 George St.; 2d, 4th Fri.
(i) 457	Altoona, Pa.	H. I. Linderlter, Box 457	J. C. Hoover, Box 457	B. of R. T. Home; 1st, 3d Mon.
(m) 458	Aberdeen, Wash.	H. A. Trager, Box 91	R. C. Jordan, P. O. Box 91	Labor Press; 2d, 4th Wed.
(m) 460	Chickasha, Okla.	W. O. Pitchford, care Philip Electric Co.	B. S. Hakema, 513 Illinois Ave.	Union Labor Hall; 1st, 3d Wed.
(i) 461	Aurora, Ill.	Ed. Bach, 59 So. Broadway	J. L. Quirin, 364 Talma St.	Labor Temple; 1st & 3d Wed.
(rr) 462	Waycross, Ga.	A. Jertburg, 760 W. Scott	M. C. Beverly, 1915 Albany Ave.	Labor Hall; 1st, 3d Mon.
(rr) 463	Springfield, Mo.		J. W. Dieterman, 835 S. Missouri Ave.	Harmony Hall; 2d, 4th Tues.
(m) 465	San Diego, Calif.	Howard Leggett, 3501 Herman Ave.	Robert Bennett, Box 118	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Wed.
(i) 466	Charleston, W. Va.	C. T. Haggerty, 1402 Wash. St.	B. Morgan, 405 Ohio Ave.	Masonic Temple; Fri.
(m) 467	Miami, Ariz.	A. V. O'Leary, Box 581	Emil B. Morf, P. O. Box 581	Cooks and Waiters Hall; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(rr) 468	Van Nest, N. Y.	A. W. Stevenson, 776 Melrose Ave., Bronx, N. Y.	Edw. Shevin, 2436 Lyvere St., Westchester, N. Y.	412 E. 153th St., Bronx, N. Y. C.; 2nd, 4th Thurs.
(i) 470	Haverhill, Mass.	Irwin Moore, 450 Main St.	John W. Perry, 33 Pleasant St., Bradford, Mass.	Academy of Music Bldg.; 2d, 4th Fri.
(m) 471	Millinocket, Me.	Jos. Nickless, Box 6	Jos Nickless, Box 6	Rush Block; 1st Fri.
(rr) 473	Terre Haute, Ind.	A. W. Norwood, 2617 Fenwood Ave.	W. O. Partridge, 2621 Fenwood Ave.	K. of P. Temple; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(m) 474	Memphis, Tenn.	A. R. McGoldrick, Box 274	S. D. White, P. O. Box 274	Italian Hall; Fri.
(m) 476	Saginaw, Mich.	B. W. Allen, Carpenter's Hall, 121½ So. Franklin Ave.	I. McCoy, Carpenter's Hall, 121½ So. Franklin Ave.	Carpenter's Hall; 2d, 4th Fri.

L. U.	LOCATION	REC. SEC. AND ADDRESS	FIN. SEC. AND ADDRESS	MEETING PLACE AND DATE
(m) 477	San Bernardino, Cal.	J. Wilson, 737 Cort St.	W. J. Watts, 379 20th St.	Labor Temple; Every Thurs.
(i) 479	Beaumont, Texas	Frank T. Johnson, Box 932	C. A. Weber, Box 932	Carpenters' Hall; Every Tues.
(i) 481	Indianapolis, Ind.	Wm. Nolting, 41 W. Pearl St.	Jack Connors, 41 W. Pearl St.	41 West Pearl St.; Wed.
(m) 482	Eureka, Calif.	L. E. Starkey, 809 E. St.	Henry J. Turnwall, Box 685	Labor Hall; Tues.
(i) 483	Tacoma, Wash.	C. L. Thompson, 822 "A" St.	R. E. Durant, 5905 S. Park Ave.	117½ Tacoma Ave.; 1st, 3d Mon.
(i) 485	Rock Island, Ill.	M. G. Welch, R. H. No. 1, Box 88	Lloyd Levens, 2731 8th Ave.	Industrial Home Bldg.; 1st, 3d Fri.
(rr) 487	Hanibal, Mo.	W. T. McParty, 313 Bird St.	Chas. Fagerstrom, 201 S. 8th	Trades & Labor Assembly Hall; 2d Fri.
(m) 488	Bridgeport, Conn.	Jas. Monement, 483 John St.	Chas. Kelly, 350 Conn. Ave.	Plumbers' Hall; 1st, 3d Mon.
(m) 490	Centerville, Ill.	Golden Freeman, 1028 Dover St.	Lee Allyn, 538 S. Sycamore St.	Carpenters' Hall; 3d Mon.
(i) 492	Montreal, Que., Can.	J. L. Sanve, 1359a St. Lawrence St.	Chas. Hadgkiss, 458 Riddle Ave.	417 Ontario St.; 2d, 4th Wed.
(i) 493	Johnstown, Pa.	Thos. Byers, 339 Walnut St.	Jas. Fetterman, 472 Edith Ave.	Franklin Bldg.; Tues.
(i) 494	Milwaukee, Wis.	E. B. Broetler, 183 Burleigh St.	Chas. Hansen, 802 69th Ave.	Electrical Workers' Hall; Fri.
(i) 500	San Antonio, Texas	C. A. Freeman, 414 Dunning Ave.	T. A. Lancaster, 123 Buford St.	Trades Council Hall; 1st, 3rd Thurs.
(m) 501	Yonkers, N. Y.	H. Wildberger, 119 S. High St.	Henry Stroh, 15 Fernbrook Ave.	Labor Lyceum; 1st Fri.
(i) 503	Boston, Mass.	Geo. Mooney, 276 Bunker Hill St., Charleston, Mass.	R. Catalani, 28 Anderson St.	995 Wash. St.; 2d, 4th Fri.
(m) 504	Meadville, Pa.	R. O. Perry, Penn Ave., Kerr's town, Pa.	H. Wasson, 563 Green St.	Central Labor Hall; 2d, 4th Wed.
(m) 506	Chicago Ht's, Ill.	Otto Koehler, 1543 Aberdeen St.	F. E. Martin, 204 W. 14th St.	Moose Hall; 1st Mon.
(m) 508	Savannah, Ga.	H. L. Tolle, 2107 Price St.	J. T. Hill, 238 West Dayton St.	DeKalb Hall; 1st & 3d Fri.
(m) 509	Lakeport, N. Y.	I. A. Nerber, 41 Beattie Ave.	Albert Rothmeier, 184 Luck St.	Ave. C; 1st and 3d Thurs.
(i) 510	Galveston, Texas	Frank McKee, 1017 21st St.	J. Simpson, 1501 16th St.	418 Kansas Ave.; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(rr) 511	Topeka, Kans.	Chas. G. Sheetz, 2015 Lincoln St.	G. D. Stitt, 313 Lake St.	Natl. Bank Bldg.; 1st, 3d Fri.
(m) 513	Charlottesville, Va.	P. C. Crenshaw, 411 4th St. N. E.	J. B. Nuss, Box 284	55 Adelaide; Every Fri.
(i) 514	Detroit, Mich.	D. O'Connor, 6637 Baldwin Ave.	D. O'Connor, 6637 Baldwin Ave.	Grebble Hall, Hampton, 1st, 3d Tues.
(m) 515	Newport News, Va.	W. E. Erlson, 426 Newport News Ave., Hampton, Va.	C. B. Dresser, Willow St., Hampton, Va.	
(m) 517	Astoria, Oreg.	H. W. Dahlgren, 75 W. Exchange St.	T. H. Larson, 287 38th St.	M. E. B. A. Hall; Wed.
(m) 518	Meridian, Miss.	W. R. McGee, 1101 25th Ave.	W. R. McGee, 1101 25th Ave.	Pythian Castle; 1st, 3d Fri.
(m) 520	Austin, Texas	R. E. Praeflin, 609 West Lynn St.	Wm. H. Boerner, 801 Keasley Ave.	Labor Temple; 1st Wed.
(m) 521	Greeley, Colo.	F. Lofgren, Box 110a	Andy Hormuth, Box 1005	625 8th Ave.; 2d, last Mon.
(m) 522	Lawrence, Mass.	Fred. S. Powers, 123 Bailey St.	James H. Morrish, 490 No. Main, Andover, Mass.	Lincoln Hall; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(i) 528	Watsonville, Calif.	Geo. A. Dethlefsen, 210 E. 5th St.	Geo. A. Dethlefsen, 210 E. 5th St.	Pajaro Valley Bank Bldg.; Every Fri.
(m) 527	Galveston, Texas	F. L. Wilson, 4014 Ave. "L"	Joe Carlin, 4014 Ave. "L"	309½ Tremont; 2d, 4th Fri.
(rr) 528	Milwaukee, Wis.	Joe Schimmels, 1912 Franklin St.	Jas. Hagerman, 619 Linus St.	3d Res. Ave.; 2d Thurs.
(m) 529	Plattsburg, N. Y.	Griffith H. Morris, 45½ Champlain St.	Carlyle W. Foster, 77 Elizabeth St.	Trades Assembly Hall; Wed.
(m) 532	Billings, Mont.	F. F. Rember, 107 No. 33rd St.	W. T. Gates, Box 646	Cooks and Waiters Hall; 1st Wed.
(rr) 533	Proctor, Minn.	W. H. Koch, 2625 W. 1st St.	W. H. Koch, 2625 W. 1st St.	Odd Fellows Hall; 2d, 4th Mon.
(i) 535	Evansville, Ind.	C. J. Lord, 901½ W. Franklin St.	Roy Judd, 1209 No. Rowley St.	Electrical Workers' Hall; Every Fri.
(i) 536	Schenectady, N. Y.	Jos. Way, 1626 Union St.	Thomas Rourke, 359 Carrie St.	258 Stato St.; 1st, 3d Sat.
(cs) 537	San Francisco, Calif.	D. C. Wallace, 875 Arlington St., Oakland, Calif.	F. Dougan, 6 Ford St.	Room 234, Pacific Bldg.; 1st Mon.
(i) 538	Danville, Ill.	Ray Miller, 1213 E. Main St.	R. Bleucker, 842 Commercial St.	Trades and Labor Council; 1st, 3d Mon.
(m) 539	Port Huron, Mich.	Clarence A. Philipp, 945 Crescent Place.	Arthur G. Norquist, 1004 State St.	Trades Labor Hall; 2d, 4th Tues.
(i) 540	Canton, Ohio	H. C. Hinds, 2818 9th St., S. W.	J. McMurray, 911 3rd St., S. W.	116 Market Ave., S.; Fri.
(rr) 549	Huntington, W. Va.	I. R. Diehl, 2584 1st Ave.	W. O. Bradley, 2124 10th Ave.	Carpenters' Hall; 2d, 4th Wed.
(m) 552	Lewistown, Mont.	J. G. Dixon, 706 Idaho St.	J. G. Dixon, 706 Idaho St.	Carpenters' Hall; 1st, 3d Wed.
(i) 556	Walla Walla, Wash.	A. La Douceur, Box 741	F. C. Donald, Box 741	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Tues.
(m) 557	Minot, N. Dak.	Chas. Stevens, Box 503	Chas. Stevens, Box 503	Basement, Sons Norway Hall; 1st Thurs.
(m) 558	Florida, Ala.	W. J. Parnell, 123 Meridian St.	C. E. Anderson, Box 352	Carpenters' Hall; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(i) 560	Pasadena, Calif.	E. L. Shrader, 390 Crosby St.	C. Wilson, Labor Temple	Labor Temple; Fri.
(rr) 561	Montreal, Que., Can.	L. A. McEwan, 1121 R. Wellington St., Verdun, P. Q.	A. L. Taylor, Lorrain Ave., Ottawa Park, N.	592 Union Ave.; 1st, 3d Wed.
(m) 563	Marion, Ind.	C. H. Townsend, 452 No. Washington St.	C. H. Townsend, 452 No. Washington St.	Trades Council Hall; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(m) 564	Richmond, Ind.	Harold Salters, 2116 No. F St.	Walter Jellison, Genneth Theatre Flats.	T. M. A. Hall; 2d, 4th Mon.
(m) 566	Roanoke, Va.	H. A. Price, E. Radford, Va.	P. E. Moses, P. O. Box 404, Salem, Va.	Labor Hall; Tues.
(i) 567	Portland, Me.	T. J. Hennesey, Federal St.	C. Arthur Smith, 14 Devonshire St., Woodfords, Maine.	514 Congress St.; Every Monday.
(i) 568	Montreal, Que., Can.	E. Remillard, 111 Stanley St.	F. Grifford, 417 Ontario St.	417 Ont. St., E.; 1st, 3d Mon.
(i) 569	San Diego, Calif.	S. E. Raheg, 2076 3d St.	F. W. Adams, 1627 21st St.	Fraternat Brotherhood Hall; Every Mon.
(m) 570	Tucson, Ariz.	M. C. Helfelman, Zuni Apt. Z. O. E., E 3rd St.	E. C. Russell, Box 504	Labor Temple; 1st & 3d Sundays.
(m) 571	McGill, Nevada	John Phillips, Box 243	G. E. Wickberg, Box 927	Cypress Hall; 4th Mon.
(i) 572	Regina, Sask., Can.	Jas. R. Peacock, 2240 Pasqua	W. J. Willis, 1047 Ritaillac St.	Trades Hall, Older St.; 3rd Wed.
(i) 573	Warren, O.	W. P. Barto, West Market St.	Forrest Smith, 25 Main St.	Bldg. Trades Hall; 2nd, 4th Fri.
(m) 574	Bremerton, Wash.	G. L. Clark, 215 2nd St.	J. Van Rossum, 214 9th St.	Labor Temple; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(m) 575	Portsmouth, Ohio	Walt Miller, 937 Front St.	Louis Drennen, 1820 6th St.	Plumbers Hall; Every Fri.
(m) 577	Drumright, Okla.	M. F. Bauman	R. Badon	Ideal Electric Co.; Fri.
(i) 578	Hackensack, N. J.	G. Renz, 259 Green Ave., Lynhurst, N. J.	F. W. DuBois, 13 6th St., Ridgefield Park, N. J.	Junior Order Hall; 1st, 3d Mon.
(m) 580	Olympia, Wash.	W. B. Peters, 1610 Bigelow Ave.	W. B. Peters, 1610 Bigelow Ave.	116 E. 4th St.; 2d, 4th Wed.
(m) 581	Morristown, N. J.	Thos. R. Pierson, Hanover Ave., Morris Plains.	Garrett Garnee, 9 Spring Place.	Elks' Hall; 1st, 3d Tues.
(i) 583	El Paso, Texas	W. Stevenson, Labor Temple	L. J. Reynolds, 1126 E. San Antonio St.	Labor Temple; Every Thurs.
(i) 584	Tulsa, Okla.	S. D. Griffing, 2812 E. 3rd St. Route No. 7.	G. D. Gadbois, 1528 N. Boston St.	Carpenters' Hall; Every Friday.
(i) 585	El Paso, Texas	Chas. Murphy, Box 1316	Claud Blair, Box 1316	Labor Hall; Every Fri.
(i) 587	Pottsville, Pa.	John Bilthelmer, 200 Peacock St.	Ira J. Hassler, 508 Fairview St.	Centre and Arch St.; 1st, 3d Tues.
(i) 588	Lowell, Mass.	Joseph C. Taft, 90 Crawford St.	Adam P. Sills, 60 Ellis Ave.	I. O. O. F. Bldg.; 1st, 3d Fri.
(i) 590	New London, Conn.	W. E. Dray, 93 Lewis St.	F. C. Rathburn, 32 Cutler St.	Machinist Hall; 1st, 3d Mon.
(i) 591	Stockton, Calif.	C. S. Ruse, 107 W. Poplar	W. R. Gregory, 1017 S. Sutter	216 E. Market; Mon.
(i) 592	Kansas City, Mo.	W. A. Mills, Labor Temple	Ed. M. Fredrick, 4319 Bellevue Ave.	Labor Temple, 14th and Woodland; 1st, 3d Wed.
(m) 594	Dunkirk, N. Y.	Paul C. Kittell, 1 Canadway St.	C. R. Harris, 57 W. 3d St.	W. Main St.; 1st, 3d Tues.
(m) 594	Santa Rosa, Calif.	Walter Stricker, Box 437	Rex Harris, Box 437	Germania Hall; 2nd, 4th Fri.
(i) 595	Oakland, Calif.	L. E. Pollard, 1635 92nd Ave.	W. P. Bourne, 3645 West St.	1918 Grove St.; Every Wed.
(i) 596	Clarksburg, W. Va.	C. H. Baltzley, 602 Moore St.	D. M. Ressler, 99 Denham St.	Robinson Bldg.; Thurs.
(m) 599	Iowa City, Ia.	F. E. Vaughn, 1016 Iowa Ave.	G. F. Ramsey, 624 S. Lucas St.	Eagles Hall; 2nd, 4th Tues.

L. U.	LOCATION	REC. SEC. AND ADDRESS	FIN. SEC. AND ADDRESS	MEETING PLACE AND DATE
(l) 601	Champaign, Ill.	R. E. Kuster, 1211 W. Park St., Urbana, Ill.	J. C. Adams, 1706 Glenn Park Drive, Champaign, Ill.	Room 209, Labor Hall; 3d Fri.
(m) 602	Amarillo, Texas	M. C. Apel, care W. Finkley Electric Co.	W. A. Singleton, 900 Tyler St.	W. O. W. Hall; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(m) 603	Kittanning, Pa.	M. W. McKeen, Ridge Ave.	E. McCafferty, 538 Fair St.	Carpenters' Hall; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(rr) 608	Fort Wayne, Ind.	O. Miller, 1011 Erie St.	L. Markey, 1045 Delaware Ave.	Apprentice Hall; 2d, 4th Wed.
(l) 609	Spokane, Wash.	J. H. Porter, Box 1777	E. Christosh, Box 1777	Carpenters' Hall; last Thurs.
(m) 610	Marshalltown, Ia.	Glenn Merrill, 517 No. 1st St.	Jas. H. Johnson, 311 So. 5th St.	Labor Hall; 1st Sun.
(m) 611	Albuquerque, N. M.	Wm. Shepherd, General Delivery	W. E. Bueche, Box 244	Painters' Hall, 1st Wed.
(l) 613	Atlanta, Ga.	J. A. Baumont, 112 Trinity Ave.	W. P. Weir, 560 Central Ave.	Labor Temple; Fri.
(l) 614	San Rafael, Calif.	T. J. Cummings, Grand Ave.	H. E. Smith, 224 H St.	Building Trades Hall; 1st, 3d Tues.
(m) 617	San Mateo, Calif.	R. Midgley, Menlo Park, Calif.	A. E. Midgley, 811 Guinda St. Palo Alto, Calif.	B. T. C. Hall; 1st, 3d Tues.
(m) 619	Hot Springs, Ark.		D. J. Peel, 10 Cedar Terr.	318 Malvern Ave; 1st Tues.
(m) 620	Sheboygan, Wis.	T. E. MacDonald, 821 Oakland Ave	Gerhart Fedler, 1425 N. 7th St.	Labor Hall; 1st, 3d Wed.
(s) 622	Lynn, Mass.	Jas. Sherman, Box 248	Chas. D. Keaverey, Box 248	767a Western Ave., 2d, 4th Mon.
(l) 623	Butte, Mont.	J. Dougherty, Box 141	A. Sundberg, Box 141	Cooks' & Waiters' Hall; 2nd, 4th Tues.
(l) 625	Halifax, N. S., Can.	J. Donnelly, 7 Annandale St.	W. Donnelly, 7 Annandale St.	7 Annandale St.; 1st Fri.
(m) 627	Lorain, Ohio	Lester Kress, 323 7th St.	C. Wiegand, 331 E. 21st St.	Carpenters' Hall; 2d, 4th Mon.
(rr) 628	Wilmington, Del.	Harry Ringler, 1022 W. 3d St.	A. Ainsworth, 2202 W. 6th St.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Tues.
(m) 629	Moncton, N. B., C.	Walter H. Stratton, 79 Fleet St.	R. Robinson, Sunny Brae, West Co.	Labor Hall; 2d Mon.
(m) 630	Lethbridge, Alta., C.	Leo Wadden, Box 474	Leo Wadden, P. O. Box 474	4th St., S.; 3d Sun., p. m.
(l) 631	Davenport, Iowa	Fred Scott, R.F.D. No. 1, 5th Ave.	Leslie Weaver, 140 Lander St.	Labor Temple; 2d, 4th Mon.
(l) 635	Toronto, Ont., Can.	A. Andersen, 427 E. 14th St.	L. P. Crecelius, 1927 College Ave.	Turner Hall; 2d, 4th Fri.
(rr) 641	Silvis, Ill.	A. McDonald, 127 John St.	S. Millington, 52 Carus Ave.	Labor Temple;
(m) 642	Meriden, Conn.	C. A. Rushland, Box 186, Watertown, Ill.	F. D. Miller, 159 17th Ave., E. Moline, Ill.	Industrial Hall, Moline, Ill.; 2d Wed.
(m) 646	Sheridan, Wyo.	H. Gels, 63 Lindsley Ave.	E. D. Lancraft, 79 Reservoir Ave.	Building Trades Hall; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(l) 647	Schenectady, N. Y.	C. E. Luce, 1150 No. Custer St.	Leo B. Oneyear, 15 No. Sheridan Ave.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Fri.
(m) 648	Hamilton, Ohio	Edw. Smith, 310 Paige St.	W. A. Briggs, 247 Foster Ave.	253 State St.; 1st Wed.
(m) 649	Alton, Ill.	C. S. Bowers, 708 So. 8th St.	J. W. Wilson, 429 Pershing Ave.	Labor Temple; 2d, 4th Wed.
651	Merced, Calif.	C. W. White 26 E. 6th St.	J. Voss, 900 Hawley Ave.	W. F. Burke, Care El Capitan Electric Co.
(m) 653	Miles City, Mont.	F. C. McConnell, Box 324	W. F. Burke, Care El Capitan Electric Co.	Jas. P. Welch, P. O. Box 321
(rr) 654	Tacoma, Wash.	Herbert F. Schulz, 1013 No. Montana Ave.	C. O. Smith, 1509 E. 68th St., Seattle, Wash.	7th and Main St.; 1st, 3d Mon.
(l) 655	Waterbury, Conn.	V. A. Sorenson, 4021 So. 66th St.	E. B. Chapin, Box 1125	1117½ Tacoma Ave., Tacoma, Wash.; 1st Wed. 1431 1st Ave., Seattle; 3d Wed.
(c) 659	Dunkirk, N. Y.	Wm. Halpin, 19 Sycamore Lane	Chas. Constantin, 330 Deer St.	127 E. Main St.; 1st, 3d Wed.
(l) 660	Waterbury, Conn.	Chas. Constantin, 330 Deer St.	Martin O'Rourke, 401 Cooke St.	Machinists' Hall; 4th Sun., 2.30 p. m.
(m) 661	Hutchinson, Kans.	C. P. Gish, 511 W. 17th	Edw. Conlon, 501 Wilson St.	Building Trades Hall; Every Fri.
(rr) 663	Boston, Mass.	Walt H. Chandler, Box 21, N. Billerica, Mass.	A. B. Rutledge, 113 N. Monroe	Labor Hall; 1st, 3d Tues.
(m) 664	New York, N. Y.	C. S. Stevens, 54 Elm St., Woburn, Mass.	Wm. H. Pinckney, 189 Jackson Ave., Mineola, L. I.	Puritan Hall; 3d Thurs.
(l) 668	Richmond, Va.	Wm. H. Pinckney, 189 Jackson Ave., Mineola, L. I.	Wm. H. Pinckney, 189 Jackson Ave., Mineola, L. I.	Brooklyn Labor Lye.; 2d, 4th Fri.
(m) 668	Lafayette, Ind.	Will Tompkins, 1717 3rd Ave.	C. J. Alston, 629 N. 93d St.	Arcade Bldg.; 2d, 4th Mon.
(l) 669	Springfield, Ohio	Wm. Fredricks, 210 S. Salisbury, West Lafayette, Ind.	Wm. Fredricks, 210 S. Salisbury, West Lafayette, Ind.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Mon.
(m) 670	Fargo, N. Dak.	Sam Wright, 113 Western Ave., S. A. Gilmore, 1326 7th Ave. So.	W. R. Hicks, 339 Oakwood Pl.	Labor Temple; Every Fri.
(m) 672	Grand Forks, N. Dak.	Ed. Lane, 309 Euclid Ave.	S. B. Frankosky, 719 10th St. So.	Labor Temple; 1st Thurs.
(m) 675	Elizabeth, N. J.	R. L. Joiner, 407 Cherry St.	R. L. Joiner, 407 Cherry St.	Union Temple; 2d, 4th Sun.
(m) 677	Cristobal, C. Z., Pan.	S. J. Martin, 233 Franklin St.	R. D. Lewis, 218 Orchard St.	Building Trades Council; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(m) 679	Grinnell, Iowa	F. W. Hallin, Box 88, Cristobal, C. Z.	W. H. Nellis, Box 31, Gatun, C. Z.	Masonic Hall; 1st, 3d Tues.
(m) 680	Fond du Lac, Wis.	Alex Hunter, 603 2d Ave.	F. L. Rinefort, 1303 Main St.	Labor Hall; 2d, 4th Tues.
(m) 681	Wichita Falls, Tex.	W. J. Mueller, 453 N. Park Ave.	Wm. Liefander, Box 38	Trades & Labor Hall; 2d, 4th Tues.
(m) 684	Modesto, Calif.	Lee Hudgins	H. F. Sprinkles, 2000 Buchanan St.	Labor Hall; 2d, 4th Wed.
(rr) 685	Bloomington, Ill.	E. Palmer, 402 Virginia Ave.	N. A. Lambert, 1005 6th St.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Wed.
(m) 686	Hazleton, Pa.	E. Moore, 705 N. Mason	Wm. Rylander, 1507 W. Graham	Odd Fellows Hall; 2d, 4th Mon.
(m) 688	Mansfield, Ohio	C. J. Brill, 323 E. Walnut St.	Howard Snyder, 561 W. 9th St.	9 East Mine St.; 2d, 4th Fri.
691	Glendale, Calif.	R. Curry, 98 Lind Ave.	Glenn B. Leonard, 16 Hedges St.	Trades Council Hall; 2d, 4th Tues.
(m) 694	Youngstown, Ohio	Arthur H. Sellers, 1230 Elm St.	H. M. Griggs, 1111 E. Wilson Ave.	K. of P. Hall; every Mon.
(m) 695	St. Joseph, Mo.	C. H. Gardner, 29 Poplar St.	Al Serfoss, 326 E. Cherry St.	125 W. Federal St.; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(l) 696	Albany, N. Y.	E. Yardstick, Youngstown, Ohio.	Box 11, Mahoningtown, Pa.	Labor Temple Every Thursday.
(l) 697	Gary, Ind.	Ben Bradford, 1938 So. 17th St.	E. Holman, 2521 Messant St.	91 N. Pearl St. 1st, 3d Fri.
(m) 698	Jerome, Ariz.	G. W. Colony, 38 Clinton Ave.	Wm. J. Hannaway, 52 Elizabeth	Gary Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Mon.
(m) 701	Hinsdale, Ill.	J. J. Scherer, 14 Condit St., Hammond.	John R. Koble, 1035 E. 47th St.	Hamm'd Labor Temple; 2d, 4th Mon.
(m) 702	Marion, Ill.	C. W. Wykoff, Box 1340	W. H. Johnston, Box 1340	Miller Bldg.; Every Mon.
(m) 703	Edwardsville, Ill.	Lee Kilne, Naperville, Ill.	B. W. Langkafel, Hinsdale, Ill.	Naperville, Ill.; 2d Fri.
(l) 704	Dubuque, Ia.	Neal Campbell, Marion, Ill.	E. Scott, 208 N. Gardner, W. Frankfort, Ill.	Mystic Workers; 1st, 3d Sun.
(m) 706	Monmouth, Ill.	E. Spalding, Car Southern Ill. L. P. Co., Collinsville, Ill.	C. H. Hotz, Postal Tel. Co.	Main and Vandalia; 2d, 4th Tues.
(l) 707	Holyoke, Mass.	S. B. Disch, E. Dubuque, Iowa	Henry Gobell, 602 1-2 Main St.	7th and Main; 1st, 3d Tues.
(m) 710	Northampton, Mass.	Fred Stutsman, 217 W. Detroit Ave.	Jas. E. Ward, 733 E. 11th Ave.	Labor Hall; 2d Mon.
(m) 711	Long Beach, Calif.	Chas. E. Hunter, 37 Bowers St.	Arthur Francis, 45 Linden St.	Redmen's Hall; 1st, 3d Mon.
(l) 712	New Brighton, Pa.	Z. Zuyewski, 37 Grant Ave.	Lee Christal, 40 Hampton Ave.	1st National Bank; 1st, 2d Tues.
(s) 713	Chicago, Ill.	W. H. Meyers, Box 207	H. H. Jackson, Box 207	Labor Temple; Every Tues.
(p) 715	Kincaid, Ill.	Chas. H. May, Box 234, West Bridgewater, Pa.	C. D. Beaver, 470 College Ave., Beaver, Pa.	Painters' Hall; 1st, 3d Mon.
(l) 716	Houston, Texas	A. Lang, 1433 S. 59th Ave., Cicero, Ill.	H. F. Stieling, 119 S. Throop St.	119 S. Throop St.; 1st, 3d Mon.
(s) 717	Boston, Mass.	Roy Hawkins, Taylorville, Ill.	Oscar Simon, Box 401	I. O. O. F. Hall; 2d, 4th Mon.
(l) 719	Manchester, N. H.	I. T. Saunders, 1620 Maud St.	E. Wood, 2014 W. Capitol	Labor Temple; Every Thurs.
(rr) 720	Camden, N. J.	P. J. O'Flaherty	Jas. J. Tierney, 92 Wenhams St., Jamaica Plain, Mass.	987 Wash St.; 1st 3d Tues.
(m) 722	Cortland, N. Y.	E. V. Fitzpatrick, 475 Maple St.	E. L. Evans, 599 Hanover St.	895 Elm St.; 2d, 4th Wed.
(l) 723	Fort Wayne, Ind.	E. Sontgen, 416 Royden St.	E. F. Cooper, P. O. Box 47, Palmyra, N. J.	Labor Temple; 2d, 4th Tues.
		D. Baughman, 2028 Courtland Ave.	Jerry Hartnett, Box 298	Whitney Bldg.; 3d Monday.
			R. E. Deel, 1017 Loree St.	Painters' Hall; Every Fri.

L. U.	LOCATION	REC. SEC. AND ADDRESS	FIN. SEC. AND ADDRESS	MEETING PLACE AND DATE
(m) 724	Ottawa, Can.	G. J. Thomson, 13 Balsam St.	B. J. Thomson, 13 Balsam St.	117 Spark St.; 2d, 4th Wed.
(l) 725	Terre Haute, Ind.	P. A. Hall, 1347 S. 5th St.	A. C. Morlock, 2223 7th Ave.	C. L. T. Hall; 1st, 3d Mon.
(m) 729	Punxsutawney, Pa.	H. W. Kreunkan, Cole, Pa.	John Mitchell, 232 N. Main St.	C. L. T. Hall; 1st, 3d Tues.
(m) 731	Ind. Falls, Minn.	E. H. Walsh, 160 5th St.	E. R. Walsh, 409 5th St.	City Hall; 1st, 3d Tues.
(rr) 732	Portsmouth, Va.	L. Ziegenhain, 121 Nelson St.	J. W. Bichel, 1701 Lafayette Ave.	Home of Labor, Inc.; 1st, 3d Wed.
(rr) 733	Albion, Pa.	O. R. McConahy, Station No. 13	Louis A. Lamore, 342 24th Ave.	C. L. W. Hall; 1st, 3d Fri.
(m) 734	Norfolk, Va.	Jerome E. Hawkins, 431 Wright St., Portsmouth, Va.	J. F. Cherry, 329 Public St.	Odd Fellows Hall; 1st & 3d Thurs.
(m) 735	Burlington, Ia.	W. F. Wales, 811 N. 9th St.	R. E. Pierce, 1297 S. 4th St.	Labor Hall; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(m) 738	Orange, Texas	E. L. Spangh, Box 201	E. L. Spangh, Box 201	Mease Hall; 2d, 4th Fri.
(l) 740	Wilkes-Barre, Pa.	James J. Loftis, 598 Montgomery Ave., West Pittston, Pa.	Wm. Thirlwall, care of Mr. Rice, 291 E. Market St.	Simon Leary Bldg.; Tues.
(rr) 741	Seranton, Pa.	Robt. Anderson, 123 Belmont Ter.	W. D. Jackson, 523 Pleasant St.	Knights Hall; 2d & 4th Fri.
(rr) 742	New York, N. Y.	R. J. O'Keefe, 372 13th Ave., Astoria, L. I.	V. J. La Nace, 211 E. 191st St.	Kiedfield's Hall; 1st, 3d Wed.
(m) 743	Reading, Pa.	Leon Bush, 901 Schuylkill Ave.	Walter Diehl, 221 No. Front St.	Reed and Court Sts.; Mon.
(rr) 744	New York, N. Y.	J. J. O'Neill, 91 Monroe St., Winfield, L. I.	K. Tillotson, Linden St., Bellmore, L. I.	Armanita Hall, Richmond Hill; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(rr) 750	Pittsburgh, Pa.	J. J. O'Hara, 3350 Webster Ave.	O. Bender, Box 305, Pitsburgh, Pa.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(m) 751	Little Falls, N. Y.	Burney Blair, 29 Hancock St.	Fred Press, 312 Mary St.	Trades Assembly Hall; 1st & 3d Fri.
(rr) 752	Jersey City, N. J.	Herman Heiser, 32 E. Maurice St.	Geo. Weierich, 20 Sterling St.	583 Summit Ave.; 1st, 3d Mon.
(rr) 753	Philadelphia, Pa.	Elmhurst Island, N. Y.	East Orange, N. J.	
(rr) 754	Sayre, Pa.	Thos. Cream, 1819 E. Cornwall St.	Chas. F. Hildebrandt, 1521 So. Taylor St.	3211 Woodland Ave.; every Thurs.
(l) 755	Clarksburg, W. Va.	H. Hewitt, 115 Chemung St., Waverly, N. Y.	Thomas Crawford, 317 S. Wilbur Ave.	Redmen's Hall; 2d, 4th Mon.
(m) 756	Fairmont, W. Va.	Geo. B. Shawver, Route No. 1, Weston, W. Va.	Chas. C. Drummond, Box 124, Hepzibah, W. Va.	Williams Hall; 2d, 4th Mon.
(rr) 757	Joliet, Ill.	Wm. Henke, Box 536, Rivesville, W. Va.	H. Manley, 94 Fairmont Ave.	Labor Hall; Mon.
(m) 758	Hagerstown, Md.	H. C. Kueffner, 910 So. Joliet St.	H. C. Kueffner, 910 So. Joliet St.	Alpine Hall; 1st Wednesday.
(m) 760	Knoxville, Tenn.	Clyde Anders, 621 N. Mulberry St.	Karl L. Barr, 629 No. Mulberry St.	Young Hall; 2d, 4th Mon.
(m) 762	Amahula, Ohio	A. S. Bradley, 322 Richard St.	C. J. Clark, 414 Madison St.	Central Labor Hall; 2d Fri.
(l) 763	Omaha, Nebr.	Geo. Vin, 77 Main St.	H. G. Durham, 222 N. 25th St.	Kritiz Hall; 2nd, 4th Wed.
(rr) 764	Denver, Colo.	C. L. Gustafson, 2292 1/2 S. 16th St.	H. G. Durham, 222 N. 25th St.	Labor Temple; Wed.
(m) 765	Visalia, Calif.	L. A. Johnson, 3120 S. Lincoln St.	Harry Kelly, 4576 Tennyson St.	1737 Champa St.; 2d & 4th Wed.
(m) 767	Helper, Utah	F. L. Esting, Box 896	E. B. Hofma, Box 423	Labor Temple; Wed.
(rr) 770	Albany, N. Y.	E. B. Hofma, Box 423	H. Beardsley, 582 3d St.	City Hall; 1st, 3d Sun.
(l) 771	Richmond, Va.	Frank Clare, 625 2nd St.	A. L. Holladay, 1109 Semmes St.	Carman Hall; 4th Thurs.
(m) 773	Windsor, Ont., Can.	I. Stewart, 510 Gladstone Ave.	A. Sacks, 521 Donnell Ave.	Pythian Bldg.; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(rr) 774	Cincinnati, Ohio	Edw. Strohmaier, 2001 Vine St.	K. W. Green, 19 Euclid Ave., Ludlow, Ky.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Tues.
(rr) 776	Providence, A. I.	J. J. Doorlis, 300 Charles St.	Henry W. Manley, Pawtucket, R. I.	98 Weybossett St.; 2d, 4th Wed.
(rr) 779	Chicago, Ill.	R. J. Lindsay, 3207 Washington Blvd.	R. J. Lindsay, 3207 Washington Blvd.	
(rr) 784	Indianapolis, Ind.	W. L. Harrison, 1515 W. 27th St.	P. J. Lancaster, 41 N. Linwood Ave.	233 Hume Mansur Bldg.; 2d, 4th Wed.
(m) 786	St. Augustine, Fla.	Geo. Osmond, 30 Grove Ave.	W. L. Wiler, 19 Rhode Ave.	30 Grove Ave.; Last Wednesday.
(rr) 791	Louisville, Ky.	B. L. Browder, 2117 W. Broadway.	L. E. Hagan, 3923 So. First St.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(rr) 793	Chicago, Ill.	V. C. Peterson, 6110 So. Peoria St.	A. Peterson, 6135 So. Maplewood Ave.	5136 So. Wentworth Ave.; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(rr) 794	Chicago, Ill.	J. F. Corrigan, 7034 S. Troop St.	Dan Dublilies, 7136 Khnark Ave.	Ellis Hall; 2d, 4th Tues.
(rr) 795	Chicago, Ill.	M. Prendergast, 214 W. Garfield Blvd.	M. Prendergast, 211 W. Garfield Blvd.	Colonial Hall; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(rr) 796	Aurora, Ill.	H. Gantz, 6915 Justine St.	E. A. Collins, 364 Linden Ave.	Dillenburg Hall; 2d Mon.
(rr) 797	Chicago, Ill.	Floyd E. Mitchell, 8637 S. Loomis St.	L. B. Greenawalt, 8129 So. Sangamon St.	Hopkins Hall; 2d, 4th Fri.
(rr) 798	Chicago, Ill.	F. J. Hartig, Y. M. C. A., Kansas City, Kans.	M. Rowe, 1516 So. 58th Ave., Cicero, Ill.	Central Park Hall; 3d Wed.
(rr) 799	Kansas City, Kans.	Chas. Willoughby, 1252 Terrace Ave.	John Flynn, 1413 S. 28th St., Kansas City, Kans.	Fireman Hall; 1st, 3d Mon.
(rr) 801	Grand Rapids, Mich.	H. Murphy, Box 227	M. L. Finn, 159 Carrier St. N. E.	Campman Hall; 1st, 3d Tues.
(m) 802	Monse Jaw, Sask. Can.	Fred Grube, 467 Blatchley Ave.	H. Murphy, Box 227	Labor Hall; 2d Wed.
(rr) 803	New Haven, Conn.	L. L. Comer, 609 S. Lafayette	Frank Thomann, 27 Pond Lily Ave.	Trades Council Hall; 3d Mon.
(rr) 805	Sedalia, Mo.	John Boren	Jos. Latham, 1094 N. Osage St.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Wed.
(m) 808	Allamogus, Ohio	R. L. Brady, 215 3rd Ave. No.	E. H. Masters, 1492 E. Grant St.	Maccabee Hall; Thurs.
(m) 809	Oelwein, Iowa	E. S. Volles, P. O. Box 383	R. L. Brady, 215 3rd Ave. No.	Labor Hall; 4th Mon.
(rr) 811	Lenoir City, Tenn.	J. J. Tolliver, 1516 Marshall St.	Jas. B. Ward, P. O. Box 397	Union Hall; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(rr) 812	Little Rock, Ark.	James L. Maxwell, P. O. Box 374	J. McConnell, 1215 Cumberland St.	Strike Hdqts.; Every Thurs.
(rr) 814	Havelock, Nebr.	J. T. Hogan, 470 Concord Ave.	James L. Maxwell, Box 374	Labor Temple; 3d Tues.
(rr) 817	New York, N. Y.	John E. Fitzgerald, 81 Wilson St.	C. H. DeSanto, 593 Tinton Ave.	111 E. 125th St.; 1st, 3d Tues.
(rr) 819	Salamanca, N. Y.	R. L. Brady, 215 3rd Ave. No.	H. Odell, 15 Gates Ave.	Carpenters' Hall; 2d Sat.
(tel) 823	New Orleans, La.	C. F. Merriman, 3524 Cleveland	A. J. Tomasouch, 717 S. Clark	622 Union St.; 1st, 3d Tues.
(rr) 824	Middletown, N. Y.	Russell B. Lehan, 424 North St.	Lloyd E. Laurence, 87 Watkins	Gunter Bldg.; 4th Wed.
(l) 827	Champaign and Urbana, Ill.	J. L. Morris, 696 So. Randolph	H. R. McDonald, R. R. 1, Champaign, Ill.	Labor Hall, Champaign, Ill.; 1st Thurs.
(rr) 829	San Bernardino, Calif.	Harry Scheeline, 552 14th St.	Thos. J. Casper, Box 42	Labor Temple; Every Fri.
(rr) 832	Trenton, Mo.	Richard D. Ridgway, 112 W. 7th B.	D. Paris, 808 Halliburton St.	Miners' Hall; 2d Mon.
(rr) 834	Hoboken, N. J.	Frank Bergmen, 216 Furman Pl., Kingsland, N. J.	Harold Miller, 209 N. 15th Ave., E. Orange, N. J.	107 Washington; 1st, 4th Mon.
(rr) 838	Meridian, Miss.	C. N. Holland, 511 40th Ave.	C. N. Holland, 511 40th Ave.	K. of P. Hall; 2d, 4th Wed.
(rr) 839	Jersey Shore, Pa.	C. E. Bassett, 401 Oak St.	C. E. Bassett, 401 Oak St.	K. of C. Hall; 1st, 3d Mon.
(l) 840	Geneva, N. Y.	Elmer Switzer, 5 Merrill Ave.	Walt W. Hosking, 209 P. Henry	Exchange St.; Alternate Fri.
(l) 841	Topeka, Kans.	W. H. Rowe, 206 E. 7th St.	R. D. Collins, 712 West First	Labor Hall; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(rr) 842	Utica, N. Y.	John Matheson, 1904 Storrs Ave.	E. Martz, 29 Foster St.	Whites' Labor Temple; 4th Wed.

L. U.	LOCATION	REC. SEC. AND ADDRESS	FIN. SEC. AND ADDRESS	MEETING PLACE AND DATE
(rr)847	Kansas City, Kans.	C. Victor, 136 Swan St., Chicago	C. A. Victor, 136 Swan St., Chicago, Ill.	Daniels Hall; 2d Sat.
(rr)849	Syracuse, N. Y.	Leo Hosley, Manhattan Hotel.	D. E. Passage, 1243 Park St.	Carmen's Hall; 2d & 4th Tues.
(m)853	Brewster, Ohio.	C. T. Griesheimer, 613 Jarvis Ave., Massillon, Ohio.	G. Mathias, Box 1.	Massillon, Ohio; 4th Mon.
(rr)854	Buffalo, N. Y.	Water Hayden, 417 W. North St.	G. T. Gray, 401 Prospect Ave.	Polish Union Hall; 2d, 4th Wed.
(m)855	Muncie, Ind.	Harry M. Allen, 218 W. DuBois Ave.	R. Tumelson, 315 E. North St.	Building Trades Hall; 1st, 3d Fri.
(rr)857	DuBois, Pa.	F. P. Owen, 324 High St.	Albert E. Ritson, 614 Chestnut Ave.	Oriole Hall; 1st, 3d Fri.
(rr)858	Somerset, Ky.	S. L. Orr, 275 E. 168th St., New York.	F. P. Owens, 324 High St.	K. of P. Hall; 1st, 3d Wed.
(rr)860	Long Island City, N. Y.	C. L. Clyatt, 421 E. 4th St.	Wm. H. Rohrsen, 1523 Leland Ave., New York, N. Y.	Kleenfield's Hall; 2d, 4th Wed.
(rr)862	Jacksonville, Fla.	Frank P. Clark, 609 Alabama St.	J. E. Ross, 25 Ogram St.	Labor Temple; 2d, 4th Tues.
(rr)863	Lafayette, Ind.	W. Schlinck, 112 Diamond Bridge Ave., Hawthorne, N. J.	Frank Jones, 1620 N. 16th St.	Foresters' Hall; 1st, 3d Tues.
(rr)864	Jersey City, N. J.	W. S. Perego, 1810 Division St.	J. B. Hart, 782 E. 19th St.	Hawkes Hall; 3d Thurs.
(rr)865	Baltimore, Md.	Dave McNorgan, 4550 Vancouver Ave.	Robt. Montgomery, 13 W. Randall	Redmen Hall; 2d & 4th Wed.
(rr)867	Detroit, Mich.	Thos. Gernon, 5341 Camp St.	Wm. Hamilton, 833 Brainerd St.	25 Aldeda Ave.; 1st Thurs.
(p)868	New Orleans, La.	Jos. F. Smith, P. O. Box 54.	Jos. Heier, 1320 Elysian Fields Ave.	B. K. of A. Home; 2d, 4th Mon.
869	Iroquois Falls, Ont., Can.	C. P. Gulick, 40 Decatur St.	R. A. Locke.	
(rr)870	Cumberland, Md.	Frank Glaze, 1814 So. Buckeye	K. D. Bachman, 426 No. Centre	Chapel Hill Hose Co.; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(m)873	Kokomo, Ind.	Robert Glossman, 7400 Wake Ave.	Herbert Lyons, 1711 So. Union	Labor Temple; 1-2-3-4 Fri.
(m)874	Washington, Pa.	Francis B. Enoch, 740 W. Chestnut St.	W. F. Noll, 30 Hedgewood Ave.	Labor Hall; 2d, 4th Tues.
(i)875	Washington, Pa.	C. A. O'Neill, 2716 Myrtle St.	Wm. H. Tarr, 78 Tyler Ave.	Plumbers' Hall; 1st, 3d Mon.
(rr)882	New Orleans, La.	G. W. Milner, 606 S. Robinson.	G. F. Schenck, 709 Opelousas Av.	820 Union St.; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(rr)884	Cleburne, Texas	Wm. Coty, 1521 N. Keating Ave.	W. G. Howell, P. O. Box 448, Breckenridge, Texas.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Tues.
(rr)885	Chicago, Ill.	Carl W. Frank, 2921 18th Ave., So.	Hubert McDonald, 2137 Cortez St.	N. E. Cor. Armitage & Crawford Ave.; 1st Tues.
(rr)886	Minneapolis, Minn.	Jos. Mueller 2242a Cass Ave.	Geo. Wicklem, 2921 18th Ave., S.	3212 33d Ave. So.; 1st Fri.
(rr)888	St. Louis, Mo.	A. B. Christenson, 407 So. Academy St.	Henry Meyer, 3929a N. 21st St.	Fraternity Hall; 1st Thurs.
(m)890	Janesville, Wis.	Jacob Wagner, 1019 Adams St.	H. P. Joerg, 618 Prairie Ave.	Labor Hall; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(m)891	Coshocton, Ohio.	J. R. Hennessey, 224 James Ave.	Elmer Stover, 718 Pine St.	Trades & Labor Hall; 2d, 4th Tues.
(m)892	Manakota, Minn.	O. Sutton, 111 Welland Ave.	J. R. Hennessey, 224 James St.	State Bank; 1st Thursday.
(m)897	Niagara Falls, Ont., Can.	R. H. Woods, 696 Conway St.	A. Glover, 69 N. Main St.	Bamfield Hall; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(rr)902	St. Paul, Minn.	E. T. Ferguson, Box 1471.	J. C. McGlogan, 400 Dakota Bldg.	New Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Tues.
(m)904	Fort Scott, Kans.	Cecil H. Allen, 620 Frontenac St.	F. Lee Talbott, 116 E. Wall St.	Redman Hall; 1st, 3d Mon.
(m)905	Ranger, Texas.	F. N. Evans, 594 E. 107th St., Cleveland.	Geo. Dezell, Weldon Hotel.	Carpenters' Hall; Wed.
(m)910	Watertown, N. Y.	J. Calder.	R. D. Jones, 7508 Shaw Ave., S. W. Cleveland.	Britton Block, Arsenal St.; 1st, 3d Wed.
(rr)912	Collinwood, Ohio.	Geo. Louthood, Cape Madeline, Que., Can., Box 100.	R. L. Bittle, Box 760.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Mon.
(m)914	Thorald, Ont., Can.	C. S. Priddy, Box 2016, De Sota Sta.	H. P. Boyle, Box 100, Cape Madeline, Que.	44 Des Forges St.; 1st, 3d Fri.
(m)915	Three Rivers, Que., Can.	T. H. Peters, 221 1st St.	C. S. Priddy, Box 2016, De Sota Sta.	B. of R. T. Hall; 1st, 3d Fri.
(rr)917	Memphis, Tenn.	G. Gustafson, Box 132.	T. H. Peters, 221 1st St.	Trainmen's Hall; 1st, 3d Mon.
(rr)919	Erwin, Tenn.	R. H. Foard, care of J. R. Miles, 824 Ryan St.	B. H. Bailey, 528 8th Ave.	City Hall; 2d Thurs.
(m)921	Two Harbors, Minn.	W. W. Akers, 112 No. 3rd Ave.	G. T. Liston, Bridgeport, Ohio.	1515 Market St.; 2d, 4th Tues.
(rr)924	Wheeling, W. Va.	Victor V. Parr, 709 E. Cherokee St.	E. A. Brown, 320 Mill St.	Rineau Bldg.; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(m)931	Lake Charles, La.	E. C. Murray, 11 So. Mulberry St.	W. W. Akers, 112 No. 3rd Ave.	Trades Council Hall; Thurs.
(rr)934	Tucson, Ariz.	J. C. Kendall, 3159 "C" St.	Victor V. Parr, 709 E. Cherokee St.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Mon.
(m)936	Enid, Okla.	W. J. McClean, Box 479.	E. C. Murray, 11 So. Mulberry St.	Labor Temple; 2d, 4th Wed.
(rr)937	Richmond, Va.	R. Wilbourne, 762 No. 72nd St.	J. C. Kendall, 3159 "C" St.	K. of P. Hall; Tuesday.
(m)938	Sacramento, Calif.	C. Prullage, 429 Scott St.	W. J. McClean, Box 479.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Mon.
(m)942	Cisco, Texas	Carl J. Stauffer, Grand Blanc, Mich.	R. Wilbourne, 762 No. 72nd St.	117½ Main; Wednesday.
(m)944	Seattle, Wash.	Wm. Foster, 742 N. Barstow St.	C. Prullage, 429 Scott St.	808 So. Saginaw St.; Friday.
(m)947	Vincennes, Ind.	Wm. Lodge, 1138 Yale St.	Carl J. Stauffer, Grand Blanc, Mich.	Labor Temple; 1st, 3d Fri.
(m)948	Flint, Mich.	R. L. Huebner, 1st Mon.	Wm. Lodge, 1138 Yale St.	Labor Temple; 2d, 4th Tues.
(m)953	Eau Claire, Wis.	Harvey Lounsbury, 99 Perry Ave.	R. L. Huebner, 1st Mon.	Community Hall; 1st Mon.
(rr)954	Houston, Texas	David P. Healey, 13 Howe Ave., S. Boston.	Harvey Lounsbury, 99 Perry Ave.	Hermitage Hall; 1st, 4th Mon.
(m)956	Espanola, Ont., Can.	Earl Harper, 907 S. Osborne Ave.	David P. Healey, 13 Howe Ave., S. Boston.	Dudley Opera House, Roxbury Mass.; 1st Monday.
(rr)958	Corning, N. Y.	E. B. Swope, 417 West Fruit Ave.	Earl Harper, 907 S. Osborne Ave.	Labor Hall; 1st Wed.
(rr)962	Readville, Mass.	Chas. Davis, 449 Marie St.	E. B. Swope, 417 West Fruit Ave.	I. O. O. F. Hall; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(m)963	Kankakee, Ill.	Harry Poff, 311 E. Wayne	Chas. Davis, 449 Marie St.	Labor Hall; 1st Wed.
(rr)967	Albuquerque, N. M.	Lee Gunter, W. 1st South St.	Harry Poff, 311 E. Wayne	613 N. Hill; 2d, 4th Fri.
(rr)972	Marietta, Ohio	M. F. Harris, 1307 W. 40th St.	Lee Gunter, W. 1st South St.	Bldg. Trades Hall; 1st, 3d Mon.
(i)973	South Bend, Ind.	E. H. Yoltan, 1310 Front St.	M. F. Harris, 1307 W. 40th St.	Odd Fellows Hall; 2d, 4th Mon.
(m)974	Carlinville, Ill.	Ralph Wassoner, 1113 Cedar St.	E. H. Yoltan, 1310 Front St.	Heady Hall; 2d, 4th Tues.
(rr)975	Norfolk, Va.	Wm. H. LaPointe, 3109 Chaucer	Ralph Wassoner, 1113 Cedar St.	N. Y. C. Federation Hall; 1st, 3d Mon.
(rr)976	Port Madison, Ia.	V. S. Miller, 723 Seneca Pl.	Wm. H. LaPointe, 3109 Chaucer	Labor Temple; 2d, 4th Tues.
(m)978	Elkhart, Ind.	A. E. Krelshammer, 345 W. 1st	V. S. Miller, 723 Seneca Pl.	Trades Labor Hall; 1st, 3d Fri.
(m)980	Los Angeles, Calif.	Dan Fehrenbach, 4411 Norledge Place.	A. E. Krelshammer, 345 W. 1st	C. L. U. Hall; 2d, 4th Wed.
(rr)986	Elmira, N. Y.	M. F. Hall, 628 Mills Ave.	Dan Fehrenbach, 4411 Norledge Place.	Mo. Pac. R. R. E. Bottom Shop; 1st, 3d Mon.
(m)981	Corning, N. Y.	F. J. Bourq, General Delivery.	M. F. Hall, 628 Mills Ave.	I. O. O. F. Hall; Every Wed.
(rr)994	Kansas City, Mo.	W. M. Lewis, 420 E. Main St.	F. J. Bourq, General Delivery.	Labor Temple; 2d, 4th Wed.
(m)995	Raton Rouge, La.	R. F. Hamilton, Box 532.	W. M. Lewis, 420 E. Main St.	Whittaker Bldg.; Wednesday.
(m)996	Bradford, Pa.	B. M. Hoffman, 621 1-2 Elm St.	R. F. Hamilton, Box 532.	Maecany Hall; Tuesday.
(m)997	Shawnee, Okla.	O. M. Anderson, 1407 W. 23rd Place, West Tulsa, Okla.	B. M. Hoffman, 621 1-2 Elm St.	County Court House; Tuesday.
(m)998	Greensboro, N. C.	Las. Wray, 3901a Easton Ave.	O. M. Anderson, 1407 W. 23rd Place, West Tulsa, Okla.	Butler's Hall; 1st, 3d Wed.
(i)1002	Tulsa, Okla.	E. C. Alexander, 18 Clorinda Ave., San Rafael, Calif.	Las. Wray, 3901a Easton Ave.	Co-op Store Hall, San Rafael, Cal.; 2d, 4th Wed.

L. U.	LOCATION	REC. SEC. AND ADDRESS	FIN. SEC. AND ADDRESS	MEETING PLACE AND DATE
(m) 1012	Ellensburg, Wash.	J. W. Patterson, 300 S. Ruby St.	J. W. Patterson, 300 S. Ruby St.	Moose Hall; 1st, 3d Wed.
(rr) 1013	Elmhurst, Ill.	E. U. Bloomport, 900 Charlotte St., Pekin, Ill.	J. E. Johnson, 211 Easton Ave.	Nichols Hall; Wed.
(rr) 1016	Superior, Wis.	Ed. F. Lafferty, P. O. Box 166.	Ed. F. Lafferty, P. O. Box 166.	Trade Labor Hall; 2nd Tues.
(i) 1021	Mountaintop, Pa.	Howard House, 151 Grant St.	Owen D. Farr, 161 Mountaintop.	Fraternity Home Bldg.; 2d, 4th Tues.
(rr) 1023	Canton, Ohio	Paul Johanning, 1923 5th St. S. E.	Paul Johanning, 1923 5th St. S. E.	307 So. Market Ave.; 2d, 4th Fri.
(rr) 1024	Pittsburgh, Pa.	E. G. Mapons, Box 547, Hazlewood Sta.	C. W. Sheppard, 910 W. Diamond North Side.	Odd Fellows' Hall; 1st, 3d Fri.
(rr) 1025	Cos Cob, Conn.	G. E. Gilfort, 14 Cedar St., Port Chester, N. Y.	Harry P. Gaffney, P. O. Box 88.	Carpenters Hall; Friday.
(i) 1029	Woonsocket, R. I.	Wm. Grady, 141 Cato St.	Ralph Nutting, 131 Lincoln St.	5 S. Main St.; 1st Monday.
(rr) 1030	Chicago, Ill.	C. Nelson, 1516 S. Homan Ave.	R. J. Wurfel, 3541 Cottage Grove	
(mt) 1031	Manchester, N. H.	Arthur Greenwood, 52 Cumberland St.	Francis A. Foye, 232 Central St.	Foresters' Hall; 1st, 3rd Thurs.
(rr) 1033	Pocatello, Idaho.	Tracy Bumgar, 1929 No. Hays.	Henry Holmberg, 850 N. 10th St.	Labor Temple, 1st & 3d Thurs.
(rr) 1036	Jackson, Mich.	D. J. Pierce, Harris St.	H. P. Strobel, 1003 Pigeon St.	Labor Hall; 1st, 3d Thurs.
(i) 1037	Winnipeg, Man., Can.	A. A. Miles, 410 Landsdowne Ave.	J. S. McDonald, 165 James St.	Labor Temple; 2d, 4th Mon.
(m) 1039	Arlene, Texas	J. A. Hill, care of Abilene Gas & Elec. Co.	G. G. Yocum, 802 Chestnut St.	W. O. W. Hall; 2d & 4th Wed.
(m) 1042	Sturgis, Mich.	Claude Whitlock.	A. R. Farnsley, 203 E. West St.	Woodman Hall; 1st, 3d Fri.
(i) 1043	Pawhuska, Okla.	Dexter D. Young, 383 Woodland Ave.	Geo. B. Page, Box 532.	Labor Hall; Thurs.
(m) 1047	Toledo, Ohio	Dexter D. Young, 383 Woodland Ave.	H. G. Deunmore, 3225 Cottage Ave.	Labor Temple; 2d, 4th Fri.
(rr) 1049	Oil City, Pa.	Geo. J. Lanphere, 116 E. Bond.	C. W. Davis, 204 1/2 Home Ave.	Latonia Hall; 1st, 3d Mon.
(m) 1054	Salina, Kans.	Ross Perry, 320 W. 9th St.	L. C. Arnold, 409 E. Elm St.	W. V. R. Hall; 2d, 4th Tues.
(m) 1055	Wellington, Kan.	A. C. Little.	L. E. Graves, 720 S. G St.	K. of P. Hall; Thursday.
(m) 1057	Woodland, Me.	F. O. Welsher, Gen. Delivery.	F. H. Fountain, Box 459.	Opera House Office; 2d, last Tues.
(m) 1058	La Porte, Ind.	Fred Johnson.	Roy Woodruff, 1112 Weller Ave.	City Band Hall; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(m) 1059	St. Anthony, Idaho.		Chas. B. Rule, 21 E. Main St.	1st Nat. Bank Bldg; 2d & 4th Mon.
(rr) 1060	Norfolk, Va.		T. P. Epperson, 105 Chesapeake St., Ocean View, Va.	Odd Fellows Hall; 1st, 3d Sun.
(m) 1072	Monterey, Calif.	G. Helveen, 513 Park St., Pacific Grove, Calif.	I. Belvill, Carmel, Calif.	Bldg. Trds. Tem.; 1st, 3d Mon.
(rr) 1086	Tacoma, Wash.	A. S. Wilson, 3415 East "L" St.	A. S. Wilson, 3415 East "L" St.	Labor Temple, 1st Wed.
(rr) 1087	Keyser, W. Va.	Geo. W. Mills, Gilmore St.	H. Wells, 226 W. Piedmont St.	Mystic Chair Hall; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(rr) 1091	Battle Creek, Mich.	E. Riggs, 368 N. Kendall St.	G. Cummings, 317 W. Van Buren	Members Home; 1st, 3d Fri.
(m) 1097	Grand Falls, Newfoundland.	A. H. Stewart, 11 Bank Road.	D. J. O'Flynn, 3 Station Road.	Town Hall; 1st, 3d Mon.
(rr) 1098	Childress, Texas	M. Flory, Box 632.	Carl Hudson, Box 632.	Labor Hall; 3d Tues.
(m) 1099	Oil City, Pa.	Lloyd M. Books, 9 E. 7th St.	P. J. Burke, 540 Plumer St.	Central Labor Hall; 2d, 4th Mon.
(i) 1101	Anaheim, Calif.	W. Hendrick, Box 274, Brea, Calif.	Arthur Gowdy, 319 S. Claudine	Labor Temple; 2d, 4th Tues.
(i) 1105	Newark, Ohio	Elmer E. Leedy, 437 Cedar Crest Ave.	Chas. Belt, 610 W. Main St.	Trades Assembly Hall, 1st, 3d Fri.
(m) 1106	Wilkes-Barre, Pa.	John Lukish, 444 Miller St., Luzerne, Pa.	Wm. Lynne, 21 Tripp St., Forty Fort, Pa., Kingston P. O.	24 Simon Long Bldg.; 3d Mon.
(rr) 1108	Garrett, Ind.	J. W. Dreher, 401 So. Cawn St.	Edw. Huber, 119 No. Franklin St.	Federation Hall; 3d Friday.
(m) 1110	Livermore Falls, Me.	Frank Scudder, Box 273.	Norman Baraby, Box 285.	Union Hall; 3rd Wed.
(m) 1116	Kingsport, Tenn.	G. B. Walsh, 5 St. Joachim St.	J. D. McCrary, 390 Sullivan St.	I. O. O. F. Hall; 2d, 4th Mon.
(rr) 1119	Quebec, Can.	C. Feltenberger, 214 1/2 W. State.	Alex Gilbert, 130 1/2 Artillery St.	Internat'l Hdqts.; 3rd Mon.
(rr) 1121	Olean, N. Y.	M. L. Hand, P. O. Box, 303.	Chas. W. Rose, 137 No. 15th St.	Federation Hall; 1st, 3rd Fri.
(m) 1122	Lufkin, Texas	I. W. Lohr, 604 E. Murphy Ave.	M. L. Hand, P. O. Box 303.	I. O. O. F. Hall; 2d Sat.
(rr) 1125	Connellsville, Pa.	Ezra L. Sullivan, 305 Harding Ave.	J. I. Balsley, 404 E. Crawford Ave.	City Hall; 1st Thurs.
(rr) 1128	Pen Argyl, Pa.	Herbert Andrews, 722 Wolf St., Easton, Pa.	Herbert Andrews, 722 Wolf St., Easton, Pa.	Republican Club Bldg.; 1st, 3d Tues.
(mt) 1131	Bloomington, Ind.	C. M. Murphy, 702 West 1st St.	C. V. Plitcash, 314 S. Walnut St.	Carpenters' Hall; 1st, 3rd Mon.
(rr) 1134	Cheyenne, Wyo.	Carl Kelly.	Frank Dougherty, Box 953.	Labor Temple; 2d Tues.
(m) 1135	Newport News, Va.	N. C. Crispe, 4645 Wash. Ave.	N. C. Crispe, 4645 Wash. Ave.	Labor Temple; 1st Tues.
(m) 1138	Toronto, Ont., Can.	L. H. Dennis, Box 368.	C. L. Smith, 67 McGill St.	
(to) 1138	Duncan, Okla.	H. Albee, 1610 W. 9th St.	S. D. Pedigo, Box 811.	Security Elec. Shop; Tues.
(m) 1139	Okla. City, Okla.	C. J. Seebach, 2718 Hugo Ave.	W. Thomas, 1418 E. Park St.	Woolworth Bldg.; Thursday.
(i) 1141	Baltimore, Md.	C. B. Clark, P. O. Box 1457.	W. L. Pickens, 530 Mill St.	1223 St. Paul St.; Last Fri.
(m) 1142	El Dorado, Ark.	W. F. Buster.	W. L. Wages, Box 1457.	530 Mill St.; 1st, 3d Tues.
(m) 1143	Birmingham, Ala.	H. S. Capshaw, Gen. Del.	John Hayden.	United Temple; 2d, 4th Thurs.
(i) 1144	Henryetta, Okla.	H. S. Capshaw, Gen. Del.	Walter Kruger, 323 8th Ave., N.	
(m) 1145	Wis. Rapids, Wis.	H. A. Whallor, 299 No. Beverb.	H. S. Capshaw, Gen. Del.	Union Hall; 2d or 3d Wed.
(m) 1147	Mexia, Texas	Paul C. Lyman, 709 Amoroso Place, Venice, Calif.	H. A. Whallor, 299 No. Beverb.	305 East Commerce St.; 2d, 4th Tues.
(m) 1151	Tyler, Texas			Labor Temple; 4th Wed.
(m) 1153	Santa Monica, Calif.			Carpenters' Hall; Every Wed.
(i) 1154				

EVERYDAY MYSTERIES

"This much I do not understand,"
Said Hezekiah Bings,
"I don't know why a friendly hand
Unto another clings
With such a sense of confidence
When things are going wrong,
And makes the universe immense
A realm of smiles and song.

"I don't know why the roses bloom,
Nor why the snowflakes fall;
Nor why the stars dispel the gloom—
And yet I love them all.
And life, though wisdom's way is grand,
Seems sweetest for the things
I cannot hope to understand,"
Said Hezekiah Bings.

Do not lose your head because some one, perhaps a supposed friend, may say something against you. When the excitement has passed over, the victory is yours, because you have been patient. Time is the great healer of all wrongs and unjust acts.



CLASSIFIED DIRECTORY



Alabama.

Birmingham --- 136
Birmingham --- 1144
Florence --- 558
Mobile --- 345
Montgomery --- 443

Arkansas.

Fort Smith --- 346
Hot Springs --- 619
Little Rock --- 295
Little Rock --- 812

Arizona.

Douglas --- 434
Jerome --- 698
Miami --- 467
Tucson --- 570
Tucson --- 934

California.

Anaheim --- 1101
Bakersfield --- 428
Eureka --- 482
Fresno --- 100
Fresno --- 169
Long Beach --- 711
Los Angeles --- 18
Los Angeles --- 40
Los Angeles --- 83
Los Angeles --- 980
Martinez --- 392
Merced --- 651
Modesto --- 684
Monterey --- 1072
Oakland --- 595
Pasadena --- 418
Pasadena --- 560
Riverside --- 440
Sacramento --- 36
Sacramento --- 340
Sacramento --- 938
San Bernardino --- 477
San Bernardino --- 829
San Diego --- 465
San Diego --- 569
San Francisco --- 151
San Francisco --- 6
San Francisco --- 537
San Jose --- 250
San Jose --- 332
San Mateo --- 617
San Rafael --- 614
Santa Barbara --- 413
Santa Cruz --- 528
Santa Monica --- 1154
Santa Rosa --- 594
Sausalito --- 1008
Stockton --- 207
Stockton --- 591
Taft --- 343
Vallejo --- 180
Visalia --- 675

Colorado.

Colorado Springs 113
Denver --- 68
Denver --- 764
Denver --- 111
Greeley --- 521
Pueblo --- 12

Connecticut.

Bridgeport --- 488
Cos Cob --- 1025
Greenwich --- 402
Hartford --- 35
Meriden --- 642
New Britain --- 37
New Haven --- 90
New Haven --- 803
New London --- 590
Norwich --- 225
Waterbury --- 655
Waterbury --- 660

Delaware.

Wilmington --- 313
Wilmington --- 628

District of Columbia.

Washington --- 26
Washington --- 148

Florida.

Jacksonville --- 177
Jacksonville --- 862
Miami --- 349
St. Augustine --- 786
St. Petersburg --- 308
Tampa --- 108
W. Palm Beach --- 323

Georgia.

Atlanta --- 84
Atlanta --- 613
Macon --- 414
Savannah --- 243
Savannah --- 508
Waycross --- 462

Illinois.

Alton --- 649
Aurora --- 461
Bloomington --- 197
Bloomington --- 685
Carlinville --- 974
Centerville --- 490
Champaign --- 601
Champaign --- 827
Chicago --- 9
Chicago --- 134
Chicago --- 182
Chicago --- 214
Chicago --- 381
Chicago --- 713
Chicago --- 779
Chicago --- 793
Chicago --- 794
Chicago --- 795
Chicago --- 797
Chicago --- 798
Chicago --- 885
Chicago --- 1030
Chicago Heights --- 506
Danville --- 74
Danville --- 538
Decatur --- 148
Decatur --- 234
East St. Louis --- 309
Edwardsville --- 703
Elgin --- 117
Galesburg --- 184
Gillespie --- 383
Hinsdale --- 701
Joliet --- 176
Kankakee --- 963
Kewanee --- 94
Kincaid --- 715
La Salle --- 321
Marion --- 728
Monmouth --- 706
Ottawa --- 219
Peoria --- 34
Peoria --- 51
Peoria --- 1015
Quincy --- 67
Rockford --- 196
Rockford --- 384
Rock Island --- 109
Rock Island --- 485
Silvis --- 641
Springfield --- 193
Springfield --- 427
Streator --- 236
Waukegan --- 150

Iowa.

Boone --- 372
Burlington --- 735
Cedar Rapids --- 405
Clinton --- 273
Davenport --- 154
Davenport --- 635
Des Moines --- 55
Des Moines --- 347

Dubuque --- 263
Dubuque --- 704
Fort Dodge --- 114
Ft. Madison --- 976
Grinnell --- 679
Iowa City --- 599
Keokuk --- 420
Marshalltown --- 610
Mason City --- 431
Muscatine --- 240
Oswego --- 809
Oskaloosa --- 199
Ottumwa --- 173
Sioux City --- 47
Sioux City --- 231
Waterloo --- 288

Idaho.

Boise --- 291
Pocatello --- 449
Pocatello --- 1032
St. Anthony --- 1059

Indiana.

Anderson --- 281
Bloomington --- 1181
Connersville --- 201
Crawfordsville --- 89
Elkhart --- 978
Evansville --- 16
Evansville --- 535
Ft. Wayne --- 305
Ft. Wayne --- 608
Ft. Wayne --- 723
Gary --- 186
Gary --- 697
Garrett --- 1108
Indianapolis --- 368
Indianapolis --- 481
Indianapolis --- 784
Kokomo --- 873
Lafayette --- 668
Lafayette --- 863
LaPorte --- 1058
Logansport --- 209
Marion --- 563
Michigan City --- 298
Muncie --- 855
New Albany --- 286
Peru --- 285
Princeton --- 376
Richmond --- 564
South Bend --- 158
South Bend --- 978
Terre Haute --- 473
Terre Haute --- 725
Vincennes --- 947

Kansas.

Coffeyville --- 417
Ft. Scott --- 904
Hutchinson --- 661
Kansas City --- 799
Kansas City --- 847
Manhattan --- 336
Parsons --- 337
Pittsburg --- 324
Salina --- 1054
Topeka --- 238
Topeka --- 511
Topeka --- 841
Wellington --- 1055
Wichita --- 271

Kentucky.

Lexington --- 183
Lexington --- 398
Louisville --- 112
Louisville --- 369
Louisville --- 791
Somerset --- 858

Louisiana.

Baton Rouge --- 995
Haynesville --- 380
Lake Charles --- 931
Monroe --- 446
New Orleans --- 4
New Orleans --- 130

New Orleans --- 823
New Orleans --- 868
New Orleans --- 882
Shreveport --- 194
Shreveport --- 329

Maine.

Augusta --- 374
Livermore Falls --- 1110
Mexico --- 1146
Millinocket --- 471
Portland --- 333
Portland --- 567
Woodland --- 1057

Maryland.

Baltimore --- 27
Baltimore --- 28
Baltimore --- 260
Baltimore --- 865
Baltimore --- 1142
Cumberland --- 807
Cumberland --- 870
Hagerstown --- 758

Massachusetts.

Boston --- 8a
Boston --- 103
Boston --- 104
Boston --- 142
Boston --- 202
Boston --- 396
Boston --- 503
Boston --- 663
Boston --- 717
Boston --- 223
Fall River --- 437
Fitchburg --- 256
Greenfield --- 161
Haverhill --- 470
Holyoke --- 707
Lawrence --- 326
Lawrence --- 522
Lowell --- 588
Lynn --- 377
Lynn --- 622
New Bedford --- 224
Northampton --- 710
Revere --- 962
Salem --- 259
Springfield --- 7
Taunton --- 235
Worcester --- 96
Worcester --- 450

Michigan.

Ann Arbor --- 252
Battle Creek --- 445
Battle Creek --- 1091
Detroit --- 17
Detroit --- 58
Detroit --- 514
Detroit --- 867
Flint --- 948
Grand Rapids --- 75
Grand Rapids --- 107
Grand Rapids --- 801
Jackson --- 206
Jackson --- 1036
Kalamazoo --- 131
Lansing --- 352
Muskegon --- 275
Saginaw --- 476
Surgis --- 1042

Minnesota.

Brainerd --- 234
Duluth --- 31
Hibbing --- 294
International Falls --- 731
Mankato --- 892
Minneapolis --- 292
Minneapolis --- 886
Proctor --- 533
St. Paul --- 110
St. Paul --- 902
Two Harbors --- 921

Mississippi.

Meridian --- 518
Meridian --- 838

Missouri.

Hannibal --- 350
Hannibal --- 487
Joplin --- 95
Kansas City --- 53
Kansas City --- 124
Kansas City --- 162
Kansas City --- 592
Kansas City --- 994
Moberly --- 423
Sedalia --- 268
Sedalia --- 805
Springfield --- 335
Springfield --- 463
St. Joseph --- 695
St. Louis --- 1
St. Louis --- 2
St. Louis --- 253
St. Louis --- 888
St. Louis --- 1005
Trenton --- 832

Montana.

Anaconda --- 200
Bozeman --- 416
Billings --- 532
Butte --- 65
Butte --- 623
Deer Lodge --- 152
Miles City --- 653
Great Falls --- 122
Havre --- 393
Helena --- 185
Lewistown --- 552
Livingston --- 341
Missoula --- 408

Nebraska.

Havelock --- 814
Lincoln --- 166
Lincoln --- 265
Omaha --- 22
Omaha --- 205
Omaha --- 763

Nevada.

McGill --- 571
Reno --- 401
Tonopah --- 361

New Jersey.

Asbury Park --- 400
Atlantic City --- 210
Atlantic City --- 211
Camden --- 720
Dover --- 13
Elizabeth --- 675
Hackensack --- 578
Gloucester --- 452
Hoboken --- 834
Jersey City --- 15
Jersey City --- 164
Jersey City --- 752
Morristown --- 581
Newark --- 52
Newark --- 233
New Brunswick --- 456
Paterson --- 102
Perth Amboy --- 358
Plainfield --- 262
Trenton --- 29
Trenton --- 217
Trenton --- 269

New Hampshire.

Berlin --- 296
Manchester --- 719
Manchester --- 1031

If the unions had no members, no funds, never went on strike, did nothing and were nothing, the great "American plan" would become a glorious reality.

BLAKE COMPRESSED CLEATS

EXACT
SIZE



Patented
July 17, 1906

CLEATS PUT UP 100 IN A PACKAGE

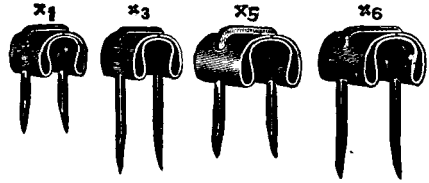
For all Interior Low Voltage Wiring
where Blake Insulated Staples cannot
be driven.

BLAKE SIGNAL & MFG. CO.

BLAKE INSULATED STAPLES

4 SIZES

Pat. Nov. 27, 1900



For Twisted Pair and Single Wires
No. 1 for Hard Wood No. 3 for General Use
For Twisted 3-Wire and Extra Heavy Pair Wire
No. 5 for Hard Wood No. 6 for General Use

BOSTON, MASS.

NO BETTER WAY TO HELP LABOR



Than to Buy Union Made Products.

Buy shoes containing this stamp,
which means they are made under
the Best of Labor Conditions.

All Genuine Union Stamp Shoes
have the Label shown above.

BOOT AND SHOE WORKERS UNION

246 Summer Street, Boston, Mass.

COLLIS LOVELY, President

CHARLES L. BAINE, Secretary-Treasurer

"OUR FIXTURES ARE LIGHTING HOMES FROM COAST TO COAST"

*Our New No. 24 Catalogue
Shows Many New
Designs*

*Our Revised Prices Will
Appeal to You*



*Our Dealer Proposition
Will Net You a
Good Profit*

*Wired Ready to Hang Cuts
Your Overhead*

ERIE FIXTURE SUPPLY CO.

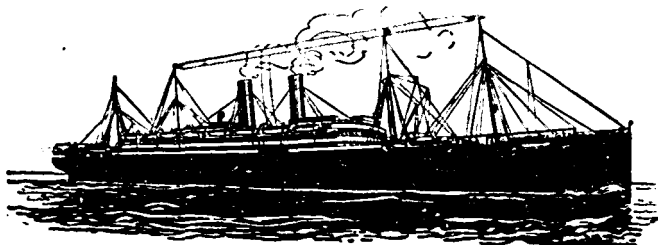
New Plant, E. 10th and P. R. R.

Erie, Pa.

A N N O U N C E M E N T

THE GREAT NORTHERN STEAMSHIP CO., Inc.

BOSTON, MASS.



Announces that Arrangements are Now Being Made for Monthly

\$110 ROUND TRIPS TO EUROPE

BOSTON—SOUTHAMPTON

\$110

ONE WAY \$65

Connecting for
London, Liverpool, LeHavre

BOSTON—GOTHENBURG

\$138

ONE WAY \$75

Connecting for
Christiania, Stockholm, Helsingfors, Danzig,
Riga, Copenhagen

THE ABOVE PRICES INCLUDE RAILROAD FARES TO POINTS AS FAR NORTH AS STOCKHOLM

The Company plans to carry approximately two thousand passengers monthly. Make your plans now for a trip during the coming season.

**Lives of passengers will be protected by
EVER-WARM SAFETY-SUITS**

which prevent drowning and protect from exposure

A round trip, with all expenses on ship-board included, at no more expense than a vacation right here at home! To meet the ever increasing demand in this country for an inexpensive and at the same time thoroughly comfortable and enjoyable trans-Atlantic voyage, is the prime object of the Great Northern Steamship Company. Organized by progressive business men who realize the exceptional opportunity offered now for inexpensive travel in Europe, the Company will cater to the thousands of

intelligent persons who wish to visit the battlefields of France, the Shakespeare country, Scandinavia, the Land of the Midnight Sun, etc. A chance of a lifetime! So it would seem; but it is more than that. The company is building for a permanent business, setting a new standard of high-class ocean travel on a one-class basis. That this can be done at a fair margin of profit has already been proved and is further outlined in our prospectus. You'll find it extremely interesting.

**WE WILL ALSO SHOW YOU HOW YOU MAY BECOME A PART-OWNER
IN THE MOST TALKED-OF ENTERPRISE IN YEARS**

Cut out and mail us with your name and address

A. Wikstrom,
Information Dep't.,
Edmunds Bldg., Suite 54,
Boston, Mass.

I am interested in securing full information regarding a trip to:

(Mark with a cross)	One way	Round trip
England	-----	-----
France	-----	-----
Germany	-----	-----
Sweden	-----	-----
Norway	-----	-----
Denmark	-----	-----
Baltic Provinces	-----	-----
Finland	-----	-----
Russia	-----	-----

Name -----

Street or R.f.d.-----

City or Town-----

State -----

A. Wikstrom,
Information Dep't.,
Edmunds Bldg., Suite 54
Boston, Mass.

I am interested in becoming part-owner in the Great Northern Steamship Company.

Please send me prospectus and full particulars.

Name -----

Street or R.f.d.-----

City or Town-----

State -----